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Free trade in North America

Who wins and who loses and how it will work



Britain's EC presidency

Weak leader or scapegoat for general indecision?

US treasury auctions

After Salomon, still waiting for reform

Page 11

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday August 13 1992

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

UK government close to dropping balanced budget

The UK government is close to dropping its commitment to balance the national budget in favour of less ambitions targets for fiscal deficits envisaged in the Maastricht accord on European monetary union. Ministers accept that it will be impossible to eliminate the large and rising public sector deficit before the general election . due by 1997. Page 10 and Lex

Baker move expecteds US secretary of state-James Baker is widely expected to announce within the next 2s hours that he will take control of President George Bush's re-election campaign.

Perrier springs surprise: Nestle, whose takeover of French mineral water producer Perrier was agreed by the European Commission last month, has discovered that Perrier does not own at least one of the eight springs Nestlé told the EC it would sell to create a third force in the market. Page 11.

FT-SE index at lowest for 18 months FF-SE 100 index market fell again, taking

the FT-SE 100 index of the UK's most highly valued companies down a further 6.5 to 2,303.1, its lowest since February last year. The index has fallen for seven con tive trading days, the longest fall since it was established in 1984. Londen stocks year. The index has fallen for seven consecutive trading days, the longest fall since it 1984. London stocks Page 19; World stocks, Back Page, Section II

US denies long build up The IIS denied reports from an fraqi opposition group that President Saddam Hüssein was massing troops on the border with Kuwait. Page 4

Funding for Jaguars Ford Motor of the US has injected £135m (£258m) in equity capital into Jaguar as part of a financial restructuring of its troubled UK baxury car subsidiary. Page 15

Boost for Boots' drug: British retail and healthcare group Boots received its first licence from the UK — for its cardiovascular drug Manoplax. The drug's success is vital for the credibility of Bucks pharmaceuticals research. Page 11; Lex. Page 40

Warning on Israell deal: A US agreement on \$10bn in loan guaranties for Israel brought warnings that it could endanger the Middle East peace process. Page 10

Sickness doubles: Absence from work through last year, nearly double the figure of a decade age, according to a report for the Department of Social Security.

Deficit grows: Germany's long-term capital account deficit increased almost eight-fold in June because of a surge in demand for foreign securities, the Bundesbank said. Net capital exports during the month of DM6.7bn (\$4.5bn) compared with a net inflow of DM1.9bn in May. Page 2

Lee Ming Tee flagship faces probe: The Hong Kong government is to inspect Allied Group, flagship of Lee Ming Tee's property-based empire, following advice from the colony's corporate watchdog. Page 11

Creditors cause delay: Restructuring of Nippon Housing Loan, Japan's largest home-loan company, which faces mounting problem loans, has been stalled by squabbles among its main creditors. Page 13

'Mad cow' disease in Denmark: Danish agriculture minister Laurits Toernaes said beef exports could be hurt following diagnosis of the country's first case of bovine spongiform encephalo-pathy, or "mad cow" disease. Beef exports last year were worth \$530m.

Cash for bank: Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Finland's largest commercial bank, said it would take a FM 1.7bn (\$422m) injection from the Finnish government to strengthen its capital base. The group's half-year results are due next month

and are expected to show a continuing loss. Page 11 Round trip: United Airlines of the US will launch the only daily round-the-world scheduled air service in February. The 40-hour journey will stop at London, New Delhi, Hong Kong, San Francisco, Los Angeles and New York and and cost up to \$4,159. The westbound route will take seven hours longer because of headwinds.

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FINANCIAL TIMES © FT No 31.835 Week No 33 Φ

N American free trade deal opens up 'new era'

mian Fraser in Mexico City and Bernard Simon in Toronto

THE US. Canada and Mexico yesterday agreed to form what will be one of the world's two largest free trade zones with 360m consumers and an economy that produces goods and services

worth more than \$6,000hn a year.

President George Bush hailed the pact as the beginning of "a new era" on the North American continent. He described the agreement as part of his "long-term economic growth plan" and said booming trade with Mexico had already created 600,000 American jobs. Thousands more would come from new investment in all three countries, he said.

If it is approved by the legislatures of all three countries, the North American Free Trade Agreement will create a huge trading bloc, phasing out duties over 15 years, sweeping away trade restrictions and restructuring whole industries.

It is an unprecedented mixed marriage - linking two industrialised powers with a third world nation. It will join the capital, technology and creativity of the US and Canada with the cheap labour and resources of Mexico. The pact took 14 months of talks between the three coun-

tries, ending in 10 days of intense negotiations in Washington as Mrs Carla Hills, the US trade representative, pressed for completion in time for the Republican convention next Weeks of work remain to settle the legal text before it can go to the US Congress for ratification. The pact will be opposed in congress, which has insisted on protection for jobs and the envi-

ronment. Thousands of American workers are expected to lose their jobs when companies move south of the Mexico-US border. Estimates range from 150,000 to - most will be high-wage 550,000 factory jobs.

Momentum towards a Nafta has been driven by worries over deadlock in the Uruguay Round of talks on world trade liberalisation, and over the emergence of a "Fortress Europe".

The creation of the Single

European Market in January next year, the plans to widen the EC to encompass the Efta countries into a European Economic Area, and growing economic links between the EC and emergent eastern European economies, have all focussed US attention on the need for an American

As Mrs Hills said yesterday, the Nafta is "chock-full of firsts". For the first time, Mexico will open its market to US cars, light

counterweight.

■ Mexican needs create job-making pact Trade set to inch up

US political agenda

■ Editorial Comment From Yukon to Yucatan

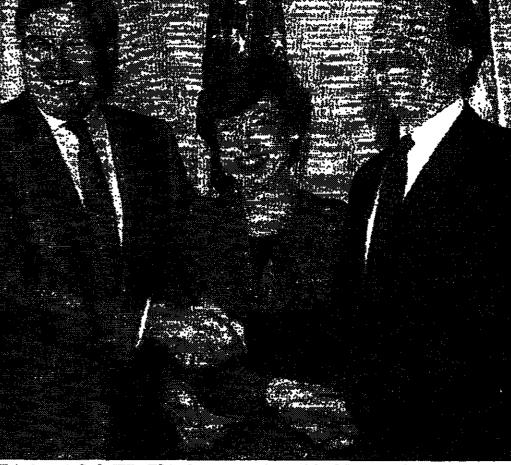
trucks and motor vehicle parts. After 15 years, the agreement will guarantee total market access in agriculture. It is the first international trade agreement to eliminate quotas on textiles among its parties.
It is the first to create free

trade in services - opening Mexico's \$6bn telecommunications market and a \$3.5bn insurance market. President Carlos Salinas de

Gortari of Mexico gave a vigorous defence of Nafta yesterday in a televised speech, describing it as employment and better pay for the Mexicans" but warning "that the benefits will not arrive imme-

The Nafta is the most obvious indication of the radical change in Mexico's economic and foreign policy in the past five years, mak-ing reversal of the current policies difficult. Once deeply suspicious of both the US and free trade, Mexico is now embracing both through the agreement. Mr Salinas said the treaty would make Mexico one of the centres of the world economy.

Mr Brian Mulroney, Canada's prime minister, is expected to seek parliamentary approval for the accord later this year.



Historic pact: Carla Hills, US trade representative, Michael Wilson (left) and Jaime Serra Puche, the Canadian and Mexican trade ministers, celebrate the end of lengthy talks

German cabinet approves curbs on health spending

By Christopher Parkes in Bonn

THE GERMAN cabinet yesterday shrugged off widespread opposition to its planned bealth reforms and approved measures which could save the state-subsidised system more than DM11bn

(\$7.48bn) a year. Coalition leaders approved the kage put forward by Mr Horst Seehofer, the health minister, in spite of strike threats by doctors and dentists, a pledge from the Social Democrat opposition to use its blocking majority in the Bundesrat, and fears of constitutional complications.

The plan, which roused a storm of protest when first aired in June, will be given its first reading in the Bundestag on Septem-

It includes proposals for increased charges for patients totalling DM3.2bn a year. Economies on drugs, doctors' and dentists' fees and hospital charges are worth a further DM8.2bn. Defending his scheme yesterday, Mr Seehofer said payments

were increasing at double the rate of contributions.

Bonn, which is also committed

to a freeze on public spending

until 1995, is expected to have to subsidise health care by more than DM10bn this year, compared with DM5.5bn in 1991. The federal government has shied away from increasing employee contributions because

reducing take-home pay would lead to union demands for higher wages to compensate for the loss, and thus to further inflationary

The package was "a bitter pill", Mr Seehofer said, but the alternative of increased insurance contributions was "politically wrong, economically dangerous and

socially unjust" An offer to use part of the

from health insurance funds savings to employ 13,000 more were increasing at double the nurses cut no ice with his political and professional opponents. The Social Democrat opposition

threatened to deploy its blocking

majority in the Bundesrat, or

upper house, to bar increases in patient contributions and structural changes proposed in the minister's package.

of the federal doctors' association, said he could not exclude the possibility of strikes in protest at the changes. Dentists have already threatened action.

The reforms may also run into constitutional objections. Some government ministers suggested that plans to limit the number of doctors operating within the state-subsidised system might be

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

£12,500,000 (including working capital)

Management Buy-Out

Eight Engineering & Automotive Businesses

from

Mosaic Investments PLC

including

Continued on Page 10

Calls for Bosnia to come under UN protection

By Judy Dempsey in London, Laura Silber in Belgrade and Michael Littlejohns in New York

CROAT and Serb leaders yesterday called for Bosnia-Hercegovina to be made a United Nations protectorate, challenging the republic's right to exist

as an independent state. The proposal, made by Croatian president Franjo Tudiman. and supported by Mr Radovan Karadzic, head of Bosnia's Serbs, confirms persistent reports that Croat and Serb leaders, despite their own mutual hostility, are

conspiring to carve up Bosnia. "Croatia and Serbla want to take away all power from the legitimate government of Bosnia so as to divide the republic among each other," a western diplomat said.

Bosnia's Serbs, backed by the former Yugoslav federal army, control more than 70 per cent of Bosnian territory, while Croatia now controls a swathe of territory in Hercegovina, in the west of the former Yugoslav republic. A resolution authorising "all measures necessary" to deliver humanitarian aid to Sarajevo and "other parts of Bosnia-Hercegovina" - UN shorthand for potential use of force - is expected to be passed today by a substantial majority in the Security Council. Last night Russia joined the US, Britain, France and Belgium in sponsoring the resolution. China is likely to

A second resolution, under the same sponsorship, would have the Security Council strongly condemning the practice of "ethnic cleansing", in which tens of thousands of Moslems have been forced out of the republic.

UN diplomats in New York said they would continue to oppose attempts by Croatia and Serbia to divide Bosnia – populated by Moslems, Serbs and Croats - into ethnically-based cantons

But they conceded that the Serb policy of "ethnic cleanswould make it easier for Croatia and Serbia to annex

> Continued on Page 10 Serb forces switch prisoners: Refugee crisis, Page 2

UN will deploy 500 guards to aid Somalia relief effort

By Julian Ozanne in Nairobi

THE United Nations yesterday signed a breakthrough agreement with warlords in Somalia for 500 armed UN guards to be deployed within 21 days in the warshattered capital, Mogadishu,

The Blue Berets' mission will be to help protect food distribution to millions of starving people in Somalia, where some 3.000 to 5,000 people are dying each week, according to Mr David Andrews, the visiting Irish foreign

The agreement, signed after months of tense discussion with the factions in Somalia's 20month civil war, removes the final obstacle to a massive relief effort in the famine-plagued

Troops from Pakistan, Indonesia, Egypt and Canada, already on standby, could be sent to Somalia before the end of the month once the UN Security Council gives the final go-ahead. The military force will ensure security for food distribution, which has been hampered by banditry, looting and hijacking of food convoys by gunmen. The agreement was signed yes-

terday at Bardere, 200 miles west of Mogadishu, by Mr Mohamed Sahnoun, the UN Secretary-General's special representative in Somalia, and General Mohamed Farrar Aideed, leader of the Somali National Alliance, a loose coalition of four clan-based fac-

The agreement provides for the 500 troops to secure Mogadishu airport and harbour and to guard the transport of food to warehouses and distribution points within the city. There is as yet no agreement for the UN guards to escort food convoys outside Mogadishu.

Mr Sahnoun, who flew into Nairobi from Bardere yesterday, said deployment of the troops "should not take more than two to three weeks maximum and I hope it will take less than that." He stressed that the UN mission would be purely humanitarian. We cannot, as the UN, ensure law and order all over Somalia. To do that we would need thousands of troops," he said. Gen Aideed has previously

been nervous that the presence of

foreign troops would under-

Mahdi Mohamed, observers say. Mr Sahnoun appealed yesterday for massively increased aid and said UN agencies and non-governmental organisations such as the Red Cross were so far only sending a quarter of the minimum monthly food needs. "Let us organise a couple of airlift operations as we did for Ethiopia in the 1984-85 famine," he said.

Yesterday both Mr Sahnoun and Mr Andrews paid tribute to the efforts of non-governmental organisations and made veiled criticism of the World Food Pro-gramme and other UN agencies for continuing to hide behind the danger factor and not act fast

enough to deliver food.

Mr Andrews said the devasta tion and dying he saw in Somalia was appalling. "It was like as if somebody dropped an atom bomb, the end of the world, a land that God has forgotten," he

The minister said he would meet Mr Douglas Hurd, the British foreign minister, today and press on him the need to double European Community food aid to the country. He said 500 UN guards was not enough but it was a beginning.

mine his military advantage over rival warlord, Mr Ali CONTENTS Foreign Excha. Gold Markets. Managed Funds 22-26

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MIDLESON MENTALLY VENTERES LIMITED, A MEMBER OF DERI

By Christopher Parkes

GERMANY'S long-term capital account deficit increased almost eight-fold in June because of a surge in demand for foreign securities, the Bundesbank said yesterday. The swing resulted in net capital exports during the month of DM6.7bn (£2.37bn) compared with a net inflow of DM1.9bn

in May. Some observers suggested the rise in the long-term deficit to DM7.43bn from DM933m in May - was caused by investors shifting funds abroad to escape a 30 per cent tax on investment income, to be introduced next January.

But others pointed out that the surge, of which DM4.2hn went into D-Mark-denominated bonds issued by foreign banks, coincided with an increase in such issues. They noted that the June deficit a year earlier was DM10.29hn

Total long-term capital outflows for the first six months of the year were only DM27bn, compared with DM40bn in the

comparable part of 1991. Clearer indications of the impact of Germany's new with-holding tax, which was widely expected although only approved in July, should appear over the next few

However, the government is clearly anxious about the pos-sibility of accelerating capital flight to countries with no or less rigorous taxes on investment earnings. Mr Theo Waigel, finance minister, appealed recently to the European Commission to prepare proposals

Bonn introduced its new rules reluctantly after a ruling from the constitutional court which demanded that all income should be taxed on the

Provisional figures issued by the independent central bank yesterday showed Germany's overall capital account surplus in June shrank to DM4.99bn from DM8.75bn in May, and compared with a deficit of DM613m in June last year.

Government is anxious about possibility of sharper outflow

The May surplus was corrected from a provisional DM6.3bn because of a heavy revision of the short-term bal-

• Chancellor Helmut Kohl said yesterday he was sure economic growth next year would exceed 3 per cent after a 2 per cent increase in gross national product in 1992.

Meanwhile, the federal statistics office confirmed the slowdown in west German inflation. Consumer prices in July were 3.3 per cent higher than a year earlier. The consumer price index stood at 115.2 (1985

However, the cost of services, which have been hit by relatively high wage awards, is still increasing above the average rate. Motor repairs were 8 per cent dearer than a year ago. Bread, beer and rents were up by about 5 per cent.

Bundesbank stands by inflation policy

By David Waller in Frankfurt

THE Bundesbank's vigorous anti-inflation policy is in the best interests of the German economy and will contribute directly to the hoped-for economic upswing in the country's east, according to a member of the German central bank's policy-making director-

Responding to criticisms from Mr Franz Steinkühler, head of the IG Metall trade union earlier this week. Mr Johann Wilhelm Gaddum said in Frankfurt that the Bundesbank's stability-orientated monetary policy was far from being hostile to jobs and

On the contrary, he argued, stable prices could only help to promote a "crisis-proof economic recovery" in the eastern part of Germany. If the policy were relaxed, those on normal incomes or living on savings would suffer most Gaddum said.

His comments follow Mr Steinkühler's denunciation of the Bundesbank's "unrestrained power" and "extensive and excessive" attention to inflation. Mr Steinkühler said high interest rates, while aimed at reducing the growth in money supply, often had the effect of hitting companies' solvency and ability to invest and were retarding recovery in the eastern part of Germany.

Industrial building orders fall in west

By Our Bonn Correspondent

west German construction industry this week reported its first fall in new orders since March last year. A 13 per cent slump in contracts for commercial and industrial building during May "could indicate possible economic weakening," said Ms Irmgard Schwaetzer, construc-

An overall drop in construction orders of 0.4 per cent during the month contrasted with a 4.7 per cent increase in the While industrial orders nosedived in May, house builders

first five months of the year. reported a more comforting 4.3 per cent rise in demand and civil engineers claimed an 8 per cent increase, according to

a ministry review. According to a separate study from the HDB industry association, total May orders fell a real 0.9 per cent - the

March 1991.

The figures underline the loss of confidence throughout west German industry, most of which is still waiting for the forecast upturn in foreign demand. Unemployment among western construction workers is now around 9 per cent, compared with 6 per cent

first year-on-year decline since

Meanwhile, the building boom in the east continues. Total construction orders were up 77 per cent in May compared with a year earlier. The increase has slowed since the 89 per cent rise in March.



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Serb forces switch prisoners to beat **Red Cross checks**

By Frances Williams

BOSNIAN Serb forces are moving prisoners out of camps in Bosnia-Hercegovina ahead of impending visits by the International Committee of the Red Cross, in a bid to give the impression of better conditions, a senior US official said

Mr John Bolton, assistant Secretary of State for Interna-tional Organisation Affairs, said in Geneva that it was essential to ensure the ICRC had immediate and unimpeded access to detention camps before transfers of prisoners

became more widespread. Earlier this week, following an international outcry over conditions in the camps, the Bosnian Serb leadership said it would open more detention centres for ICRC inspection. Mr Bolton said the US had

press reports, that "Bosnian Serb forces have been moving prisoners in an effort to decrease crowding and improve the appearance of camps which may be visited by the ICRC". It was important that the ICRC saw the actual conditions in the camps, including those held by other parties in the conflict.

Mr Bolton was in Geneva for an exceptional two-day session of the UN Human Rights Commission on human rights abuses in ex-Yugoslavia, which begins today.

A US-drafted resolution to be

put to the Commission includes a demand for the ICRC to be granted "immediate, unimpeded and continued access to all camps, prisons and other places of detention" in the former Yugoslavia.

The resolution also calls for appointment of a special rap-

"indications", independent of porteur to investigate human rights violations in the region and report back, with recommendations, to the Human Rights Commission and the Security Council by August 28 Mr Bolton said it was essential to have an objective, unbiased, multilateral investigation to sift allegations made by all sides and to make the facts public. The ICRC, by contrast, works behind the scenes to help conflict victims and prevent human rights abuses where it can.

Based on the rapporteur's report, the US would be willing, in the Human Rights Commission and elsewhere in the UN, "to consider additional steps", Mr Bolton said. This could include the stationing of human rights monitors on the territory of the former Yugoslavia, as proposed by Mr Max

Refugee gaffe places UK presidency under fire

By Our Foreign Staff

ROW over Britain's deportation of some refugees fleeing from the former Yugoslavia seem likely to add to irritation in other European capitals about UK policies during its EC presidency.

Britain's Foreign Office yesterday admitted embarrassment over action by the Home Office, which handles immigration policy, to send back to other European countries this year 36 Yugoslavs seeking asyium in the UK.

The United Nations High Commission for Refugees called on Britain yesterday to

stop the deportations. British diplomats are worried that apparent insensitivity over Yugoslav refugees may hamper the UK's ability to give a lead in other EC policy areas. There is particular concern about adding to resentment in Germany - which is playing host to 200,000 refugees - about an unequal sharing of the burdens caused by the Yugoslav war. This is "a very sore issue for them [the Germans]," one UK official said yesterday. Baroness Chalker, the UK overseas development minister, yesterday met Mr Charles Wardle, the Home Office minister, to point out the diplomatic repercussions of the deporta-

exchange of words with the Home Office." Mr Wardle did his best to play down the affair, pointing out that 2,000 Yugoslav applications for refugee status were under consideration.

tions. One UK official said

there had been "a fairly brisk

The EC is stepping up efforts to make sure that the embargo on trade with Serbia and Montenegro is tightly enforced, Andrew Hills reports from

The Commission yesterday labled a plan to ensure that EC exports to other former Yugoslav republics reach their destinations and are not diverted to the two republics ender embargo.

Under the plan EC exports to ex-Yugoslav republics will be subject to a triple control. Exporters will not receive the usual export licence, unless they have an import licence and a commitment from the local authorities to check that the goods are delivered. If they cannot provide proof of delivery then new export licences will not be granted. It is hoped the rules will come into force on Monday.

Only applicants who had spent a considerable period of time in another country before coming to Britain would be removed, he said.

The Home Office added that, of the 36 deportations this year, only eight had taken place in July, instead of the 36 first reported.

Austria and Hungary, the two countries most affected by refugees, yesterday intensified their calls for European solidarity. "We want an equitable share of this problem. Hungary is already overstretched," the foreign ministry in Budapest

"All European countries must take their share of the refugees." an Austrian foreign ministry official said, expressing surprise at Britain's treatment of refugees.

Signs of general vexation over Britain's handling of the EC presidency have appeared above all in the German press. Recent articles have complained about UK determination to give priority to British

Bonn, however, has distanced itself from the criticisms. France, which has also come under fire from Germany for its relative inactivity over Yugoslav refugees, has not joined in any noticable anti-British sniping.

Members of the European parliament were fiercely critical of the British presidency at their meeting on the Yugoslav crisis on Monday, asking if the British government was up to the task it had been set.

But British diplomats point always have difficulty in reconciling the conflicting demands of presidential impartiality and national interest.

One senior British diplomat pointed out yesterday that the presidency's ability to change the course of Community affairs was limited: "A presidency can move the boat within the stream, and in that case it has some influence over the direction of the boat. But if it goes out of the mainstream. as the Dutch did this time last year [with unpopular proposals on political union], then it runs aground. I don't think we've run aground."

Swiss negotiators confident IMF board seat within reach

By lan Rodger in Zurich

SWISS finance ministry officials remain optimistic about completing the formation of a group within the next few days that would be large enough to claim a seat on the board of the International Monetary Fund.

The ministry had hoped to complete negotiations with potential partners by the end of last month, but was unsuccessful. The group must be formed before the next meeting of the IMF rules committee. expected to take place during to have a chance of claiming a Soviet republic joining its seat this year.

Switzerland applied to join the IMF and World Bank last May after a national referendum approved the move. The country's eagerness to gain a seat on the board has irked some other members who fear being displaced. Also, the US has strongly opposed increasing the number of seats to accommodate the Swiss.

The Swiss finance ministry this week denied claims in the Swiss media that it had offered to pay the SFr54.8m (£21.7m) IMF subscription fee of Tajikithe last week in August, if it is stan in return for the former group. It said no secret pay-ments would be offered.

The ministry confirmed that Switzerland was among a number of western countries that had been asked to give or lend money to help former Soviet republics pay their dues to the World Bank. Switzerland was currently considering lending between SFr800,000 and SFrL5m to those countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States which wished to be members of the Swiss group. Turkey and Poland are

among other countries Switzerland is said to be courting.

Dockers clash with police at Dunkirk

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

FRANCE'S dock dispute yesterday took a violent turn with a demonstration outside a Dunkirk court where five dock workers were being tried for criminal damage. Police accused militant dockers of intimidating fellow employees. Hundreds of dock workers gathered outside the court and clashed with police when news broke of the five being charged with causing damage to port property in connection with incidents at the weekend.

The demonstrators cheered when two dock workers were set free after being questioned

by the police. Yesterday's demonstration came after months of unrest at Dunkirk and other French ports where dockers have been protesting against new legislation which cuts jobs and changes employment conditions radically. The laws are intended to modernise the labour system by phasing out the union-run practice of hir-

• French unemployment continued to rise during the second quarter with sharp increases in lay-offs in the building and industrial sectors.

ing dockers on a casual basis

by making them salaried

Boat engines face EC probe

THE European Commission is to look again at imposing duties to prevent "dumping" of cheap Japanese outboard motors in the EC, reports Andrew Hill from Brussels.

European manufacturers fearthe price of Japanese imports is bound to drop once existing anti-dumping measures expire as announced by Brussels at the end of last

Despite the original protection, Japan's share of the EC market for outboard motors has risen from 35 per cent to 42 per cent between 1988 and 1991, while the EC share has dropped from 28 per cent to 21



Gaidar: under attack

Pressure mounts in Russia for change of course

By Leyla Boulton in Moscow

A GROUP of arch-conservative managers of large Russian enterprises are expected to call today for a reversal of government economic policies at a time when opponents of Mr Yegor Gaidar, the acting prime minister, are setting a date for his removal.

The Industrial Union, a parliamen-tary faction headed by Mr Yuri Gekht. who has long opposed the government's radical reforms, has invited 2,000 plant managers to Moscow to endorse an alternative reform agenda and demand a new government.

Claiming the present cabinet's policies will bankrupt "most enterprises". they want more support for heavy industry and state farming, more credits from the central bank, wage increases, price controls and the maintenance of a 10-year ban on the resale of farm land.

Mr Arkady Volsky, head of the big-

Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, leader of Georgia and former Soviet foreign minister, yesterday signalled his intention to use force against rebels holding his interior minister hostage, reports John Lloyd from

of an offer of reconciliation - rejected on Tuesday - and is prompted by the increasing impatience of the Georgian military and security forces with Mr Shevardnadze's previous

The move comes after the collapse

efforts to avoid using violence preneurs, who also has political ambitions, may speak at the meeting even

though he considers his organisation

to be more progressive than Mr Gekht's. Significantly, a spokesman for President Boris Yeltsin went out of his way yesterday to stress that the Russian leader would not attend. ger Union of industrialists and Entre- as if to distance his boss from this

against the supporters of former President Zviad Gamsakhurdia. Mr Roman Zventsadze, the interior minister, was captured in the city of Zugdldi - a stronghold of the Gam-

sakhurdia supporters - together with an aide of Mr Shevardnadze and other officials. In a midnight address to the

nation, Mr Shevardnadze, known for his emotive language when foreign minister, said "I think that right now the question of 'to be or not to be', whether good or evil will win out,

particular industrial lobby. Mr Yeltsin, on boliday, has given no hint he plans further cabinet changes, but he is under increasing pressure to abandon radical reforms. He also feels let down by the west which has so far delivered less assistance for his

reforms than he had expected when he launched them. An assistant to Mr Alexander Rut-

will be resolved. I will work with you (the people) and fight to overcome the forces of evil." He claimed to have "falled" in

underestimating the capacity for malice of the rebels - and disclosed that he had offered to resign as head of the ruling State Council - an offer refused by his colleagues.

A botched coup attempt by the

rebels involving the capture of the main TV station was put down last month when troops stormed the building.

skoi, the vice-president, who believes a new government is needed, predicted yesterday there would be a change of cabinet on September 20. when Mr Yeltsin returns from a trip

to Japan and parliament reconvenes.

worker turned politician, also plans to present the government with an ultimatum in mid-September to either resign or change course.

• The Russian government has drawn up contingency plans for electric power cuts for the 12 months beginning October 1, Itar Tass news agency said yesterday, Reuter reports from Moscow.

Tass said the plan envisaged possihie cuts of up to 25 per cent of overail daily consumption. Cuts could also reach 20 per cent af times of peak

"This has been done to ensure the stable work of power systems if critical shortages of electricity arise," it said, quoting the deputy chairman of

the electric power committee. The report gave no explanation of why power cuts may be needed. But The Civic Union a centrist group general chaos in the Russian econing of three opposition parties headed only, shortfalls in energy production respectively by Mr Rutskot, Mr Vol. and cubbacks in nuclear power development have all taken their toll.

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Mexican needs create a job-making pact

By David Dodwell, World Trade Editor



THE SEEDS of yesterday's Nafta sown at the end

after a disappointing tour aimed at raising foreign investment. He had won praise for economic reforms he had initiated, but won

few pledges of investment. His first overtures to US President George Bush on a Nafta came just days after flying back to Mexico City. Nafta's origins are important to recall, as European and Asian trading partners wring their hands over

of 1989 as Mexican President Carlos Salinas de Gortari travelled from Europe Jempty-handed

agreement to lock in the Mexican economic reforms of the past sever years. More important, he wanted the agreement to act as a magnet for urgently-needed foreign investment not just from the US, but also from Europe and Asia. Already, these aims have borne fruit. In the first half of 1992, foreign

"Fortress America" in a world increasingly divided by trade blocs.

While there are worrying protection-

ist elements to the agreement -

most conspicuously in cars, textiles

and sugar - it would be wrong to conclude yet that it pushes the US

wn a slippery slope towards pro-

President Salinas's aims could not

have been further from those of pro-

tectionism. He aimed to use the

investors brought \$5.52bn into Mexico - an increase of 3.8 per cent over the first half of 1991.

Mexico, double the 1990 level, according to the Mexican trade ministry. The US is the leading foreign investor, accounting for over 60 per cent. Britain ranks second, with a 6.5 per cent share, and Germany follows with 5.8 per cent. Canada ranks

of increasing Japanese success in the US; he sought to boost US exports. Nafta could be seen as a first step to a wider trading region encompassing all the Americas. Business leaders in the US - particularly those in the politically

Nafta could be seen as a first step to a wider trading region encompassing all the Americas

When Mr Salinas took office in December 1988, he set a goal of \$24bn in foreign investment for his six-year administration. By late June, just over halfway through his term, \$23.31bn or 97 per cent of the target had been met President Bush's agenda has

always been more complex. He

sought security in Central and South

states, such as California and Texas, which border Mexico - have been enthusiastic supporters of a deal: The North American Free Trade Agreement is a match made in heaven," said Arizona's Republican Congressman Jim Kolbe. But the northern car-making

Projected effects of Nafta

important western and southern

states of Michigan and Ohio, and the

strong reservations. Both fear jobs will be lost to Mexico as companies relocate south of the border. They fear Mexico will be used as a springboard for cheap Asian imports to the US. Mr Bush's advisers have told him the deal will generate more jobs than it will lose, and that there will be significant gains in exports to Mexico. A study by the Institute for International Economics in Washington predicted a net gain of 130,000 jobs for the US by 1995, and of more than 600,000 for Mexico. Exports

would be boosted by \$16.7bn. These figures, plus polls indicating the agreement will be a vote-winner in the US presidential election in November, underpinned the intensive spurt of negotiations during the past two weeks. They give Mrs Carla Hills, US Trade Representative, an important role in Mr Bush's re-

agreement, but it would be wrong to conclude that its aims are over ridingly protectionist - even though it panders to powerful domestic industrial lobbles. Only 42 per cent of total US, Canadian and Mexican exports stay within the proposed Nafta, and only 28 per cent of US exports went to Mexico and Canada in 1991 – proportions likely to change only slowly once the agree-ment comes into force in 1994.

US officials have argued consistently that successful completion of a Nafta could not be seen as a substi-tute for the wider objective that still eludes Mr Bush - successful completion of the Uruguay Round of talks on world trade liberalisation. Indeed, they have argued that a Uruguay Round agreement will underoin the Nafta.

to rest of the world

Exports (\$5n) Imports (\$5n)

Exports (\$bn) Imports (\$bn)

Population (mn) 252.7

. 7:7

(12.0)

609.0

1995

\$20.8bn

\$5.0bn

\$1.5bm

panies to sell gas directly to Mexican industrial companies,

under the supervision of

The accord abides by

Mexico's nationalist constitu-

victory by President Carlos Salinas de Gortari of Mexico

tion and so will be hailed as a

to rest of the world

Exports (\$0n) imparts (\$0n) GDP (\$0n) Population (mn)

Trade effects by 1995 (Sbn)

Flest of world exports to Mexico

Net change in US trade balance

Net change in Mexico trade balance

ment effects ('000s)

US exports to Mexico

Net US job gains

\$8,3bn

\$1.6bn

\$0.7bn

World warv of **Fortress America syndrome**

By David Dodwell, World Trade Edito

MENTION Nafta, and it is likely that "trade blocs" or "Fortress America" will be mentioned in the same breath. Countries outside the region have been concerned - as they were with the creation of Europe's single market — that it may foster protectionism. But the Nafta text does not yet tell us whether these fears are

In so far as the agreement alms to protect US car makers and textile manufacturers, or carve out the Mexican market as the preserve of US export-

THE VIEW FROM OVERSEAS

ers, then exporters in Asia and Europe have genuine cause for concern. If US corporations divert investment planned for the Pacific region into Mexico, emergent Asian economies may wring their hands over. But if it simply makes US manufacturers more efficient and competitive, and makes Mexico a more prosperous country, then the agreement may provide important net

gains to the world economy. From Geneva, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) yesterday halled the accord as "a major develonment within the world economy and international trade."

But in Tokyo, where industrialists see themselves as potential victims of a Nafta agreement, yesterday's announcement was greeted with caution. The Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Miti) view is that if the accord is "Gatt-consistent" and "trade creating," Japan will have no problem. But government advisers fear Nafta

will not be Gatt-consist Specifically, the Japanese are concerned about local content restrictions in the car industry, a concern heightened by the US-Canada dispute over the local content of Hondas.

Asia's textile and garment exporters may also have cause ward" agreement in Nafta means garments made by nonnorth American companies based in Mexico will have to source everything from north American suppliers.

The Caribbean economies

are without exception heavily ident on the US market, and fear Mexico's gains could be at their expense. Close behind is Latin America. All are pressing the US hard for free trade agreements that mirror that agreed with that there is no "docking clause" in the Nafta text which allows speedy accession to

America; he sought to enhance US Trade set to inch up . US political agenda By Jurek Martin in his last pronouncement on Nafta two weeks ago. He focused and vocal. reserved judgment on the INTERNATIONAL trade, treaty itself, pending study of above all Nasta, is an issue its details and whatever which has never quite taken emerges from Congressional hearings. But he repeated that off in this year's long primary

and presidential campaigns. he would support it "so long as it provides adequate protection Yesterday's signing of the agreement threatens to change workers, farmers and the that, for the moment at least. environment on both sides of the border." He added that "we President George Bush will be able to proclaim Nafta as must have strong transition strategies that ensure workers another example of his international statesmanship, convebenefit from a more open

world trading system."

Mr Clinton has been trying niently obscuring the fact that his administration has been to reduce the Democratic Parunable to bring to pass a successful conclusion of the ty's dependence on those of its broader Uruguay round of constituent parts, such as trade negotiations. organised labour, which have Coming on top of recent long been associated with outsummits with the Russian and right protectionism. To this Israeli leaders and with Middle end, he began his quest for the East peace talks about to White House by supporting the Nafta goals and the "fast resume here, the image of a president on top of foreign track" approach to it, whereby

affairs can be presented to off-Congress can only vote on the set the lack of solutions to ment not amend it. what is happening in the Bal-kans and with Saddam Hussein The failure of Mr Clinton's Democratic opponents, and of Mr Patrick Buchanan on the Republican side and Ross Perot, the defunct independent, Democratic opponent for the proved protectionism had only limited political appeal in the presidency, is caught on a political hook on which he can primaries. But as the Nafta negotiations have moved to a Yesterday Mr Clinton issued climax, opposition to it, constatements almost identical to centrated in the Democratic

In particular it has brought Richard Gephardt of Missouri, who ran for the Democratic nomination four years ago on a blatantly protectionist platform. Some of Mr Gephardt's

criticisms of Nafta have reportedly been run past Mr Clinton. Mr Clinton still felt free two weeks ago to condemn "the outdated rhetoric of both the free traders who are oblivious to workers and the environment and the protectionists who ignore the benefits of expanded world trade." He associated Mr Gephardt with the same sentiments.

This is a fine line to walk and further qualification of his earlier stand invites not only Republican attack. In a recent editorial entitled "a test of Mr Clinton's backbone," the New York Times wrote that he "will have to choose between the protectionist policies of old and his own campaign promises."

In theory Mr Clinton can wait, since Congress will not vote on Nafta until next year. He may try to confine himself to promising to change what he does not like if he becomes president. His opposition and the media are unlikely to allow him that luxury.

Pemex open wider but not for sale

US Imports from Mexico

\$4.9bn

\$0.7bn

MEXICO'S energy sector has emerged from the Nafta negotiations largely unscathed. The Mexican government will not privatise Petróleos Mexicanos (Pemex), while US and Canadian oil companies will not be allowed to explore for oil, operate refineries, nor open petrol stations, in Mexico, writes Damian Fraser in Mexico City. The US also appears to have been unable to compel Mexico to offer it a guaranteed supply

Autos and auto parts

Textiles and apparel

US - Mexico trade; fast growth sectors

US exports to Mexico

\$3.4bn

\$0.5bn

Even so, Mexico has agreed to open 50 per cent of the procurement by Pemex and the Federal Electricity Commission to OIL AND GAS

US and Canadian companies in the first year, increasing to 70

per cent over eight years and with no reservation after 10 Such companies will receive

Pemex plans to invest \$20hn from 1990-95, most of it in

A panel will be required to provide a confidential initial

report within three months of

then have two weeks to submit their comments. The panel will

have to issue its final findings

within 30 days of the initial

retaliation against a country

which refuses to implement a panel's recommendations or

fails to reach some other agree-

ment within 30 days of the pan-

Complainants will be

sen one, they may not use the

el's report

The draft treaty allows for

Parties to the dispute will

exploration, drilling and new Mexico has agreed to open all but a handful of petrochemicals to foreign investment,

rather than a percentage of the oil they find. However, the

Mexican government has agreed to allow "performance"

contracts, where contracted

they strike oil.

companies receive bonuses if

and his negotiators. However, US and Canadian oil and gas companies will be able to increase their business in Mexico if the treaty is Disagreements subjected

Sector's political sensitivity dictates protection levels

AGRICULTURE is perhaps the most politically sensitive sector in all three North American countries, with each seeking to maintain protection levels for key areas, write Damian Fraser and Bernard

The Americans have succes fully gained 15-year transition periods for what powerful US farm lobbyists consider their most vulnerable crops, including sugar, citrus and other

fruits and vegetables. The Mexicans have agreed to eliminate import licences. which covered 25 per cent of US agricultural exports last year. However, they have acquired a 15-year grace period

corn, beans and powdered

Under the treaty Mexico has been promised free sugar exports to the US after 15 years - a significant concession given the current level of protection for the US sugar industry.

In the first six years Mexico will be granted either its cur-rent quota of 7,258 metric tonnes, or the difference between Mexico's production and consumption, up to a maximum of 25,000 tonnes.

After year seven this limit will be increased to 150,000 tonnes, increasing by 10 per cent a year for the next eight. vears. All export limits will be elim-

inated if Mexico is a net exporter for two consecutive years. Mexico is now a net

achieved a similar deal. It will let in, duty-free, a quota of 2.5m tonnes in the first year. growing by 3 per cent a year over the next 15 years. At the same time tariffs on non-quota per cent and gradually fall

imports of milk and beans. The corn sector employs more than 2m Mexicans, most of whom are desperately poor. Nevertheless, the government has long maintained that the current method of protection - through import restrictions and artificially high prices - is inefficient, since it benefits the few rich farmers more than the

The Mexican government is likely to announce soon a targeted subsidy programme. where money will be directed almost exclusively at the poorest corn farmers.
Under Nafta Canada will be allowed to retain the non-tariff

protection enjoyed by its dairy, poultry and egg producers. This consists of production quotas and subsidies, together

More scope for exporting from US to Mexico

THE worker retraining and Nafta will receive the closest scrutiny when the pact is sent to the US Congress, writes Nancy Dunne in Washington. The US administration is

stressing the pact's job-creation potential and predicting that the total of 600,000 US workers who now owe their jobs to Mexican exports will swell to 1m by 1995.

in Iraq. Yet the biggest plus for

Mr Bush may be in the extent

to which Mr Bill Clinton, his

Provisions

to get close

scrutiny by

Congress

only wriggle.

Mr Mark Anderson, US labour spokesman on Nafta, unsuccessfully urged that the

JOBS AND THE **ENVIRONMENT**

pact, which included intellectual property rights, could include health and safety standards and labour rights. The negotiators listed "sus tainable development" as one of Nafta's primary goals. The complete text has not yet been released, but the administration says it maintains health, safety and environmental standards. It permits parties to impose stringent standards on new investments and to require environmental impact statements. It allows dispute settlement panels to call on scientific experts for advice but does not accede to the labour movement's demands to play a stronger role in environmental

dispute settlement. The environmentalists, and their powerful allies in Congress, will urge the inclusion of a funding source to pay for clean-ups, worker retraining and border infrastructure. Mr John Adams, executive director of the US Natural Resources Defence Council, said yesterday that, although the pact contains "some positive features", it lacks sufficient measures to protect the environment. The US-Mexico border environmental plan, for example, prescribes helpful bl-national co-operation but has "no binding connection to the trade agreement, few concrete initiatives to clean up and prevent pollution, and incomplete strategy to fund environmental monitoring, enforcement and

sector is intended to increase car companies' ability to

export from the US and Canada to the rapidly growing Mexican market, while committing those companies to raise production in Mexico. write Damian Fraser and Bernard Simon.

The agreement also makes it harder for non-Nafta car companies to operate in the North American market. The regional content rule, which car makers will have to meet to avoid tariffs or fines, has increased from 50 per cent in the US-Canada ement to 62.5 per cent for cars and 60 per cent for components in the new accord.

The 62.5 per cent content rule will be phased in over eight years. If manufacturers fail to meet the 62.5 per cent origin rule, they will have to pay tariffs. Nissan, which has a large plant in Mexico, will find it harder to meet this rule of origin; Volkswagen, also with a significant Mexican plant, is aiming to meet this requirement within a few years.

Of some relief to foreign car makers, and an achievement for Canada in the Nafta deal, appears to be a new set of rules for calculating local content in the auto industry.
Mr Michael Wilson, Canada's

international trade minister, said yesterday that the Nafta rules would retroactively settle the high-profile dispute over exports of Ontario-built Honda cars to the US. The US Customs Service had alleged this

year that, according to its method of calculating local content, the Honda plant failed to meet the 50 per cent local content required under the 1989 US-Canada free trade agreement for duty-free access. According to an official of the Canadian Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Association,

AUTOMOBILES

the Nafta rules will in general adopt the "all or nothing" approach by which, if individual parts of a car meet the 62.5 per cent threshold, they will be counted as wholly manufactured in North America.

Mexico's decision to bow to US pressure for a higher local content rule was made in return for being able to phase out, rather than abolish, its own decree on the matter. in return, the US has agreed to reduce the "chicken tax" on vans imported from Mexico, from 25 per cent to 10 per cent in the first year. After five

years, the tax will be elimi-Also, after three years, Mexico will be considered North American under the Corporate Average Fuel Economy Act (Cafe), which now present discourages US manufacturers from importing small cars from

Mexico. The result, within 10 years. will be free trade in cars in the Nafta region, and discriminaagainst non-Nafta THE Nafta agreement's mechanism for settling trade

to speedy conciliation

disputes builds on what has become one of the most successful elements of the 1989 US-Canada free trade agreement (FTA), writes Bernard

It also proposes several important changes, however. The binational panels empowered to review anti-dumping and countervailing duty deci sions will be extended to cover complaints by Mexican compa-

This is a big concession by the Mexicans because the pan-els will replace judicial review by the Mexican courts. Another departure from the FTA is the creation a Nafta Trade Commission. Prior to any panels being set up, dis-putes will have to be referred to the commission, which is to use "good offices, mediation, conciliation or other means of alternative dispute resolution'

Only if the commission fails to hammer out an agreement will a binational panel be set

Unlike FTA practice, where all panel members are either US or Canadian officials, the Nafta provides for trade or

DISPUTES **PROCEDURE**

legal experts from non-Nafta countries to be on the roster of potential members. In a further pursuit of impartiality, each side to a dispute will choose two members from the roster supplied by the country of the other party. The president of the panel will be chosen by mutual agreement or by drawing lots.

One reason for the success of the FTA panels is that each stage of dispute settlement is subject to strict time limits. Nafta proposes an even speed-

allowed to choose between Nafta and Gatt dispute settlement procedures. Having cho-

The draft Nafta agreement

to be set up to consider arbitra-

tion procedures in disputes between private investors and any of the three Nafta govern-

Mexican government keen to increase competition

IT HAS been Mexico, rather than the US or Canada, that in negotiations covering the financial sector, largely because its banking system is the most protected of the three, and because the Mexican government is keen to introduce more competition.

Mexico will increase, over seven years, the maximum

market share for US and Canadian investors in banking securities from 10 to 20 per

By the year 2000, both the US and Canada will be granted full treatment on an equal footing with the local banks. The share any individual US or Canadian bank can acquire will initially be limited to 1.5 per cent of banking equity. Mexico now limits foreign FINANCIAL SECTOR

any individual bank, and 49 per cent in an insurance com-The concessions are unlikely

to change Mexico's retail banking overnight. The mar-ket - with 18 banks - is already highly competitive, and the required investment

substantial. CS First Boston, in a report

on Mexico's banking system, concluded: "The up-front costs which must be faced are huge and the risks of failure too high. We believe that the US repeat in Mexico the mistakes some US banks made in Europe by pursuing a strategy of world-wide retail banking." **But CS First Boston reckons** there could be a substantial share in the wholesale market. Mexico's large companies already have access to US banks when borrowing money, but the medium-size and smaller ones have to rely on Mexican banks, which earn generous spreads on their corporate lending. Foreign banks, perhaps in joint ventures with Mexican counterparts, could enter this market, driving



corn will start at more than 200 over the 15 years. Similar AGRICULTURE

with import quotas.

The "supply-management"

system is coming under ing pressure, however. as local food processors and Canada's trading partners push for the import barriers to

Bush interview underlines rift over abortion

By Jurek Martin, US Editor, in Washington

THE US Republican party's divisions over abortion were underlined on Tuesday night when President George Bush expressed much less hard-line opposition to it than does his party's platform commit-

In a television interview, Mr Bush was asked a similar question to that put to Vice-President Dan Quayle last month: What advice would he give his grand-daughter, should she become pregnant and want an abortion? Like Mr Quayle, who was

subsequently "corrected" by his wife, Mr Bush responded that, although he was offended by the very idea of abortion and would try to talk his grand-daughter out of it, the decision ultimately was hers and he would stand by

Mr Bill Clinton, the Democratic presidential candidate and a believer in freedom of reproductive choice, said he understood Mr Bush's position "as a grandfather". Other Democrats criticised it, charging that Mr Bush and Mr Quayle seemed to want rights for their own families that would be denied to others by a

ban on abortion The president's comments, although repeatedly qualified

by his campaign aides after the interview was broadcast, is in sharp contrast with both the sentiments and actions expressed by the party committee, preparing the platform for the Republican convention next week in Houston, and with many of Mr Bush's public pronouncements on the issue.

The committee overwhelmingly voted that the platform should again contain, as it has since 1980, a demand a constitutional amendment banning abortion.

It did so after an emotional debate in which many delegates recounted personal experiences with the consequences of abortion.

Many demanded there

should be no exemptions to an outright ban, even in cases where pregnancy was the result of rape or incest. Republican pro-choice advocates, increasingly vocal but outnumbered on the

debate at the convention. This can now only be achieved if a majority of the delegates from six states sign a

committee by the pro-life movement, conceded there was

little chance of forcing a floor

motion to this effect. However, a Washington Post poll of Republican delegates found 55 per cent opposing a constitutional ban and only 28 per cent in favour.

In his interview, Mr Bush said polls should never be considered in matters of conscience or when making a tough decision. Elsewhere, the debate over

"family values" continued to

In California, the American Bar Association convention abandoned its previous neutrality and passed a motion pledging to fight any laws restricting the constitutional

right to an abortion Mr Quayle attacked the

ABA, charging that the country's trial lawyers were in the pocket" of Mr Clinton. The convention earlier had given a warm welcome and an award to Professor Anita Hill, whose charges of sexual harassment against Judge Clarence Thomas, now in the Supreme Court, gripped the nation last year. Mr Quayle asserted that most Americans believed Judge Thomas, not Professor Hill

In Washington, the Senate passed a family leave bill, providing up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave, but not for

companies with fewer than 50 workers. This proposal, very close to the position advocated by Mr Clinton, is likely to attract a presidential veto, and thus becomeanother campaign hot potato.

 Congressman Nighthorse Campbell won, on Tuesday, the Senate Democratic primary in Colorado to contest the seat being vacated by another Democrat, Senator Tim Wirth.

If he beats the Republican

Mr Terry Considine in November, in what is predicted to be a close race, he will be the first full-blooded American Indian in the Senate.

Shenzhen share trading resumes

By Simon Holberton in Hong Kong

CALM returned yesterday to the streets of Shenzhen, the southern Chinese city which earlier this week witnessed the worst civil unrest on the mainland since the June 1989 democracy protests in Belling.
An estimated Im people went to the city on the Hong Kong border over the weekend to apply for forms letting them participate in a lottery for new shares to be issued on the local exchange. But allegations of official corruption in the distribution of the forms sparked a

Share trading resumed on the Shenzhen stock exchange, after Tuesday's suspension, and is reported to have been orderly. The index of locally owned "A" shares fell 17 points to 294 while the index of "B" shares, owned by foreigners, declined by a more subdued 2.98 to 178.51.

China's other stock exchange, in Shanghai, saw the index of "A" shares fall by 9.5 per cent, following an 11 per cent slide on Tuesday. Traders said the movement was not connected with Shenzhen, but resulted from expanded market

Foreign investors were sanguine about prospects for Chi-na's stock markets. One Hong Kong fund manager sald yesterday the riot was "an unfortunate event but not one that

was particularly worrying". It is too early to say what implications the riot holds for China's economic reform movement, but Beijing's response has so far been controlled.

Hong Kong media reported that Lou Gan, secretary of the State Council, or cabinet, had arrived in Shenzhen to conduct an inquiry into the riot and the city's procedures for issuing new shares, it was also reported that Zou Jiahua, a vice-premier, had taken overall charge of co-ordinating the central government's response to the situation.

Zheng Liangyu, mayor of Shenzhen, said on Tuesday: 'We won't deny there is imperfection in the current sales method, since we are in fact very inexperienced."

• China plans to set up a nation-wide computer clearing ork to link ing cities, and a computer trading and clearing system for stocks. Reuter reports from

Li Ye, general director of the financial science and technology division of the People's Bank of China in Beijing, said the World Bank would provide a loan under its technical assistance programme. Computerisation is seen as a big step in China's financial reforms.

Police explain loss of SA massacre tape

By Michael Holman in Johannesburg

A SOUTH African police sergeant yesterday described the operational error that lead to the erasure of 13 hours of tape recorded radio calls on the afternoon and night of the

June 17 Bolpatong massacre. The Goldstone judicial commission investigating the massacre was told that taping equipment used by the area's nternal stability unit had been operated incorrectly since its nstallation in March this year. Sergeant lise O'Reilly, the officer in charge of the operations control room, told the commission that this was discovered only after the massacre, in which 42 people were killed. Sergeant O'Reilly said that the machine used ordinary

commercial tapes, but was able to record on only one side. Material was erased if the tape was turned over.

The day after the massacre, she told the commission, she had turned the tapes in the machine over. As a result, all conversations between about 2 om on June 17 and 3 am on June 18 had been erased. Meanwhile the government

has responded to criticism of police treatment of people in their custody, announcing the appointment of six inspectors monitor an investigate conditions under which people were held. The move follows allegations

by a leading pathologist that police brutality had accounted for the deaths of scores of pris-oners. Since the claim was made a fortnight ago, eight people have died in custody. • A further meeting between the government and the Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) is expected to take place next

Inflationary pressure in US stays subdued

US producer prices for finished goods rose 0.1 per cent last month and by 1.7 per cent in the year to July, indicating that inflationary pressures remain subdued, the Labour Department reported yester-

day.

The figures were in line with forecasts in financial markets and followed a 0.2 per cent increase in producer prices in

Excluding prices of food and energy, which tend to be volatile, the "core" producer price index rose 0.2 per cent last month and by 2.5 per cent in the past year. It has held steady at this level for several

price inflation was interpreted in financial markets as further evidence of an unusually lacklustre economic recovery. Most analysts expect it to feed through into lower consumer price inflation, which is running at an underlying rate of

about 3.5 per cent. Renter adds: Mr Robert Dederick, an economist, said wholesale inflation was well in check. "The prolonged period of stagnation has caused a lot of pain, but there has been some payoff in the form of

reduced inflation. The tame inflation picture could give the Federal Reserve room to cut interest rates further to spur the economy, without fear of igniting new price pressures.

Fed policymakers are scheduled to meet again on Tuesday.

The moderation of wholesale Sharp pick-up in NZ balance of payments

Besieged Sudanese town

'threatened by starvation'

NEW ZEALAND'S balance of payments sharply improved in the year to March 31, which the Department of Statistics says is further proof of an economic recovery, writes Terry

Hall from Wellington.
The country recorded a defi-cit of NZ\$329m (US\$179.8m) in the period, against a deficit of NZ\$2bn for the previous

A department spokesman said the improvement had been driven by exports. A bigger improvement had been which was a sign of improving business activity

While imports rose during the March quarter, exports continued to surge ahead and the trade surplus for the year to March climbed to a record NZ\$3.55bn. However, the spokesman said overseas com-

NEARLY 300,000 people

trapped in the besieged

southern Sudanese garrison

town of Juba face starvation

after international food airlifts

were suspended last month,

foreign aid agencies said. Reu-

"It is feared that unless a

regular food pipeline into Juba

is established urgently a large proportion of the population

will starve," said a report

issued yesterday after a meet-

ing of international aid agen-

cies in Juba on Tuesday. The report by Britain's

Oxfam, Christian Aid and

Cafod (Christian Fund for

Overseas Development) and

the Norwegian Church Aid

ter reports from London.

panies operating in New Zealand had added to the deficit by repatriating more money, dicating greater profitability. Information collated by the department indicated that another record trade surplus

was likely for the year to June. However, in the March quarter the balance of payments slipped into the red for the first time for five years to a deficit of N7\$29m, against a surplus of NZ\$247m in the same period

The spokesman said the suragain reflected an improving economy. Overseas companies operating in New Zealand boosted their profits to NZ\$278m in the period, compared with NZ\$154m in the December quarter and only NZ\$39m in the September

Khartoum, has been swollen

by refugees from Sudan's nine-

The report said airlifts had

been intermittent during early

July and since July 18 no

flights carrying food for civil-

ians had been allowed to land

at Juba, southern Sudan's

The mainly Christian ani-

mist Sudan Peoples' Liberation

Army (SPLA) has been fighting

the Khartoum government

since 1983 over what it sees as

Moslem domination of Sudan

non-Moslem south and other

marginal areas, with the

option of separation.

It wants a referendum in the

year civil war.

main town.

US denies Iraqi troop build-up

By Roger Matthews

REPORTS from an Iraqi opposition group that President Saddam Hussein was again massing troops on the border with Kuwait were denied yesterday by the US. The Supreme Council of the Islamic Revolution in Iraq

issued a statement from its tank, artillery and infantry battalions of the Republican Guard had been deployed in the Salwan area of the border. "Our position is that the story is untrue," a spokesman

Afghan capital

sources. AP reports from Kabul.

ple were killed or wounded.

GOVERNMENT jet fighters yesterday bombed

rebel positions east of the battle-scarred capital

Kabul, according to Afghan and western

For the past week, guerrillas loyal to Mr Gul-

buddin Hekmatyar and his hardline Hezb-e-

Islami group have rained thousands of rockets

on Kabul, which is controlled by other factions.

Government officials said more than 1,000 peo-

after a 14-year civil war, rebel factions have

engaged in an internal power struggle and are

divided along religious, ethnic and tribal lines.

Defence ministry officials yesterday claimed

they had forced Mr Hekmatyar's rebels out of

the city. Mr Hekmatyar has promised to con-

tinue his war with Afghanistan's new Islamic

government until a powerful Uzbek militia,

Since ousting a Communist regime in April

for the Defence Department said in Washington. Up to 5,000 US marines and

other troops this week began manoeuvres with Kuwaiti forces expected to last for up to two months, with some of the war games taking place just to the south of Safwan. If the reports from Damascus had been correct the opposing sight of each other.

Barlier, Mai Gen Robert Frix. the commander of the US forces in Kuwait, said the military strength available to him was more than enough to deal

with any threat from Iraq. . . : The US had brought the manoeuvres forward by a month in response to increas-ing belligerence from Saddam Hussein brought to a head by his refusal to permit UN inspection teams to enter the Ministry of Agriculture in Baghdad. Although the Iraqi leader eventually climbed weeks in which to remove evi-

Britain's UN delegation to the United Nations listens without apparent enthusiasm to a Security Council address by the Iraqi ambassador, Abdul Amir al-Anbari

The inspectors yesterday completed a fourth day of searches, without obvious harassment by Iragi officials.

Jets pound rebel Hekmatyar 'runs positions outside training camps for Tajik insurgents'

By Steve Levine in Dushanbe

MR Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, the hardline Islamic Afghan leader is operating training camps for anti-government forces in Tajikistan, bolstering the already-powerful opposition, according to KGB and diplomatic sources. The military aid is fueling the warfare that has plagued the Central Asian nation of 5m people ever since the Soviet Union was dissolved in December. Fighting has killed between 500 and 2,000 people in the last three months. More than 100,000 non-combatants have fled, mostly Uzbeks and other non-Tajiks who have been attacked by Tajik nationalists, officials say. Tajik officials say President Rakhmon Nabiyev's control is effective in just one of Tajiki-

stan's five regions. Three or four hundred men have already been armed in camps run by Mr Hekmatyar near the northern Afghan town of Imam Sahib, and returned to Tajikistan to fight, said Col Jurabek Aminov, Tajikistan's deputy KGB chief, speaking in the capital of Dushanbe. He said 400 more were under training in the camps.

NEWS IN BRIEF

THE Colombian government is offering a \$1.4m reward for the arrest of fugitive drug lord Pablo Escobar in a full-page advertisement which was due to appear in national newspapers yesterday, Reuter reports from Bogota. The government has delivered for publication a "wanted" poster for Escobar, the Medellin cocaine cartel chief who embarrassed the authorities by escaping from his luxurious jail on July 22. Escobar, with the reputation of being one of the world's most dangerous criminals, is accused of leading a drug war on the state in 1989 and 1990 in which hundreds of policemen, judges, officials and civilians died.

Australia gives interest pledge

Reward of \$1.4m

offered for Escobar

In an attempt to stem the slide of the Australian dollar, the government yesterday gave assurances there would be no further cuts in interest rates and that the 1992-93 budget deficit would be ess than A\$16bn (US\$11.8bn). Emilia Tagaza writes in Canberra. Speculation about a A\$16bn deficit and of another cut in interest rates sparked beavy sales of the Australian dollar on Tuesday, which closed locally at a three-year low.

Thai general ousted

Thailand's interim government has replaced army chief Gen Wimol Wongwanich as state railway chairman, in its latest move to limit military power since troops killed scores of pro-democ racy protesters in May, Reuter reports from Bangkok. The cabinet, meeting on Tuesday, appointed former finance minister Mr Suthee Singhasaneh to head the railway's board.

Taxes cut tobacco smoking

Aggressive tax increases have cut tobacco smoking in industrial countries, which should help reduce health care costs, according to a Worldwatch Institute study, Matthew Kaminski reports from Washington.

South Korea parties agree

Leaders of South Korea's three main parties yesterday drew up a blueprint to break a political deadlock which has paralysed parliament for months, Reuter reports from Seoul. The three – Mr Kim Young-Sam, chairman of the ruling Democratic Liberal party (OLP), Mr Kim Dae-Jung, leader of the main opposition Democratic party, and Chung Ju-Yung of the United People's party agreed to appoint a committee to discuss recent local elections and to draft laws to prevent corruption in a presidential poll

The agencies appealed to the government and SPLA to which controls Kabul's combined military and group said the city's 293,000 civilian airport, is evicted from the capital. people had run out of food and "face imminent starvation". approve a resumption of the Western diplomats said reinforcements for the UN relief flights and establish Uzbek militia troops led by Gen Rashid Dostam, The population of the city, safe corridors out of Juba for arrived in Kabul yesterday from his headquar-1,300 km south of the capital civilian evacuation . ters in northern Alghanistan.

Aid and remittances from Arab neighbours have all but dried up, leaving only austerity, writes Eric Watkins

Gulf war echoes reverberate through Yemen's economy

unable to meet some four-fifths of its able to contain such problems, dis-

EMEN continues to pay a high price for its stance on the Culf war more than a year after the end of hostilities. Before the war, as one local businessman puts it, the country's economy relied largely on "aid, remittances, and some austerity".

But the reaction of Yemen's main pre-war benefactors to its Gulf war stand has deprived the country of much of the first two, leaving it with larger-than-ever doses of the third. to support the US-led coalition against Irao and has since suffered economic hardship with few signs of

Any improvement in Yemen's prospects depends on its developing better relations with Saudi Arabia and northern neighbours in the Gulf, a view made clear by Mr David Mack, the US assistant deputy secretary of state. "US relations with all the Arab Gulf states are exception-ally strong and close. It is difficult to cally unbalanced economy.

invigorate relations with Yemen unless it achieves a minimum of rapprochement with the Gulf countries." Mr Mack said.

But Saudi Arabia and Kuwait remain resentful over Yemen's stand during the war. Although the Yemenis condemned the fragi invasion of Kuwait, they failed to sup-port restoration of the ruling Al-Sa-bah family and, worse in terms of their relations with Gulf neighbours. they criticised Saudi Arabia for allowing foreign troops into the region. Faced with hostility to their own position in the war from their southern neighbour, the Saudis responded in September 1990 by cutting aid to Yemen and by expelling around 1m Yemenis.

The economic effects were immediate. The loss of remittances ended a main source of hard currency for Yemen, and the sudden 10 per cent increase in the country's population. added further burdens to the chroni-

Rising inflation and unemployment have increased tension which last year erupted into a rash of riots against the government of Ali Abdullah Saleh

Yemen is already the most populous, with 13m people, and least prosperous state in the Arabian peninsula, relying on foreign aid estimated at \$500m annually and on remittances of up to \$1.5bn a year. Its oil income, from exports and sales of new concessions over the past year, amounted to \$1.15bn. As a result Yemen was last year Though the government of General Ali Abdullah Saleh has been

foreign debt commitments. Outstanding foreign debt is now put at \$7.8bn, two-thirds of which is owed to eastern European countries. More-over, fast-rising inflation and unemployment have contributed to social tensions which last October erupted in a rash of anti-government riots.

satisfaction with the economy remains high. To try and temper this discontent, the government has sought recourse largely to promises of future prosperity from the country's promising oil reserves.

Officially referred to as "transitional" the Saleh regime came to power with the unification of North and South Yemen in May 1990 and is charged with effecting democratic

scheduled for later this year.

reform and multi-party elections by November this year. The process of democratisation has faced difficulties. There have been assassination attempts on members of the Yemen Socialist Party, including the prime minister, but so far no one has been brought'

have persistently opposed Yemen's democratic reforms and the worsen-ing economy has played into their hands. The spectre of Algeria is on the minds of Yemen's rulers, who fear that fundamentalists may have fertile campaigning ground while the economy remains so beleaguered. There is therefore the sense of a urgency to exploit the country's newly found oil reserves.

Few Yemenis doubt that Saudi Arabia is behind efforts to undermine their emerging democracy.

The Saudis, and one businessman,

"are using our position on the Gulf
war as a pretent. Their real aim is to weaken our actnomy in order to destroy our unity and democracy". to trial. The government has encountered opposition from fundamental affecting any respections, tered opposition from fundamental yemen may indeed have difficulty in sit groups, which although few in affecting any respectment with its number, may be linked with international Islamic organisations bent on Raced with domestic recessions the disrupting democratic movements. Usual UK are not flictly to isopard throughout the Arab world age their trade religious site.

With such backing local groups. Golf by assisting famous. y for forms etting the

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UST 13 1992

Started Vesterday is seen of Shenzhen, the Chinese city wind is week witnessed the Mane seen the June see the June see the June see the June seed in People section at each or the Home seed of the City on the Home seed of the Weeken over the weeken year for forms setting the ONE OF the law firms working on the insolvency proceedings of Maxwell Communication Corporation had its fees ones tioned vesterday in the US bankraptcy courts Judge Tina Brosman of the south district of New York

south district of New York court refused to approve a \$677.000 bill from Milbank. Tweed Hadley and McCloy for its work in helping reorganising the group in the three. months to June 30.

She also quaried payments to Price Waterhouse, the accountancy firm, and JP Morgan; the merchant bank, but authorised.

their settlement. Milbank Tweed had presented a bill for approval by the judge which it said covered 65 per cent of lawyers library over the period, and included tax advice and clerical costs.

A shares fell in point while the index of the shares fell in point to make of the shares owned by foreigner while the index of the shares owned by foreigner while the shares of the sha The judge, however, queried fees in the range \$35.50 perhour for faxing documents, photocopying papers and stuff-

ing envelopes.

Mr John Gallene, a lawyer for the firm, defended the fees as comparable with fees demanded by temporary workers, and said the work was essential for work in develop-creditors under Chapter 11 in the USA, and also through administration under UK insol-

Banks partey UK mastery Touche Ross ballots creditors on BCCI deal By Richard Donkin Trict court of Luxembourg, which must approve the agreement before it can go ahead. MCC Case TOUCHE Ross, the liquidators or attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA, the liquidators are attempting to contact some 50,000 depositors of BCCI SA. orders decline

DOMESTIC and overseas shedding eased in Wales, East DOMESTIC—and overseas shedding eased in Wales, East demand to, manufactured, Anglia and the East Midlands, goods falled in live up to nost. Mr Robin Cook, the oppositelection expectations in all bulk than Labour party's trade and one region of the UK industry spokesman, said the Manufacturers in almost CBI/BSL survey showed that every region reported a fall in British business was losing output, ever the past four British business was losing tuning lob losses in a survey, each region to see which is which showed that southern doing worst. The key point of England and the West Mide this survey is that all regions tands remain the areas worst are in trouble," he said.

lands remain the areas wests are in trouble, he said.

affected by the recession. The survey pointed out that
Northern Ireland was the only earlier expectations of rising

regreti to experience and only earlier expectations of rising regreti to experience and orders of intermediate goods increase in demand proved misplaced. A recovery According to the latest said in such goods, which are used way of regional trends from the said in such goods, which are used way of regional trends from the said in such goods, which are used way of regional trends from the said in the said of the gies Limited (BSL), the decline fact, regions with a high concentration of companies manuto worse then expected expert facturing intermediate goods, orders and a sharp decline has such as chemicals and metals demand for intermediate suffered the most disappoint-

goods, ing falls in output.

Only three regions—the. In the south-east, one of the Rast Midlands, East Anglis and regions worst hit by the recessing tries in output against atted over the past four months, eight, that expected griders to improve when last surveyed in smallest proportion of intermediate goods manufacturers fared better than other regions while Wales, due to its good export performance, was also

began balloting creditors yes-terday to sound out opinions on the compensation package negotiated with the Abu Dhabi

majority shareholders.
The ballot is being carried

Luxembourg registered bank that formed one of the two main banking arms of BCCL. Ballot papers, which were being sent out yesterday, asked depositors whether they Holdings and the two main banks, including branches in the UK and the Isle of Man.

a letter to creditors from the liquidators which is not with-

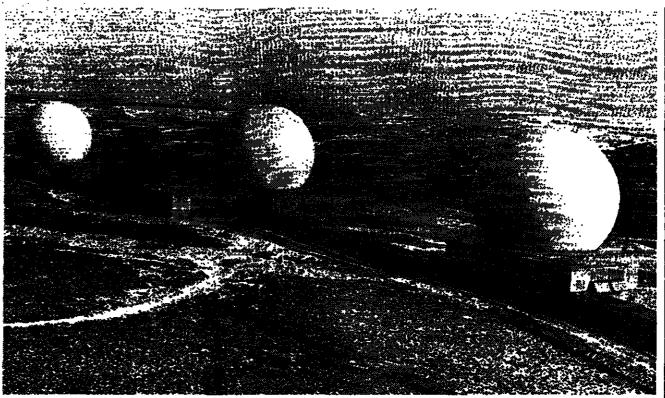
The ballot is accompanied by

ment, so as to create the possi-bility of renegotiation, would be a pure gamble," says the letter. The results of the ballot are

not binding on the court which is hoping to make a decision

on the liquidation on October

Mr Ahmed Al Sayegh, a member of the majority share holders' working group on BCCI which has been carrying out the negotiations with the liquidators, said last night that the only alternative to the arrangement was "hugely expensive" court action around the world.



The Fylingdales "golf balls" on the North Yorkshire moors are to be demolished after failing to win legal protection as buildings of

The outlook for employment remained grim, with magnifac-turing job losses reported in every region. The fastest falls Master of Rolls appointed

writes Robert Rice.

LORD Justice Bingham, the Appeal Court judge who has just completed an 11-month inquiry into the collapsed Bank of Credit and Commerce International, was yesterday appointed Master of the Rolls, the head of the civil courts, in succession to Lord Donaldson.

in orders since April was due

Lord Donaldson retires at the end of September after 10 years as the most senior civil water as the most senior civil court judge in England and Wales. The BCCI report is Lord Justice Bingham: one of expected to be published before Britain's leading legal minds. Lord Justice Bingham, 58.

takes up his new office on September 30. He is widely regarded by the legal profession as having one of the best intellects on the

bench and as a radical who is

willing to speak his mind. In 1989, he was the first judge to speak out strongly in favour of Lord Mackay's proposed reforms of the legal profession.The rules preventing solicitors from appearing as. were illogical, indefensible and could not be justified, he said. He is no stranger to contro-

versy or to handling sensitive inquiries. In 1977 he was appointed by the then Foreign Secretary Dr David Owen (now Lord Owen) to head the inquiry into Rhodesia sanctions busting by the big UK oil companies. His report con-cluded that they had know-ingly violated UN sanctions, and that government officials were aware of this.

During the 1991 Gulf war he was one of the "Three Wise Men" who reviewed cases of Arabs facing deportation as security risks.

TUC demands job package

By Michael Smith,

THE government was urged yesterday to implement a £600m package to tackle unemployment ahead of official fig ures today which are expected to show that the number of jobless has risen for a 28th consecutive month.

The Trades Union Congress (TUC) - the umbrella organisation for most UK unions drew attention to a recent analysis by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and

Britain lagged behind most European Community nations in developing active labour market measures to tackle unemployment.

The TUC wants the government to restore the budgets of Training and Enterprise Councils, which administer training in England and Wales, and develop measures including temporary employment pro-

The TUC said Britain was ranked ninth out of 12 EC

national income spent on labour market measures such as training, temporary work programmes and job subsidies. Spending an estimated 0.56

per cent of national income in 1991, Britain only just ranked above Portugal and Greece, said the TUC. Five EC countries spent nearly twice as much as Britain as a percentage of national incomes.

Today's figures are expected to show that the unemployment figure for June of 2.72m has risen by a further 25,000.

Airports group sees traffic rise by 8.2%

BAA, the airports operator, has had its busiest year on record, with more than 75m passengers passing through its airports in the 12 months to July,

a rise of 8.2 per cent. Traffic in July was 11 per cent higher than in July 1991. after the Gulf war. The gain on July 1990 was 3 per cent. Mr Mike Hodgkinson, BAA's

group airports director, said The figures bear out our expectations on traffic growth for this financial year of 5-8 per

"The drop in domestic traffic seems to have bottomed out and the airport traffic appears to have benefited from price discounting in holiday markets." The strongest growth in destinations over one year was to North America and Ireland, both partly deregulated routes.
London's Heathrow
remained easily BAA's biggest
airport, handling more than 4m people in July, a gain of 10

per cent from a year earlier. Stansted, London's third airport where a £400m terminal was opened last year, saw a 27.5 per cent rise in the number of passengers to 270,000. It remained well behind Gatwick. south of London, which handled 2.2m passengers, a growth of 7.4 per cent over July 1991. Gatwick saw the sharpest decline in passengers of BAA's

airports after the Gulf war. Freight traffic across the company showed sharper growth of 14.3 per cent overall to more than 89,000 tonnes.

Lord Devlin: an original legal mind

LORD DEVLIN, the former law lord who died on Sunday aged 86, became the youngest High Court judge this century when he was appointed to the Queen's Bench Division at the age of 42 in 1948.

He retired early in 1964 after only three years in the House of Lords and it was said that the law had lost one of the finest and most original legal minds of his generation.

His reasons for taking early retirement were unclear. Later he said he had resigned because he found the work in the House of Lords "so

utterly boring". It has also been suggested that he saw little prospect of further advancement under a Conservative administration, having fallen out with the Macmillan government over his 1959 inquiry into the disturbances in Nyasaland and having been passed over for the job of Mas-

ter of the Rolls in 1962. His early retirement from the bench did not signal retire-ment from public life. In 1964 he was appointed chairman of the Press Council, the first person from outside the indus-try to hold that position.

In recent years he became a staunch campaigner on behalf of the Guildford Four and the Maguire Seven. From 1971-72 he was a mem-

ber of the committee on Identification in criminal cases and from 1969 to 1991 he was High Steward of Cambridge Univer-

Patrick Arthur Devlin was born in 1905 and educated at Stonyhurst College and Christ's College, Cambridge. In 1932 he married Madeleine Oppenheimer, youngest daughter of Sir Bernard Oppenheimer. They had four

He took silk in 1945 and was appointed Attorney General of the Duchy of Cornwall two years later.

He was appointed to the High Court bench in October 1948, the Court of Appeal in 1960 and the House of Lords a year later, taking the title Baron of West Wick.

He presided over many celebrated cases, including the trial for murder of John Bodkin Adams, the Eastbourne doctor acquitted after being accused of poisoning his elderly patients.

Britain in brief ment to the area.



Access to UK insurance market eased

The UK took a small step towards liberalising its insurance market in line with new European rules with the publication of draft regulations for the implementation of the second life insurance directive. The directive provides for limited cross border sales of life insurance. It is widely expected to be superseded by a

tion. A common position on the third directive was reached in the EC council of ministers on 29 June this year. The minister of corporate affairs, Mr Neil Hamilton, said he expects formal adoption of the third directive later this year.

for more extensive liberalisa-

Oil companies swap assets

Elf Exploration UK, a subsidiary of the French state-owned oil company Elf Aquitaine, has swapped North Sea assets with Amerada Hess, the US oil com-

Elf, which is now the 4th largest North Sea operator, said the deal would help it strengthen its position in the UK North Sea and demon-

The deal gives Elf a 12.5 per cent interest in the Franklin discovery, thought to be a potentially large gas field. Amerada Hess will get Elf's 16.45 per cent interest in the Anglia gas field, in which it already has a stake, raising its total interest to 29.29 per cent.

Flat sales hit PC market

The UK market for personal computers is stagnant and plummeting prices appear to have done little to stimulate sales, according to a survey by Context, a London-based consultancy.

The volume of indirect sales sales through dealers or retailer shops - increased in the 12 months to June by only 0.5 per cent over the same period last year, says the surthird life directive, allowing vey. In earlier years, sales have grown by more than 20 per cent annually.

The total number of machines sold in the period was just under 800,000. Indirect sales account for some 75 per cent of all domestic sales of personal computers.

NCM chooses Welsh base

NCM Credit Insurance, the Dutch company which took over the Export Credits Guarantee Department's insurance division earlier this year, is to locate its headquarters in Cardiff's docklands development

It is to lease a 115,000sq ft building being built for it by Grosvenor Waterside, the prop-erty arm of Associated British Ports, and plans to be in its strated its long term commit-new offices by the end of 1994.

rayan tahun 1994, dagan tahun 1994. Bahar 1996, dagan bahar bahar 1994, bahar 1995, bahar 1995, dagan tahun 1995, <u>bahar 1995, dagan tahun 1995, b</u>ah

International station plan

British Rail publicised fresh plans for an international railway station at Ashford, Kent, to serve Continental trains passing through the Channel

If the government approves the scheme, the £80m station should provide people in south-east England with a way of joining Channel tunnel expresses without first having to travel into the centre of

BR's new ambitious scheme involves expanding the exist-ing Network SouthEast station to accommodate international trains as well as suburban ones. It will include an international departure lounge and 2,000 parking spaces for inter-national passengers' cars.

Ford to sponsor BSkyB soccer

Ford, the motor company, is to sponsor BSkyB's television coverage of the Premier League, the new top division for English football clubs, which begins on Sunday, BSkyB would not disclose the value of the five-year deal but claimed it was "the biggest sponsorship package in UK broadcasting history."

Man cleared of Ashdown theft

An Old Bailey jury has cleared Simon Berkowitz of stealing a confidential document detailing a former relationship between Mr Paddy Ashdown, the Liberal Democrat leader. and his one-time secretary. But he was convicted on a majority verdict of handling

the stolen document. Mr Asdown admitted the affair prior to April's general election after it emerged that Berkowitz had tried to sell the document to a Sunday newspaper. Following the court decision it was revealed that Berkowitz he had 230 previous convictions for burglary. He was jailed for 21/2 years.

BA-Virgin case delayed

The defamation case between Virgin Atlantic Airways and British Airways has been postponed until January 1993. The companies are suing each other over allegations that BA had engaged in anti-competi-tive behaviour against Virgin. BA applied for the delay to give it more time to prepare its

US group halts Ulster scheme

Morton International, the large Chicago-based manufacturer, said it had decided against locating a plant in Northern Ireland. The company said "current intentions are to have a site on the Continent". The plant is expected to manufacture safety air bags for European cars.

Brink's-Mat jury out

An Old Bailey jury trying four men and a woman accused of laundering £14m from the Brink's-Mat gold bullion robbery has failed to reach a ver-

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American." This slogan on the cover of Spider Systems sets the tone. The eight-year-old Edinburgh-based comcompany thinks big and faces com-

petition head on. "All our competition is American," explains Martin Ritchie, man-aging director and co-founder. "We compare ourselves with them quite a lot. There are no role models for a company like Spider in Scotland, so we are forced to model ourselves on

American companies."

Indeed, within the Scottish hightechnology industry Spider Systems has become a corporate celebrity, a frequently cited if somewhat lonely example of an indigenous electronics start-up company. With 1992 revenues of almost £15m and 260 employees, Spider is now the largest and best-known entrepreneurial venture in Silicon Glen.

Ritchie puts the lack of entrepreneurial activity in Britain down to cultural factors. "In the UK we are a nation of employees rather than employers. As you grow up you don't think of becoming an

Yet whatever the cultural barriers may be, Spider Systems has hur-dled them. At the company's stylish Edinburgh headquarters there is an air of confidence rare in a company of its size. "Image is important," Ritchie maintains. The company logo, promotional materials and offices all reflect its ambitions.

Spider's "World Leaders" brochure is a bold example. Illustrated with the satirical Spitting Image puppets of such figures as John Major, George Bush, Margaret Thatcher and other political leaders, its message is clear; Spider Systems is, or at least aspires to be, a world leader in its field.

However, the company's origins were pragmatic, rather than ambitious. When ICL closed down its software development facility at Dalkeith, near Edinburgh, in 1983, engineers were offered jobs in England. The five founders of Spider Systems chose instead to stay in their native Edinburgh.

"We didn't want to move so we decided to set up a company to do interesting and challenging work in what we believed was a growing field - computer networking."

Spider started with no external financing and picked up software development contracts from former iCL customers. "We were selective about the work we did. It had to be interesting," Ritchie recalls, "otherwise there was no point."

In retrospect, Ritchie suggests, the founders' determination to find satisfaction in their work served the

BRITISH ENTREPRENEURS

Spinning a web

Louise Kehoe examines a Silicon Glen venture with big ambitions



business well. "We stuck close to what we were good at and speci-alised in networking." If Spider had taken on a broader spectrum of work it might have become another of the many product development consultants that populate the Scottish high-tech industry, he believes. Spider made a "conscious deci-

sion" not to set firm plans for the future. "There was no four-year plan," says Ritchie, "the only thing a long-term plan tells you is what won't happen." From its start in systems soft-

ware. Spider moved into hardware development, taking on a development contract from a US computer company, now defunct. Gradually expanding its areas of operation, Spider launched the first product

sold under its own name in 1985 a device for monitoring personal computer networks that has formed the basis of subsequent products.

"The business plan was that if we could sell 23 units we would break even. We hoped to sell 50 and turn a profit." In the event, Spider sold more than 1,000 of its SpiderMonitors, and the product became a key element of the company's business. Still, Spider maintained what Ritchie calls a "low-risk approach" to expansion. Not until 1989 did the company draw on outside financing. receiving £3m in two rounds from

UK venture capital groups. By British standards, Spider has set a record growth pace with average of 60 per cent per annum

until last year. However, Ritchie points out that the company's growth has been slow compared with that of American competitors.

"Our rate of growth has been restricted by the pace of growth that our management could take." When the company started, only two of the founders had any management experience and none had companies very few people had profit/loss and cash responsibilities at that time," he adds.

The Scottish Development Authority (since renamed Scottish Enterprise) provided Spider Systems with advice and assistance, putting the company in touch with a small business counsellor who became a non-executive director. SDA also helped Spider Systems to acquire its headquarters building by providing financing for the pur-chase of land and construction.

While acknowledging the assistance of SDA, Ritchie makes clear that "you don't build a company on the back of government support. It is good to feel that there is somebody behind you, but at the end of

the day you do it by yourself".

Competition from richly financed US companies is the biggest challenge facing Spider Systems. David Simpson, chairman, has just returned from the US where he has been investigating sources of additional financing: a private place-

ment or a public stock offering.

Lack of funding proved a serious problem for Spider when it attempted to enter the US network equipment market. "It was a case of not enough money spent, but too much money lost," says Simpson. Spider withdrew from the US hardware market last year and sold US marketing rights to some of its

However, Spider remains a strong competitor in the US networking software market, selling to many of the largest computer and computer software groups. Staying in touch with the US market is vital for Spider because new technology is adopted faster in the US than in Europe. "By the time products are adopted in Europe, our US competitors already have 18 months' experi-

ence," says Ritchie. After a rough year, in which the company recorded an £830,000 loss as a result of its US retrenchment, Spider is getting back into its stride. Although the recession has slowed growth, "we are expecting 30 per cent growth this year, and are currently on plan," says Ritchie.

"We have sorted ourselves out and we can get on with building the company. Simpson is determined that Spider will one day become a £100m business. "We must not shy away from ambition. We cannot be defeatist," he says.

Skeletons come out of the closet

Aluminium makers are moving into the fast lane in the race to build car bodies, writes Ken Gooding

for aluminium producers Lacould be on the horizon.
Hydro Aluminium of Norway's decision to start producing spaceframes – skeleton-like car bodies - in Michigan, traditional heart-land of the US automotive industry, is a hopeful sign for alumin-

Hydro's initiative follows that of Alcoa (Aluminium Company of America), the world's biggest aluminium group, which is setting up a \$70m (£36m) plant to make alu-minium car spaceframes at Soest, near Düsseldorf, in Germany. These will go into the new top-ofthe-range Audi V8 car expected to be launched next year.

Ivar Hafsett, president of Hydro Aluminium, says his company is converting an existing facility in

Michigan and it will have one specific customer, but he will not identify the customer yet. However, the timing of the project fits in with the expected launch of the Impact electric vehicle which General Motors, the world's biggest automotive company, is to build at 10,000, starting

Spaced out: Pininfarina's prototype Ethos sports car The Impact bas been developed to meet Californ - with a conventional steel sheet ia's requirements for some totally structure but achieve the same pollution-free cars. performance.

Hydro is part of Norsk Hydro, Norway's biggest industrial group which is 51 per cent-owned by the state but is also quoted on several stock exchanges. It has a relatively long history of aluminium spaceframe development.

Five years ago the Treser convertible sports car, with a Hydro spaceframe, almost went into production. Several pre-production prototypes had been built and Treser's Berlin factory was ready to start up when expected finance failed to materialise and the ven-

Hydro expects better luck with

the Ethos, a two-seater sports car using an aluminium spaceframe, a body of fully recyclable thermoset plastic panels and a three-cylinder, two-stroke Orbital engine.

This was the result when Pininfarina of Italy set out to design a car that was fun to drive, environmentally friendly, safe and not too xpensive for the younger motor ist. It is scheduled to go into production in Turin in 1995. With Porsche of Germany, Hydro is also developing another small-volume sports car which is expected to be

on the market in the mid-1990s. Work so far indicates that, by starting from scratch with an aluminium spaceframe, a manufacturer can cut the weight of a car's "body-in-white" (the unpainted structure before any components

are fitted) by 40 per cent compared

As the car's suspension, brakes,

wheels, engine and gearbox can

also be scaled down because of this initial weight saving, most engi-

neers agree that the total weight of

a car can be reduced by 20 per

cent. The Pininfarina Ethos, for

example, is 3.63 metres long but

The full advantage of aluminium spaceframe technology can only be

realised by starting with a blank

sheet. Aluminium can be made

competitive with steel, a much

cheaper material, because the

number of components required

weighs only 700 kg.

This reduces capital, tooling, labour, stock and other costs. On top of this the car has corrosion protection, recyclability, a shorter development time, greater styling flexibility and can be built in a smaller assembly plant.

No wonder, then, that there are several spaceframe concepts being evaluated by supplier-manufacture teams, apart from those involving Hydro and Alcoa.

Alcan of Canada has chosen to build its spaceframe of sheet alu-minium. This technology is being used by Jaguar in its XJ220, for the Ferrari 512GT America coupe and in some Bertone sports cars. Alcan also provided some of its technology when Honda was developing the NSX sports car.

Like GM with its Impact, BMW's -Technik offshoot is using an aluminium space-frame in its proto-

electric type vehicle for California; and Toyota's AXV-1V concept car has a structural frame of alumin-

Nevertheless, according to Hafsett, the alumin ium industry still has a great deal of work ahead before it can achieve the final breakthrough - the use of the technology in

mass-produced cars. At present aluminium spaceframes are suitable only for relatively small-volume models, produced at a rate of no more that 100,000 a year.

Much will depend on another project in which Hydro is involved the FFr360m (£37m) Mosaic venture with Renault. This is part of the Eureka programme in which European car producers and their suppliers have joined together to do some basic research.

"Our decade will see a lot of spaceframe-based experimental cars and cars made in small volumes The ultimate breakthrough to mass-produced cars will have to wait until the next century," says

Party

invites in

the post

BRITAIN'S leading political parties must be especially keen to recruit more paid-up members, given

the precarious state of their

MANAGEMENT: MARKETING AND ADVERTISING

Styled with a built-in sense of identity

National designs can reflect culture and custom, finds Hugh Aldersey-Williams

o everyday things have a different look and feel from country to country? Many designers not only believe so: they are determined to

keep it that way, Their hope is at odds with trends towards closer European union and greater international trade. Yet "national design" can provide a much needed sense of identity while preserving - or even enhancing international competition.

National identities within Europe have come centre stage since Denmark's rejection of the Maastricht treaty. In design, Denmark itself has a strong identity - a spare,



practical style that we see in furniture, tableware and Bang and Olufsen hi-fi. The same values apply equally to Danish heating equipment and electronic instruments.

According to Jens Bernsun, director of the Danish Design Centre, Denmark is one of the few countries where famous design classics are also popular with the general public. Many of the Danish designs on show in museums around the world can also be found in hundreds of thousands of Danish homes.

The Netherlands is the polar opposite of Denmark in Community terms, a great believer in European integration. Yet it too has a strong design identity, evidence that supra-

canning the appointments

pages is like walking down the high street: the same names are to be seen again and again. Also like the high street,

the old names have been replaced

by new ones.

national ideals need not be pursued at the expense of national charac-

Holland's public sector companies have long been exemplary patrons of design, the legacy of the country's historical need to design its geography. "Holland has always been shaped by human hands, by the official sector." says Gert Dumbar, a leading designer.

The Dutch post and telecommunications company, PTT, continued that tradition when it commissioned a corporate identity from Dumbar to signal its recent privatisation. The result was a collage of elements hinting of Mondrian and the country's canal-crossed land-

National design's ascendancy over globalism provides a visual parallel to the more general debate between McKinsey and Co's Kenichi Ohmae, author of The Borderless World (Harper Business), and Harvard Business School's Michael Porter, who holds that national stereotypes have their basis in fact and should be confronted and even exploited

As Porter writes in The Competitive Advantage of Nations (Macmillan): "Companies at first glance seem to have transcended countries. Yet differences in national economic structures, values, cultures, institutions, and histories contrib-ute profoundly to competitive suc-

The Japanese have alphabets that gave good reason for the invention of the fax machine. The Polaroid camera satisfies an American wish for instant gratification. The British drink prodigious quantities of tea, hence the recent advent of the jug

These examples show that differences of culture and custom can determine where innovation occurs. What is true for innovation in products can be true too in their styling. The UK is the main market for jug kettles, but exporters such as Tefal of France make them for the British, ignoring the British design idiom in favour of their own



corporate look. One British designer who recognises this shortcoming is Geoff Hollington. His proposal for a British" jug kettle has elegant lines, a wooden handle, and Racing Green trim. Elsewhere, more explicit moves

are afoot to celebrate national iden-In Slovenia, for example, Janez Suhadolc, a furniture designer, celebrates the country's newfound independence with chairs that allude to

the architecture of Jose Plecnik.

active in the 1920s and 1930s when Slovenia last tasted freedom The concern extends beyond countries where political nationalism is running strong, however, Japan has spent decades copying

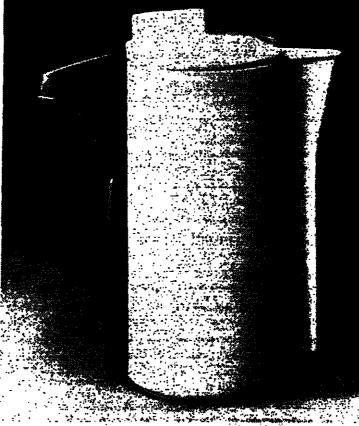
the West at the expense of its own cultural identity. Now some Japanese designers are seeking to unite high-tech product style with national tradition. One result is a Sony Walkman with a blue-white enamel finish which, according to the designer, evokes ceramic chopstick holders. Sold only in Japan this model enjoyed a shelf-life six times longer than a normal Walk-

Some designs stem from observation of a culture rather than immersion in it. The French television station TF1 has a logotype that resembles the label on a pastis bot-tle. The reference is perhaps obvious, but head of programme promotion Patrice Ferrand was happy enough. "It nicely demonstrates its national origin."

Conversely Guardian Vie, the French life subsidiary of Guardian Royal Exchange Assurance wanted a British-looking identity because the French apparently believe Brit-ish insurance companies to be more reputable than their own. The designers responded with a G like a fragment of the London Transport roundel and British public services colours that French visitors will

There is an ironic twist in both Plecnik is Slovenia's equivalent of Catalonia's Antonio Gaudi who was work of British designers Lambie-

have seen here.



Nairn and Company, who also came up with the current designs for the BBC television channels. Guardian Vie's British look on

the other hand came from Plan Créatif, a Paris firm.
These acts of creation of national identity by foreigners are not with-out precedent. As the historian Eric Hobsbawm points out in Nations: and Nationalism, "more often than not the discovery of popular tradi-tion and its transformation into the

'national tradition' ... was the work of enthusiasts from the [foreign] ruling class or elite." The fear of designers is that by designing in a national idlom they may only produce kitsch. Hobsbewm uses the phrase "the inven-tion of tradition" to describe this activity. He refers, for example, to traditions such as the tartan kilt, an 18th century English invention which is now ubiquitous shorthand

for Scotland.
Such traditions may be invented but they have also been successful. National style can be whatever a good designer says it is.

Hugh Aldersey-Williams is the author of 'World Design: National-ism and Globalism in Design' (Riz-zoli International Publications,

individuals made by search firms

The Conservatives and Labour alike have been scrambling to get their costs under control since last April's general election ended nearly 18 months of virtually continuous campaigning. Labour's national membership scheme was described as "a flasco if not a disaster" by Mr David Hopper, the party's auditor, at last year's party conference. Though the number of individual Labour party members climbed by 45,000 to 311,152 between 1988 and 1990, the total has fallen by half since 1979.

Viewed in this light, the subject of the Direct Marketing Association's proposed autumn conference season road-show seems shrewdly chosen. The trade body proposes to focus

on how to turn those who voted in April into members and/or active supporters of the party that they voted for. The thrust of their argument will

be that targeted mail-shots are a more effective way of achieving this than the traditional method: dispatching party workers to trudge around housing estates knocking on doors.

The key to this approach lies in exploiting the detailed canvass returns that will have been assem-bled by constituency parties during the course of the general election campaign.

Rather than being locked away in a cupboard until the next elec-tion, these should be used as the basis for compiling lists of sympathetic voters, the association will argue.

Once these voters are identified a carefully-drafted letter, address-ing the recipient individually and concentrating in particular on local issues, may joit them into becoming members or contributing more actively to the party's sup-

"What we are saying is your canvass returns are a very valuable database," says Ms Angela White, external relations director for the Royal Mail and one of the road-show speakers. "If you were in business, you wouldn't be neglecting it for four years."

David Owen

Stephanie Jones looks at a new trend among recruitment agencies An appointment with a select few

In recruitment advertising, the the market between top level fully-fledged selection operations. search, in which potential candi-Benetton and Sock Shop equiva-lents are the new selection firms such as NB Selection, Selector search, in which potential candi-dates are contacted directly, and the no-frills service offered by agencies Europe, Whitehead Selection, K/F placing box-number adverts in Associates and St James' Associnewspapers. The fee is usually less than for a search firm - 25 per cent of the successful candidate's first ates. Striking ads from these compa-nies now fill some 60-70 per cent of year salary compared with 35 per

cent for example. Of the UK's top eight executive search firms, five have established

man Broadbent, was the first and now has 27 consultants in seven offices. Others are also establishing regional networks.

"We have set out to capture business which was being reluctantly passed to the recruitment advertising specialists. We were not sure they did a good job for our clients," explains Nigel Smith of search firm

Whitehead Mann. Search firms pre-fer to concentrate on pure executive search. But this is not suitable when "the population of potential candidates is large, and the skills required are easily transferable." required are easily transferable." explains Smith's colleague Nigel

Bates of Whitehead Selection. According to Piers Marmion of Selector Europe, many of the jobs that would have gone to search are now being advertised through selec-

tion firms, partly because the recession has increased the number of candidates, while the European market has also broadened the field. How does "selection" work? The client briefs the consultant, who

puts out the ad, sifts the responses, and presents a short list, all in about a month. Shortlisted candidates are interviewed and appraised, references checked. "The search and direct approaches to

are replaced by advertising," explains Nigel Humphreys of Tyzack, who set up TX Selection three years ago. Selection firms also emphasise the importance of their service to job hunters. They "see candidates

as future clients and are anxious to protect their reputations," argues Nigel Rose of KIF Associates. All selection firms have found that more unemphoyed people are reaching shortlists, and Richard Boggis Rolfe of NB Selection emphasises that "we have no prejudice against unemphoyed candidates—

John Major proves that a period out

of the second second

of work is no bar to fitture success!"

Consultancies of this kind mostly spin-offs from leading executive "search" firms - fill a gap in

the appointments pages.

This technology is be-taken This technology is be-taken figure in its \$1220, for it than \$1207 America come in Bertone sports CETS ARE provided some of its technic when Honda was develope MEN sports car. Like GM with its Impact, Ble the balk offenox is using and minium space

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Party invites in the post

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David (Nº

JAZZ IM PALMENGARTEN every second Thursday throughout the summer in the

Cinema/Nigel Andrews

Familiar multicoloured balls

Lethal Weapon 3 is a variety show masquerading as a movie. Let us define our terms. A movie is something that moves, both in its individual images and its governing plot momentum. A variety show is a menu of entertainment items composed of colourful but

unrelated turns.
So here for their latest encore is that popular police double act Riggs and Murtaugh

Serve him up a nice july sus(Mel. Gibson and Danny pect (scene 22) and he will clatGlover), their comic rapport ter him about the head that
built as ever on the tension and ask questions, if at all, between psychotic impredictability (Riggs) and sciatic taken to its supra-mythic middle aged alarmism (Mur., extreme beyond iconstation to

Here, in an I-say-I-say cameo role, is Joe Pesci's Leo Geiz. the comical accountant from Lethal Weapon 2. Here, bounding in from the wings, is the latest version of that silver-screen crowd-pleaser, the vil-lain played by an English actor (Stuart Wilson, following on the cloven heels of Rickman

and Hopkins).
And here is the plethora of stunt-set pieces - the freeway chase against the traffic flow, the blown-up office block that have no more strict narrative relevance than "Bring on the acrobats" at the Palladium. ... This is not a criticism, it is a

genial, realistic acceptance. What, after all, does one do with a collection of familiar multicoloured balls except find. different ways to juggle with them? Mozart did this in The Marriage Of Figure, taking over from Rossini to give us The Barber Of Seville 2. Shakespeare did it with Falstaff in The Merry Wives-Of Windsor, alias Folmon Renans.

What matters is the wit deployed and Lethal Weapon 3 should send the charabancs away happy. The plot about a homicidal drug-dealer (Wilson) and his attention-catching outrages is no more than an excuse for another action and comedy gala. And top of the bill are back-chat stars Gibson and Glover.

Glover is the one gasping in disbelief or groaning in dismay while Gibson - show him a blue touch paper and he will

light it is the one going his berserk way to demotion and

Wild of mane, littery of smile and baby blue of eyes, Gibson is the triumph of the whole Lethal Weapon show. He is to law enforcement what Calleula was to civil administration Show him an unexploded bomb (scene one) and he will tease it lovingly until it explodes. later. This is the vigilante cop the finer stratospheres of

The film is in large part non sense - have we tried to hide that from you? But as a recent series of beer advertisements unlidding the dustbins of the stars suggests, we are all fascinated by rubbish, especially when it comes with a VIP stamp of ownership. This rubbish was directed by Richard Donner of The Omen. Samerman and the earlier Lethal Weapons, and it was written by Jeffrey Boam of L.W. 2 and Indiana Jones And The Last Crusade. Empy!

Let your body rest on the clouds, let your breasts ily off into the cosmos. ... Thus the holistic birth adviser to her ante-natal class in Jackie McKimmie's Waiting.

This comedy of pricked pretensions from Australia is a delight. With its hang-loose script, home-made camerawork and cast of endearing losers a pregnant painter (Noni Hazlehurst) and the four women friends, plus dazed menfolk, who crowd her battered farmhouse to await the birth - it could be a Robert. Altman film re-planted in the Antipodes.

Yet McKimmie's solidarity with her characters makes the movie more than a multitarget satire. The bullseyes may be regularly struck; the mystic deliriums of natural birth advisers; the hypocrisy of agitprop hobbyists like the baby's father (Frank Whitten), fasting

Mel Gibson and Danny Glover: back in Lethal Weapon 3

Incontri in terra di Siena

(encounters in the Siena

territory) nevertheless

constitute one of the most enjoy-

able, musical enterprises of the Tus-

can summer. Focused largely in the

little-known Val d'Orcia, this series

of chamber music recitals offers var-

ied fare to the inhabitants of

southern Tuscany (including many

Anglo-American residents) and to visitors from other parts of Italy,

supper - and the price is not exces-

sive, considering the sumptuous and

varied menus - is provided by the

Fattoria dell'Amorosa, an elegant

inn-restaurant, whose owner is one

After each concert, a fixed price

OT exactly a festival, the of the founders of the incontri.

LETHAL WEAPON 3 Richard Donner

WAITING Jackie McKimmie

WITHOUT YOU PM NOTHING (18) John Boskovich

THE NEWS BOYS Kenny Ortega

FREDDIE AS F.R.O.7. Jon Acevski

for freedom until his first sight of a McDonalds; the fanaticism of career feminists, incarnated in Fiona Press as a plump frump hoping to film the birth for a documentary attacking the patriarchal medical profes-

But the central dilemma of surrogate motherhood -Hazlehurst is carrying the baby for a friend who cannot have one - is explored in all its sacrificial agony. As each character in turn is toppled from his or her high moral perch, shaken by the tremors of the cunningly chaotic plot, our heroine is the last to choose between dogmatic posture and truth to self.

At this point, the film swaps its raggedy colours and camera movements for a brief spell of Australian School gilded lenswork. Is it mocking its own cinematic ancestry? Probably. For we are soon back to chaos, visual and comedic, as the baby is delivered into a world where l'age d'or idealism has been finally scuppered by the human frailties we know, love and could hardly live without. If Waiting is a feminist's satire on Feminism - a lower-

case idealist's onslaught on Upper-case Ideologues - Without You I'm Nothing is a shot from the same locker. Sandra Bernhard, rubber-faced US comedienne, stands and delivers her one-woman show for the camera much as she did for six successful months (we are told) in an off-Broadway thea-

Targets: pretension, pop culture, white-Anglo-Saxon-protestant America and, yes, Femi-nism. Method of attack: lateral lampoonery. Bernhard favours impersonations of the famous (Cher, Streisand, Diana Ross, airy, idiotic, precision-timed monologues followed by songs. With her voice like a mosquitowhine and her face like a rubber duck pressed against a window, this performer is an to the drawing board.

acquired taste. I did not acquire it in her only previous major film, The King Of Comedy, where she played the demented groupie who helps kidnap Jerry Lewis. I acquired it in five minutes here. Bernhard's main trick is to look straight at the camera with a withering Michigan-Jewish girl's honesty and then lie or tease like hell.

Cultural groupies are her favourite spoof victims -'Andy (Warhol) really understood the concept of potlatch"

- closely followed by philosophising pop singers. Musing on the decline of Western civilisation, she says "Perhaps Cher said it best...": then she launches into a Cher-wigged ballad of cosmic melancholy. Catch this dry, funny treat on screen; and then catch Miss Bernhard live, if you will, on her late-August British tour.

Finally, your choice for the kiddywinks. Would you prefer a Disney musical about New York newsboys or a cartoon about a frog working for MI5? Since both plumb depths of inconsequentiality unsurpassed even this summer, you may prefer to take the children to Alton Towers or a day with

Auntie Madge.

The News Boys is like some nightmare interbreeding of Okner! with Annie. The screen fills with running, jumping and singing street urchins as a plot unfolds about the Brooklyn newsboys' strike of the 1890s. "It's a fine fine life!" they yodel (even the lyrics are borrowed from Lionel Bart) as they cartwheel through back-lot streets led by Britain's Christian Bale (Empire Of The Sun) flexing a dese-dem-dose accent as the young strike-leader.

Robert Duvall (Joseph Pulitzer) and Ann-Margret (cabaret singer) raise their heads briefly above the parapet before retiring in shock. And Teddy Roosevelt, or an actorlookalike, rolls in at the close to fold up the plot. It is as tuneless and witless an experi ence as I have had since the school production I appeared in of Fings Atn't Wot The Used To Be. ("A disaster": school magazine). Kenny Ortega directed.

As for Jon Acevski's Freddie As F.R.O.7., a cartoon feature which a secret-service frog saves Britain from a wicked Snake Queen who is stealing the national monuments (Big Ben, the Tower of London. Buckingham Palace), we quail at thoughts of your children's revenge if you subject them to even Prince) to deliver her it. They will probably arrange a return treat by taking you to the Tower of London and leaving you there. Dotty plot, drab characterisations, tuneless tunes back British animation

Music in Tuscany



Stephen Boxer as Buckingham and Simon Russell Beale as the king

Theatre/ Stratford-upon-Avon

Richard III

THE longest-lived version of Richard III stayed unchallenged from 1700 until the 1820s; it was written by Colley Cibber, who acted it from 1700 to 1739. His Richard was a man of moral depravity and excellent wit, like the Restoration fops (Lord Foppington, Sir Novelty Fashion) Cibber habit-

Now another actor has followed Cibber's example in Sam Mendes' excellent touring production of Richard III at The Other Place.

ually played.

Simon Russell Beale, an accomplished foppiste, has fashioned a strange, dangerous Richard: all irony and spite, redeemed by a scarifying wit. It is a wonderful portrayal and

a fine, intelligent performance. Beale hobbles noisily on to a dark stlent stage; a bare lightbulb glows. Already controlling the audience. Beale begins to speak the familiar opening; he hates the words, the verse is harhed, impatient with civility, sneering. Careless of others' welfare and intent on his own, Beale's Richard has edge and

Overall, the performance matches Beale's standards. The set (by Tim Hatley) combines simplicity and versatility, as befits a touring production. A bare dais fronts a grey wall punctuated by doors. Through the openings, livid hangings of red and blue appear. The lighting (Paul Pyant) is monochrome and the costumes plain black and white.

This is a lesson in economy and style, even if the props (strawberries, place markers for Council meetings, bowler hats for the Mayor and Londoners) threaten the clean

A floor map of Britain unrolls for the plotting scenes before battle, a reminder that Richard and Richmond fought over the country's future.

Everywhere the production shows Mendes' acuity in finding a dramatic reason for each line. Margaret's cursing of the court, intoned from a chalk circle, makes an awkward scene powerful: it also provides a central motif, for she repeats her curse at the demise of Rivers, Grey, Hastings and Buckingham. Richard dies as he sees her walking across Bosworth Field.

At Bosworth, the ghosts of Richard's victims join him at table before the battle. His awakening after this dream a waking which made David Garrick famous in the part (1741-76) - is beautifully controlled: quiet and honest. Shaw rightly called Richmond's

part of the summer in the Val d'Or-

cla and write a piece to be given its

premiere in the course of this sum-

mer's concerts. And so, at La Chi-

arentana, in what was once the lit-

tle square of a rustic hamlet, Rea's

Canto di Beatrice for two sopranos

and two cellos was heard for the

Purgatorio, the work makes inge-

nious use of voices and instruments,

sometimes blending them, some-

times setting them one against the

other, contrasting long held notes

for one of the sopranos with intri-

cate vocalises for the other. Const-

ance Novis and Isa Maria Turri were

the sensitive sopranos (not always

performances of Mozart's Apollo

et Hyacinthus and Thamos. Sat:

Based on Canto XXXI of Dante's

first time.

ard's gutsy "To't pell mell, if not to heaven, then hand in hand to hell." Here, Mendes intercuts the two, making an exciting, pacy scene of the original staid oratory.
The cast has strength

twaddle" compared to Rich-

enough to allow Beale's occasional indulgences: barking dogs, pace Shakespeare, herald his entrances. Queen Elizabeth (Kate

Duchene) and the deep revolving witty Buckingham (Stephen Boxer) are the foils to Richard, the one careful and resigned, the other bold then scared. Mark Benton and Christopher Hunter make fine unwilling murderers of Clar-

The production tours England before arriving for the new year in London, 400 years after Shakespeare wrote it.

Andrew St George Richard III, The Other Place,

Stratford-upon-Avon. Then on tour, September-December: Burton-on-Trent, Macclesfield. Doncaster, Milton Keynes, Truro, Barnstable, Middlesbrough, Carlisle, Belfast, Kendal, Gillingham, Braintree. January-March: London, Tokyo, Rotterdam. Information available on (071) address to his army "pious 588 4553. 24 hrs

particular outstanding. sufficiently audible in the dispersive open air). Lysy was joined by Eduardo Vassallo for the not-easy but intriguing instrumental part of the piece, which lasted about a

The seventh and last concert of the series was held in the medieval keep of the Castelluccio, whose be recaptured. Jean Rigby was a compelling once-stern walls enhanced spirited performances of the Mendelssohn vivid, slightly pressured soprano one. In the end, the sheer commitment of the NYO octet and Tchaikovsky's string sextet Souvenirs de Florence. The loyal guests, after a final supper, left the broad green terrace above La Foce with warm souvenirs of a musically

William Weaver

London Promenade Concerts

Mahler

OTHAR Zagrosek conducted the BBC Symphony Orchestra for Tuesday's Prom, a mainstream collation of Weber, Schumann and Mahler. Zagro-sek's work with the BBCSO when he was a principal guest conductor was largely devoted to contemporary repertory; here, stretching bimself back into the heart of the 19th cen-tury, he revealed a finely-tuned if rather cool sense of romantic

The orchestra played alertly and securely enough for him. without ever suggesting that the performances were on the point of spontaneous ignition. Zagrosek began with the overture to Weber's Oberon and moved on to Schumann's First Symphony. With a little contrivance, such a programme could have been made profoundly thematic, for during his career as a conductor Mahler worked at performing versions of both Weber and Schumann, preparing scores of Weber's operas (a vocal one of Oberon) and "improved" orchestrations of all the Schu-

mann symphonies. Here the versions were the usual ones: never quite fleetfooted enough in the overture. a little under-powered in the outer movements of the sym-

The songs for Mahler's Des Knaben Wunderhorn settings which made up the second half were shared between Yvonne Kenny and Wolfgang Schöne who had been drafted as a late replacement for Thomas Hampson.

Ms Kenny was in sumptuous resplendent voice; beautifully focused in all her contributions, never over-stressed or under-characterised. Schöne was less convincing; his approach was brazenly operatic, and his dark baritone lent an unexpected shade to some of the songs.

On Sunday, the annual visit to the Proms of the National Youth Orchestra of Great Britain had also focused on Mahler, adding the deeply Mahlerian Three Orchestral

Pieces of Berg as preface. Conducted by Tadaaki Otaka and complemented by the Bach Choir and the BBC Welsh Chorus, the NYO took on the Second Symphony. The match was a very fair one; the orchestra routinely brings forces of well here there were 160 players to make the sonic splendour of the occasion never in doubt. The standard of playing too was remarkably high, with woodwind and brass solos in

But the symphony lost some of its intensity under Otaka's brittle command, which cut rhythms down to the bare bone, and rarely gave phrases the opportunity to expand Despite the weight of tone, the first movement seemed neutral and underpowered, and the numinous sense was never to

mezzo-soloist, Lesley Garrett a rescued the occasion; it could, though, all have added up to much more.

Andrew Clements



■ FRANKFURT

FRANKFURT FESTIVAL The festival opens at the Alte Oper on Sat with the first of two concert performances of La fanciulla del West with Gwyneth Jones. Next Tues: Handel's Saul conducted by Helmuth Rilling. Aug 20 and 21: Maazel conducts the Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra. The festival runs till the end of Sep (1340 400)

COOPERATION 92 The Frankfurt Opera's. programme of pre-season events

includes the European premiere of Philip Glass's opera Einstein on the Beach, in the original 1984 Brooklyn production directed by Bob Wilson with choreography by Linda Childs (Aug 19-22). The centrepiece of a Tel Aviv week beginning on Aug 29 Is New Israeli Opera's production of The Turn of the Screw (236061)

Open-air jazz concerts are given

and, later, her serene and moving memoirs, Images and Shadous. Lysy, who teaches at McGill Uni-Palmengarten. Tonight at 19.30: saxophonist Ben van den Dungen

and trumpeter Jarmo Hoogendijk

plus supporting group. The next

concert is on Aug 27.

These excellent meals in cool gar-

dens have the atmosphere of a

splendid, friendly party. And so, after an encounter with some fine

music, the visitor can often encoun-

ter old friends or, in the relaxed

The musical director is the cellist

Antonio Lysy, grandson of the

writer Iris Origo, who - with her husband Antonio - settled in this

area some 70 years ago and then

made it familiar to readers every-

where with her beautifully-told

account of The War in Val d'Orcia

cordiality, make new ones.

ENGLISH THEATRE Frankfurt's English theatre company opens its new season on Sep 12 with Passion Play, a 1981 comedy by British author Peter Nichols (till Nov 7). The season will also include Sandy Wilson's musical The Boyfriend, Ariel Dorfman's Death and the Maiden and Alan Ayckbourn's farce Taking Steps (Kaiserstrasse 52, 2423 1620)

HELSINKI HELSINKI FESTIVAL Mirella Freni and Nicolal Ghiaurov give a pre-festival

concert of Italian and Russian opera arias tomorrow in Finlandia Hall, with orchestral accompaniment conducted by Roberto Abbado. The festival proper begins on Tues with a concert of works by Falla, Klami and Mahler, conducted by Miguel Gomez-Martinez. Other events in the opening week include a piano recital by Grigori Sokolov on Wed and the world premiere of Leo Brouwer's new guitar concerto on Fri.

Recitalists at the festival include Natalia Gutman, Brian Ganz and Kathleen Battle, and there will be performances of Die Frau ohne Schatten and Paul McCartney's Liverpool Oratorio. The festival ends on Sep 6 (Information from Helsinki Festival, Unioninkatu 28, 00100

Helsinki, tel 659688 fax 656715. Box office tel 644466)

versity in Montreal for most of the

year, assembles for these concerts

an interesting, gifted and also

homogeneous group of artists. Some

emy Menuhin - are already inter-nationally known. Others, perhaps

less familiar to an Italian audience,

are already well-launched on their

The opening concert, in the gently

sloping, tranquil courtyard of l'A-

morosa, was to have featured the European Community Chamber Orchestra, but they had to cancel

such as Jeffrey Swann and Jer-

LONDON

THEATRE Six Degrees of Separation: Stockard Channing recreates her role as the rich New Yorker transfigured by a black con artist in John Guare's play, now transferred from the Royal Court (Comedy 071-867 1111).

Philadelphia, Here I Comel: excellent revival of Brian Friel's first successful play, about the dllemmas facing an Irish

emigrant before he departs for the US (Wyndham's 071-867 Street of Crocodiles: a new play based on short stories by Bruno Schulz, a Polish writer killed by the Gestapo, whose comic vision of small town life in pre-war years is populated by extraordinary characters.

Opens tonight (Cottesioe, National Theatre 071-928 2252) Romeo and Juliet: Michael Maloney and Clare Holman as the star-crossed lovers in David Leveaux's RSC production. In repertory with Ben Jonson's The Alchemist and Richard Nelson's epic new play about Columbus (Barbican 071-638 8891).

 Death and the Maiden: A completely new cast, with Penny Downie as the woman scarred by her experiences of a dictatorship, has taken over ir this long-running production of Ariel Dorfman's powerful three-hander (Duke of York's 071-836 9837).

 For ticket information about all West End shows, phone Theatreline from anywhere in the UK: Plays 0836 430959 Musicals 0836 430960 Comedies 0836 430961 Thrillers 0836 430962

their Italian tour on very short

notice. Fortunately, the Soloists of

Zagreb - who arrived from their

war-torn country under difficult cir-

cumstances - were able to replace

the defectors and performed with

unruffled, admirable grace and pre-

cision. Particularly effective were

Janaček's youthful Suite for strings

and the Haydn C-major cello con-

certo no. 1 with Lysy as the stylish,

Last year, the Incontri invited a

contemporary composer - the Ital-

ian-Canadian John Rea - to spend a

understated soloist.

MUSIC AND DANCE Royal Albert Hall 19.30 Henry Wood Proms: Peter Maxwell Davies conducts the BBC Philharmonic Orchestra in works by Mozart, Tchaikovsky, Beethoven and Maxwell Davies, with soloists Della Jones, David Wilson-Johnson and Colin Carr. Tomorrow: Dmitri Kitaenko conducts the Danish Radio Symphony Orchestra. Sat: Rozhdestvensky conducts the BBCSO. Sun: Claus Peter Flor conducts Weber and Mendelssohn. Mon: Christopher Hogwood conducts an all-Bach programme. Next week's Proms feature Yuri Bashmet, John Tomlinson and Klaus Tennstedt (071-823 9998) Barbican 19.30 Travelling Opera

In Le nozze di Figaro, also tomorrow. Sat: La bohème. Sun: Il barbiere di Siviglia. Mon: Moscow Philharmonic Orchestra. Next Wed, Thurs, Fri: Academy of St Martin in the Fields (071-638 8891)

Royal Festival Hall 19.30 English National Ballet in Ashton's production of Romeo and Juliet, also tomorrow and Sat. Next week: tribute to Fokine (071-928 8800)

■ NEW YORK Alice Tully Hall 19.30 Davis Jerome conducts concert

Gerard Schwarz conducts li re pastore (CenterCharge 721 6500) Avery Fisher Hall 20.00 Pinchas Zukerman and friends play chamber music by Mozart and Schumann. Tomorrow and Sat: Edo de Waart conducts Mostly Mozart Orchestra in works by Mozart and Haydn, with soloists Jeffrey Kahane and Pinchas Zukerman. Next Mon: concert performance of Lucio Silla with Cecilia Bartoli (875 5030) New York State Theater 20.00 Guido Almone-Marsan conducts Nicholas Muni's production of La traviata, with Joan Gibbons as Violetta. Tomorrow: La

■ ROME TERME DI CARACALLA The final production of the season is Aida, with five remaining performances between

tomorrow and Aug 23. Lorin

bohème. Sat and next Wed:

Carmen (870 5570)

Turandot Sun matinee: and Tues:

Maazel conducts a concert performance of Porgy and Bess on Aug 26, and Mstislav Rostropovich conducts an orchestral concert on Aug 28 (488 3641)

■ SAN SEBASTIAN

SAN SEBASTIAN FESTIVAL The Teatro Victoria Eugenia next week hosts two performances of Pier Luigi Pizzi's Monte Carlo production of L'Italiana in Algeri (Mon and Wed). Bruno Campanella conducts, with a cast

Including Martine Dupuy, Simone Alaimo and Rockwell Blake. Claudio Scimone conducts a programme of Rossini arias on Aug 22 and 23, followed by a concert of Czech music with Josef Suk and the Prague Chamber Orchestra on Aug 24. Simon Estes is soloist in a concert conducted by Lionei Friend on Aug 25, Christian Zacharias gives a piano recital on Aug 28 and the Frankfurt Radio Symphony Orchestra gives concerts on Aug 29 and 30 (481160)

■ WARSAW Poland's

quarter-hour.

enriched summer.

internationally-renowned contemporary music festival, Warsaw Autumn, runs from Sep 18 to 27. This year's programme includes a large dose of Stockhausen, with the composer directing his own ensemble. Other guest artists include the Hilliard Ensemble, Les Percussions de Strasbourg and the Matrix Ensemble of London, who will perform Michael Finnissy's Vaudeville, Elgar Howarth will conduct Ligetl, and there will be a Berio and Henze concert conducted by Ingo

Metzmacher.
The Polish input is led by the National Philharmonic Orchestra and Choir, who give the opening programme of works by Gorecki and Murail, and the Sinfonia Varsovia under Jerzy Maksymiuk, who conducts Penderecki and Szymanowski (Rynek Starego Miasta 27, 00272 Warsaw. Tel/ Fax 310607)

European Cable and Satellite Business TV

MONDAY TO FRIDAY CNN
2000-2030, 2300-2330 World Business Today — a joint FT/CNN production with Grant Perry and Colin Chapman

Super Channel 0830-0800 (Mon) FT East Europe Report — weekly Indepth analysis from FTTV 2130-2200 (Tues) Media Europe — what's new in European media business 2130-2200 (Wed) FT Business Weekly - global business report with James Bellini with James bollin 0830-0900 (Thurs) Media Europe 2130-2200 (Thurs) FT Eastern Europe Report 0830-0900 (Fri) FT Business

Sky News 0130-0200 (Mon), 2130-2200 (Thurs), 0530-0800 (Fn) FT Busiess Weekly

SATURDAY

CNN 0900-0930 World Business This Week - a joint FT/CNN production 1900-1930 World Business This

Super Channel 1930-2000 FT Eastern Europe

SUNDAY CNN 1030-1100, 1800-1830 World Business This Week

Super Channel 1800-1830 FT Business Weekly

Sky News 1330-1400, 2030-2100 FT Business Weekly

FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Tel: 071-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700 Thursday August 13 1992

From Yukon to Yucatan

PRESIDENT GEORGE Bush gave vent to some uncharacteristically ringing phrases when he announced yesterday the completion of 14 months of negotiations for a North American Free Trade Agreement. It was, he said, "a good day for America, a good day for North America". It was also, he might have added, not a bad day for his own re-election campaign. At next week's Republican party convention in Houston, he will be able to boast an achievement in two areas - foreign and economic policy - where he has lately been found wanting. And for the rest of the campaign, while the US debate on whether to ratify the accord gets underway, he has a trade policy stick with which he hopes to beat his Democratic

But was yesterday really a good day for the three signatory states - the US, Canada and Mexico and, more particularly, for those other countries and companies that invest in and export to them? The answer in both cases can only be a qualified yes.

The agreement will undoubtedly achieve some important political and economic aims: it should stimulate trade between the parties, help Mexico's President Carlos Salinas de Gortari lock in his liberal economic reforms, and assist his country on the road to prosperity - all objectives understanda-bly close to Washington's heart. in time, if other Latin American countries are allowed to join, the accord could help to spread market-oriented policies throughout the American bemisphere.

Restrictive rules

Yet in some areas, it is questionable to what extent the agreement encourages free, as opposed to managed, trade. Highly restrictive rules of origin on car parts and textiles could tie the hands of foreign investors in Mexico and place other exporters at a significant disadvantage. Its protectionist arrangements for agriculture extend the iniquitous US sugar regime and may worsen the position of impoverished Caribbean sugar exporters. Within the free trade area, it sets high environmental standards that may erode some aspects of Mexico's comparative advantage.

enough to render the overall of inward-looking, managed trade?

agreement objectionable - at least, not as it stands. Indeed, the ed Nafta probably sets up fewer impediments to external investment and trade than have been imposed by the European

Congressional pressure

What is worrying is that the accord unveiled yesterday may not stand - that Congressional Democrats will overturn the "fasttrack" authority that was granted to the Bush administration for approval (or rejection) of the package as a whole, and then seek to inject more protectionist regula-tions on the environment and on the labour market. That is certainly what Mr Richard Gephardt, the House majority leader, threat-ened to do last month. If he finds himself being forced to accede to Congressional pressure to subvert Nafta's liberal intentions, President Bush would be well-advised to call the whole exercise off.

That would be a pity. A genuine free trade agreement would bring great benefit both to North Amer ica and the rest of the world provided, that is, it does not come to be seen as an alternative rather than a complement, to multilateral free trade.

While the deal may not be inherently incompatible either with the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade or with the sagging Uruguay round, there is a danger that it will become a political substitute for the latter - and thus postpone further the chances of completing it.

A Uruguay round agreement is still the most important trade prize which President Bush could offer his electorate. For the US, trade with other regions of the world is still more important than trade within North America. Little more than a quarter of US exports go to Mexico and Canada - a proportion that is likely to change only slowly once the agreement comes into force in 1994. This means that the US still has a real incentive to complete a multilateral accord bringing services and farm trade under the Gatt more, perhaps, than the EC whose member states do 74 ner cent of their trade with one another. Will the US and Europe respond, or will they find them-

Risks facing Russian reform

THINGS ARE rotten in the state of Russian reform. Worse, the west's tardy assistance makes it appear as much a part of the problem as of the solution. If things continue to slide as they have in recent weeks, the question will soon be asked: who lost Russia? The answer would be that western small-mindedness played a substantial part.

The fundamental error of the west has been to view reform in the former Soviet Union, particularly in Russia, as just another of those problems of impoverishment that beset it. This attitude explains why assistance was offered too late and was probably too little. That is also why the inward-looking and overstretched Bretton Woods institutions have carried so much of the burden.

The west's stand-point shows a weak grasp of strategic imperatives. It is wrong because the col-lapse of a heavily armed super-power creates risks and opportunities on a much greater scale than, for example, Brazil. Reforming Russia is the most important economic challenge since the reconstruction of post-

The west's stand-point also shows a weak grasp of the economic requirements. Russia needs more moral support, more material aid and vastly more technical assistance than most other economies in difficulty. Without such support this round of reform will collapse in hyperinflation, possibly quite soon. The growing influence of industrialists whose skill lles in producing goods that nobody wants and the return of a central banker whose skill lies in printing money may not be sur-prising. But the consequences are predictable. Optimists may argue that a Weimar-style collapse could be the harbinger of real reform. But it could also mark the return

Grudgingly approved It is already clear that the Russians are unlikely to receive further balance of payments or budgetary support this year on top of the pairry \$1bn "first tranche" credit that the IMF has grudgingly approved. In addition, the obsence of a medium-term debt service reduction agreement is hampering the Russian ability to plan reform late.

عارف الرابعية وبالرابعي والمناطقة

at all. Meanwhile, western technical assistance is largely of the "fly in, lecture and fly out" variety. Yet Russia needs access to a wide range of western competence to solve the huge technical problems

it faces; and it needs it on tap. The west - probably under the purposive US leadership that has been so signally lacking - should have reached the following conclustons: first, macroeconomic stabilisation cannot be made a condition for assistance, but should be viewed as its hoped-for consequence: second, givers of technical assistance must work alongside the Russian government; and third, structural reform - the introduction of a market economy - is as important as stabilisation. quite possibly more so.

Required assistance

Moreover, it is far from clear that the IMF and the World Bank are the right institutions to deliver the required assistance. They were not thought the right institutions for postwar Europe. It may already be too late to

reverse the loss of momentum. But the effort should be made. Given the depreciation of the rouble, quite modest sums - as little as \$5bn-\$8bn - should enable Russia to balance its budget. The fiction that a few months from now Russia will service its debts mus also be abandoned. It will not. A few years from now might be another matter. Furthermore, the group of seven industrial countries should ensure an adequate

flow of technical assistance. Assistance should not be given without conditions. But an austere target for this year's budget deficit is a misconceived precondition. The purpose of the assistance is to

help close the deficit Above all, assistance should not be delayed until there is little risk of failure. Any assistance to Russia involves risk. But rarely can what is being risked have been so small - just a few billions of dollars - against the potential

By waiting until the Russian government demonstrates it is likely to succeed, the west greatly increases the likelihood of its failure. Western governments must act decisively and involve themselves more fully, before it is too

leaner water means much higher water bills. That is the unpalatable logic which Mr Ian Byatt, director-general of Ofwat, the water industry watchdog, wants to drive home with his report The Cost of Quality,

published today.

Mr Byatt, who has won a reputation as a confrontational regulator, will give the the first formal estimates of how much it will cost the 39 water companies of England and Wales to meet new European Community environmental rules. He will also say how much customers' bills might rise between 1995 and 2000 as a result.

The report, known as the Strate-ic Assessment, is expected to give gic Assess a range of figures for capital spend-ing, from the minimum needed to meet regulations up to the "pure green" standards favoured by environmental groups. Its projections are likely to be controversial on several fronts

First, it will show that new environmental rules have pushed the industry's capital spending obligations far above the £28bn estimated in December 1989, when the 10 large water and sewerage companies of England and Wales were privatised. Second, the increase will reopen

the question of who should foot the bill – shareholder or customer. Customers' bills, already set to rise by 60 per cent above the level of inflation during the 1990s, could rise even more steeply. That will add to the row about whether the Scottish water industry should be privatised. already set to be one of this autumn's political battlegrounds. Third, Ofwat wants water compa-

nies to spend the next six months asking customers how much they are prepared to pay for higher water quality. But users may find the choice between quality and price perplexing and worrying, although most customer complaints to Ofwat are now about high bills. In the words of one water company's finance director: "If you suggest lower water standards to most people they back away as if you are handing them a glass of filthy

The degree to which Ofwat's report stirs up debate will depend on the figures it gives for water companies' investment obligations because of new EC environmental

The government's original estimate of £28bn struck three years ago was made up of the cost of meeting EC directives on drinking water and beaches, plus some "catching-up" after a decade of under-investment. The 29 small water supply companies which remain in state hands had to pick up £4bn of the burden, but the other £24bn was to be borne by the 10 public water and sewerage companies, which planned to spread it evenly throughout the 1990s.

However, several large water companies now estimate that the total investment programme, if all directives are interpreted as stringently as possible, could total some £60bn, double the original figure.

tion since privatisation is the EC directive on municipal waste water. Companies have to begin to treat more thoroughly the water and sewage they discharge into rivers and the sea. But the alternatives to present methods - such as building incinerators - are expensive.

The Water Services Association, which represents the 10 public comnanies. suggests that complying with the directive could cost £10bn. Individually, the companies put the cost to the industry at anything

The industry could have to spend up to £60bn to meet EC rules. But who should foot the bill? Bronwen Maddox reports

Quality of water is not cheap

from £8bn to £15hn One reason for the wide range is that the exact interpretation of the directive by UK regulators is not yet clear, and companies hope the Ofwat report will help clarify the choices. Since privatisation, the Department of the Environment has also accelerated the clean-up of beaches, following the European Commission's threat of court action. Several water companies estimate this could add several billion pounds of spending.

They also estimate that it could cost £2bn to £3bn more than originally expected to meet the existing EC directive on removal of pesticides from drinking water. This month's report by the Drinking Water Inspectorate of England and Wales showed an apparent slight increase in the level of pesticides, but was unable to determine whether the increase was real or was due to a change in sampling

A World Health Organisation report later this year on acceptable levels of lead could also add £2bn to 23bn pounds to spending, the com panies say. Almost all lead present in drinking water comes from the pipes connecting the customer's house to the mains, not from mains water itself. But replacing those supply pipes would be an expensive and lengthy process.

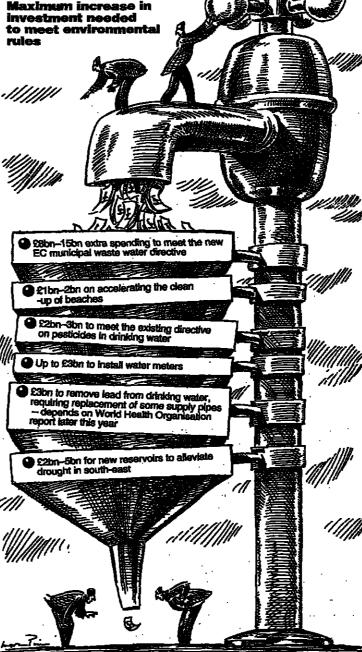
The cost of fitting water meters to households is a further unknown; estimates range from £500m to £3bn if most of the country was covered. Both Mr Byatt and Mr Michael Howard, the environment secretary, have thrown their support behind some metering as one of several measures to help curb the growth in demand for water.

But even with meters, the southeastern water companies still foresee a water shortage, which could force them to build reservoirs. The cost could be £2bn to £5bn, City observers estimate.

Ofwat will do both the water industry and customers a great service by turning its spotlight on these costs, which have been the subject of intense debate in the UK since privatisation.

Of particular importance will be the regulator's views on the minimum investment needed to meet quality standards. Several water companies have argued that little of the total is discretionary. However, observers, who sugge is in the water companies' interest to warn of the high cost, argue that the inescapable new investment is probably as low as £10bn to £15bn. They point out that much of the spending can be postponed until the next century, beyond the five-year window of Ofwat's projections.

What do the new investment burdens mean for customers' bills? This is the section of Ofwat's report that will provoke the most intense debate. Share prices of the water companies have been sliding in the



week on City fears that Mr Byatt may suggest that profits and dividends take some of the burden off water bills.

On the crudest calculations, if all customers, then the rise in bills would be steep. Consumer groups fear that bills could rise even more than the estimate made at the time of privatisation - 60 per cent above the rate of inflation.

However, the water companies emphasise that the relationship between capital spending and customers' bills is complex. The eventual rise in hills depends acutely on the rate of return on investment, the choice of debt or equity for funding, and the assumptions made

The most sensitive of those issues, from the companies' point of view, is whether Ofwat allows them to earn as high a rate of return on their new investment as they have

on past projects. They are worried

that Mr Byatt would want to see a

lower figure for future investment. The water companies will also want to establish quickly whether the investment can be funded by debt, or whether they will have to raise new equity on the stock market. A precise estimate of the extra spending between 1995 and 2000 is critical, as this is the period when the public companies will be under greatest financial strain. On present plans, City stockbrokers predict

that the companies will have debt-to-equity ratios of about 50 per cent at the worst point, and that interest charges will eat up about a quarter of operating profits. Shareholders are unlikely to welcome a worsen-

ing of those ratios. Mr Byatt's comments on these points will give a clue to his current thinking on the thorny issue of how profitable the water companies

The Strategic Assessment is one of the few formal statements that Ofwat will make before the Periodic Review in 1994, when it will review

the companies' pricing structure.

At privatisation it was agreed that water prices would rise each year by the retail price index plus a factor K, where each company was alloted a different K. Ofwat and the water companies tangled last year year over the issue of future levels of K, when Ofwat questioned in a consultation paper whether profitability was too high.

The issue has resurfaced in the past month with the failure of British Gas and its regulator Ofgas to agree acceptable levels of return.

Questions of profitability and the level of water bills will also come under intense scrutiny this autumn when the Scottish Office is due to announce whether the Scottish water industry should be privatised. Mr Tom Clarke, shadow Scottish secretary, says that in his view there is no doubt bills will soar under privatisation, and the Scottish TUC has pledged to fight the proposals "tooth and nail".

quipped with today's report, the water companies will have a further chance to debate these points with Ofwat. However, Mr Byatt also wants them to spend the next six months turning Ofwat's national projections into local figures, and asking their customers what level of service they

That is admirable in principle, but could prove tricky in practice. The water companies have long argued that many of the present standards are far higher than those needed to protect health. They have some basis for their claim that parts of the 1980 EC drinking water directive were passed in a wave of envi-ronmental enthusiasm with little regard to the costs.

But as the directive is already in force and much of the investment has been made, the scope for customer choice on that and many other topics may be limited. Mr Colin Skellett, group managing director of Wessex Water, said: "There needs to be a debate, but customer choice is only at the

The real choice may lie not with customers but with the Department of the Environment, the National Rivers Authority and the Ministry of Agriculture. Farms and Fisheries when they decide how stringently interpret the small print of the

EC waste-water directive. In bringing the full cost of envi-ronmental rules into the open, Mr Byatt's report may also discourage new regulations from without considering the impact on

If it does that, it will have performed a public service. It will also be welcomed by the City if it removes some of the uncertainty hanging over the companies.

But if its conclusion is that bills are set to rise even more steeply, it is likely to inflame the wider debate about the water companies' profit-ability and about the benefits of privatisation - a debate that is a long way from being settled.

BOOK REVIEW

Policy and pragmatism

he trouble with the concept of industrial policy is that it means different things to the same people. Most of us would agree, if asked, that industry is likely to be better run by indus trialists than by civil servants. Many of us would also confess to a nagging sense that when it comes to the national interest, reason ought to work better than blind market forces. These positions are basically incompatible. That does not stop us holding both at once.

When it comes to European as opposed to national policy, it gets more tangled again. Most informed opinion in the EC would doubtless think it a good thing for Europe to have a competitor in, say, electronics or aerospace big enough to take on the giants of Japan or the US. But the British or German public might feel differently if the company in question turned out to be Italian or French. They might also take a different view on whether the aforesaid competitor deserved to be supported by EC funds. Martin Bangemann, the EC com-

missioner for industry, has written a book which positively bristles with suppressed contradictions. He would probably not mind it being so described. He argues, as a politician, for compromise and dialogue. In politics, he remarks, this kind of thing passes as normal, since poli-tics is considered a dirty business. Talk between government and industry, on the other hand, is regarded as a sin against free trade.

This needs to change.
This does not necessarily make Bangemann an old-style interventionist, or indeed a dogmatist of any identifiable kind. Backing industrial sectors on strategic grounds, he says, only works if governments act like the private investor and think in terms of risk and reward. Anything else leads ultimately to subsidy. Subsidies are not a bad thing by definition, he adds cautiously.

MEETING THE GLOBAL CHALLENGE: Establishing a successful European industrial policy By Martin Bangemann Kogan Page £14.95. 155 pages

But propping up unprofitable companies by subsidy is "the most expensive and detestable form of social policy: pointless work is almost worse than no work at all". If the book has a unifying thesis,

it is that the best hope for European industry lies in the competitive discipline imposed by the single market. Companies which can hold their own in the single market are ready to take on the world. This need not mean giant European corporations: "Small is not always weak, and unprofitable and big is not always strong."
On examination, this last bit

looks like a tactical disclatmer. In discussing industries as diverse as electronics, shipbuilding and aero-space. Bangemann works round to the conclusion that what is needed is size and agglomeration. European companies are generally not very big by comparison with their Japanese or American competitors. Size, he says, does not automatically mean monopoly. The European Commission needs to accept the single market as the yardstick in applying competition policy. All this, of course, brings Bange-

mann into direct conflict with his opposite number Sir Leon Brittan, the competition commissioner. Sir Leon has provided a foreword to the book which is a model of the diplomatic put-down. "A thought-provoking book . . . An important contribution ... Few readers, I suspect, will accept everything in this book ... there is much, indeed, that I would dispute myself."

All the same, Bangemann makes

a powerful case against the idea that industrial policy can consist of leaving industry alone: what one might term in a UK context the Lilley doctrine. The fact is that governments are deeply involved whether they like it or not. They are, for a start, very important industrial customers. How they exercise their purchasing power -buying the cheapest possible rather than the technologically advanced, or giving orders to domestic companies to keep them in business - has a profound effect on how competitive those companies become in a wider world. When it comes to government orders, as Bangemann says, supply is only as good as It is also hard to disagree that the

worst possible type of industrial policy is "that which is conducted half-heartedly and with a bad con-science". Indeed, the lack of a visible industrial policy can be danger-ous. The likely result, as Bangemann says, is a concealed industrial policy, disguised as social, research or regional policy. In the final analysis, the Bange mann approach is pragmatic. This leads to different answers for different industries. Shipbuilding needs active EC intervention and funding The car industry needs the gradual introduction of Japanese competi-tion as a means of forcing European carmakers to address world mar kets. The electronics industry needs the competition authorities to get out of the way so that it can get on

with its own amalgamation. In each case, the approach is only as good as the analysis. In some cases there is, as Sir Leon would say, much to dispute. It follows that one does not come away from this short and readable book with a sense of a master-planner at work. And, some might say, a very good thing too.

Tony Jackson

PRIVATIZATION IN GREECE INVITATION TO PARTICIPATE

PIRAIKI PATRAIKI GROUP OF COMPANIES

In accordance with the Greek Government's decision to transfer a number of State controlled companies to the private sector, "Greek Exports S.A." intends to sell the total assets of the following

1. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI COTTON MANUFACTURING CO SA.

2. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI SIROS SPINNING MILL S.A.

3. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI SAMOS SPINNING MILL S.A. 4. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI NEA PERAMOS SPINNING MILL S.A.

5. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI KARPENISI SPINNING MILL S.A. 6. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI CHALKIDA WEAVING MILL SA 7. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI NEA IONIA SPINNING and

WEAVING MILLS.A. 8. PIRAIKI PATRAIKI PATRAS SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS S.A.

"Greek Exports S.A." have been exclusively mandated by Industrial Reconstruction Organization S.A. and PIRAIKI PATRAIKI GROUP OF COMPANIES to act as the liquidator for the above mentioned companies according to the Greek Law

The Piraiki Patraiki Group is a major producer of large variety of cotton textile products. Its line of products can be divided into three categories:

b) Sportswear/Apparel fabrics consisting of three types: * Cordinoy * Plate

* Flats Household : c) Household:

This group covers sheets, blankets, quilts, bed spreads, lowels and bathrobes cic.

About 40% of Group's output is exported mainly to the Western European Market

For the Offering Memoranda and for further information on the proposed sale procedures and timetable, interested parties should

Greek Exports S.A. I.R.O.
17 Panep@timiou St. 234 Syngrou Av.
Athens

IRO.

Athens Athens Tel: (01) 3243 111-5 Tel: (01) 9513 224 Fax: (01) 3239 185 Pex: (01) 9568 788

- Save us all from the credentialist fad

f there is one unon tioned business belief of our time it is the need for more vocational training in the UK. This has replaced socialism as the theme song of John Smith's Labour party. As shadow chancellor, his answ to every problem was to call for more training - or sometimes more "training and investment".

AUGUST 13 1997

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ivestment. He was, of course, knocking t an open door. One of the few academic books defending the Thatcher decade. by Geoffrey Maynard*, made an exception of inadequate training effort. Nor was the Conservative government behindhand in following its

ritics.
Despite very recent fluctus tions, central government spending on training trebled between 1978 and 1980. Total training expenditure, including individual loss of earnings to learn on the job, and expenditure by business, amounted in 1986-87 - the last year for which such a comprehensive estimate is available - to £33bn, or some 10 per cent of GDP. This was over and above

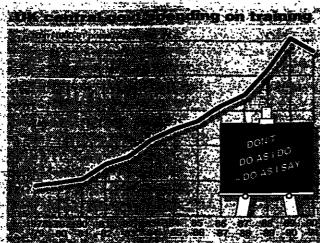
education as such. A small dent'in the contemporary orthodoxy is made in a new study by JR Shackleton for the Institute of Economic Affairs.** It is not quite the neat surgical demolition for which I had hoped. But it does cast some very necessary doubts on the whole fad.

The idea that training is the main factor behind differences in national economic performance goes back to some pioneering studies made by an American economist, Edward Denison, in the 1960s, Denison tried to identify the contribu-tions to growth from factors such as the expansion of the labour force and capital stock. His characteristic finding was that such statistical explanations left an unexplained residual, usually accounting for about half the growth rate in the better performing economies. Differences in training are simply one guess out of many attempts to explain the growth residual. But it is more difficult to establish a direct connection. The former Central Policy Review Staff - or cabinet think-tank - which was ing, failed to do so in a report studies.)

Training can be divided into transferable skills useful in a wide variety of workplaces, and specific training of little use outside the company pro-viding it. Most kinds of training have an element of both, but the distinction is clear. There is a theoretical danger of inadequate training in trans-

ferable akills. This is because

By Samuel Brittan



employers will lose the value of the training they have provided to those who walk across the road to rival companies. In that case the benefits to the economy are "external" to the company itself: hence the jargon word "externality". But this theoretical deficiency does not mean that the more the government spends on training, the better. Shack-leton, unable to find any rate of return estimates for vocational training, cites a Department of Education paper for university degrees. This shows personal returns to the graduate from higher education more than three times as high as the social return. Both rates

of return are based on differ-

actually changed very little. This is what American educationalists call credentialism." The UK has a similar proportion of the workforce with degrees and higher educational qualifications - about 17 per cent – as its main Europe competitors. Where it lags is in intermediate vocational qualifications. But training on the job is not always worse than paper qualifications, many of which

have a remote connection with performance. The IRA study has a useful warning about the muchpraised German system based on formal apprenticeship and compulsory instruction in vocational schools. It is a highly corporatist system.

RATES OF RETURN TO A FIRST DEGREE, UK 1981-85

Personal rel	les (%)	Social rates (%
Social sciences	32.5	12.1
Engineering	34.0	7.
Sciences	23.5	8.0
Arts	10.0	0.1
All aubjects	27.5	8.0
Source: Dept at Education and Science, Top-up Loan	s for Students	

ences between graduate and non-graduate earnings. But the private costs exclude govern-ment grants and contributions to fees and other university expenditure. Hence the much higher return. (The almost unbelievably high return to social science studies may be hardly a force against due to the inclusion of subjects high-minded centralist think- such as law and business

> Estimates of both rates of return may, however, be swollen to the extent that qualifications are used by employers as a filter to sort candidates. As Shackleton says: "Jobs which you could have obtained 20 years ago with O-levels now require A-levels or even degrees if you are to have a chance of getting them - even though the skills required have

China Clays' chief executive

establishment figures.

Lord Hunt, the former

all in their 70s when they

retired from the Pru's board

after the annual meeting in

first of a clutch of new

Pru's boardroom table.

non-executives expected to

take their place around the

example of what the Pru is

looking for when it chivvies

strengthen their own boards.

He has rejuvenated English

China Clays and is one of a

new generation of younger

watening.
Even so, his judgment can sometimes be suspect. He backed Michael Heseline in

the Tory leadership contest

That said, he hasn't yet put

a foot wrong in his business

■ Smart money is on Andrew

Foster to replace Howard

The appointment will be

seen as a further attempt by the commission to mend its

following Lady Thatcher's

resignation in 1990.

Audit trail

business leaders worth

watching.

companies it invests in to

In many ways he is a classic

Cabinet secretary, Lord

Butterfield, a former

Chambers of commerce, Land governments and unions together lay down tight specifications for about 400 recognised occupations. The laws prevent people setting up handicraft workshops and

other enterprises without hav-

ing a meister qualification: a

system gently mocked by Rich-

ard Wagner in his opera more

than a hundred years ago. three or more years - often much too long in modern conditions. A tell-tale sign of the real purpose of the system to prevent low wage competition - is that unions are pressing for yet longer apprentice-ships. Many skilled workers do

not in practice use the skills

for which they are trained and

ent occupation. One study by an Anglo-German foundation found that samples of British young people were more enterprising in learning new skills and in reported experience of information technology.

In Britain, most of the government's training effort is being transferred to the Training and Enterprise Councils (Tecs), which are largely under the control of employers. But is it really such a good idea to place such responsibilities on part-time top executives? And is not the Conservative government's emphasis on businessmen doing its work for it indicative of a profound confusion about how an open market economy is supposed to work? In practice, chief executives drawn from the government Training Agency will be in control.

Another not-so-innocent body on the horizon is the National Council for Vocational Qualifications. By the end of 1992 it is hoped that 80 per cent of the workforce will be subject to NVQ, which has its own ambitions. All other certifying bodies must accept the NVQ philosophy. For government training funds are tied to NVQ recognition. In Shackleton's words: "Economists would not, as a general rule, accept that monopoly status of this sort is likely to encourage independent innova-

tion and experimentation." Indeed, one of the new system's severest critics has been Sigmund Prais, who was a pioneer of the movement to improve training and education, but now observes: "Too much emphasis has perhaps been placed on employers' needs for personnel capable of doing their immediate jobs, and too little on the longerterm needs of the economy and

There are some better ideas, such as the government's Training Credit, which young people can use to select their own courses from approved lists. So far, the take-up has been limited, where it has been tried. One problem is that it is aimed at 16 and 17-year-olds, many more of whom are staying on at school. An extension to 18-plus might help.

Meanwhile, a tell-tale symp tom is the high ratio of people talking about training, administering it or generally pushing round compared with the numbers actually helping young people to learn. The training industry is becoming a vast vested interest, dependent on government patronage, no worse but no better than other such interest groups. *The Economy Under Mrs Thatcher, Blackwell, 1988. **Training Too Much?, Instisubsequently work in a differtute of Economic Affairs, £6.95.

orime minis ter's dismissal of worries about bureaucratic rule from Brussels as childish

will not do. Two symptoms of the rapidly growing power of Brussels spring to mind. The main departments of state are spend ing increasing amounts of their time in dealing with Brussels regulations, either real or anticipated. Second, leading companies are spending increasing amounts of money to maintain a presence in Brussels, both of observers and legal representatives. The reason is clear: they perceive that policy Brussels is prevailing.

What is disturbing for many people who are basically pro-European is that, since the Danish referendum, a British government allegedly concerned about "subsidiarity" has seemed to be playing the game of Mr Jacques Delors, president of the European Commission, and the French government, out of a spurious need to convince itself that our partners, especially the French and Germans, are convinced of Britain's commitment to Ешторе.

in light of that, fears have been expressed about Mr John Major's stubbornness, about the danger of inflexible commitment to the Maastricht treaty simply because he

helped to negotiate it. But the real danger lies elsewhere. What is taking place in Europe at the moment is a competition - one between three different models of the state to become the model for the European Community as a whole. These models are the French, the German and the British. The French model is essen-

tially a bureaucratic one, despite moves towards decentralisation in France in the last decade. The power of the French presidency has no real counterpart in other European countries, so that it has often been said under the Fifth Republic that the Elysée governs through the upper echelons of the civil service, sometimes virtually ignoring the prime minister and cabinet.

In such a system there is inevitably a large arbitrary element in decision-making, an element that encourages a scramble to shape decisions at the top by interests and groups that are well-placed. The crucial thing about the French

PERSONAL VIEW The British

Models for Maastricht

By Larry Siedentop



Power game: there is no real counterpart to France's President François Mitterrand elsewhere in Europe

model of the state is that it can easily be exported - for it amounts to little more than a formalisation of a centralised decision-making process, with minimum of constraints. Power is the name of the game. The German model of the state is at the other pole from the French. Partly inspired by American federalism as well as

by the diversity of Germany before its unification under Prussia in 1870, the German constitution takes enormous trouble to create different spheres of authority and to protect each from the others minimising the risk of encroachments from the central or federal government, not least by means of a powerful constitutional court.

or the Germans, therefore, talk of a "federal" future means a future with strict constraints on the growth of central power and adherence to the goal of a Rechstaat, the rule of law. Authority is the name of the

The British model of the state differs from both of these. Apart from not being federal, and vesting sovereignty in "the monarch in parliament", its hallmark is its informality, its reliance on precedent and customs - its common law char-

acter, so to speak. In effect, the British model relies upon the existence of a distinct political class which agrees about the methods, if not the goals, of government. Until recent decades, it was also associated with considerable decentralisation of political power - although that was always de facto rather than de jure, and proved vulnerable to extreme centralising pressures during the Thatcher years. But what has survived even the dangerous centralisation of recent years, the virtual demise of local autonomy, is a model of government which is essentially consensual - putting a premium on mutual agreement governed not so much by formal principles (as in the Rechstaat) but by "common sense" - that term so used and abused in British

in spite of its absurdities, that appeal to common sense does reveal something about the consensual character of this idiosyncratic political system, a form of the state in which custom is the name of

political discourse.

However, today the idiosyn cratic form of the British state is the rub. For it is a form of the state that cannot be exported. It is too embedded in a particular social context to make export possible. It relies on instincts, intimations and even social pressures which cannot be created ex nihilo.

Yet the British government and the political class have not really faced up to this problem. They go on relying on that British model as if it could be exported - and in doing so they are creating a danger that the least morally acceptable form of the state is the form that will prevail in the European Community.

The model that the British government has been holding up to Europe suffers from a serious lack of clarity. But that is a key to the fact that it is a model inspired by the British state in its traditional form, a form which does not inspire clear constitutional ideas. The appeal to "subsidiarity" resembles nothing so much as the de facto decentralisation which long accompanied parliamentary sovereignty - an alliance of central authority and local autonomy which was in a sense devoid of principle and dependent on manners or habits for the allocation of responsibilities between the centre

and the periphery. But "consent" in that traditional British form cannot now provide any adequate guidance for the construction of the EC. All that can be said about it is that as a model it requires more than mere economic association but less than federalism. Apart from that, it

remains guesswork. But to offer guesswork at this stage is extremely dangerous, for it is accompanied by strong attacks on the goal of a federal Europe - the goal which has long inspired democrats in Germany and smaller countries such as the Netherlands. In that sense, the reliance on the radically unclear British model of the state has been joined to rejection of the German model of the state for European construction.

What, then, remains? It is the French model, with its inbuilt predilection for power rather than authority. And that, of course, is precisely what lies behind the Maastricht agreement and pressures to move ahead rapidly along its lines. It amounts to an attempt to impose the French state on the rest of Europe.

The author is a fellow of Keble College, Oxford,

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

Not a tiny computer company

From Mr Adam Harris. Sir, With reference to your article on personal computers of July 17 (Management: "Customers form queue for chips in newspapers") I would like to clarify what is obviously a misunderstanding about Opus

Technology.
The article indicates that Opus is a "tiny company" with British Rail as its largest customer. I would just like to point out that Opus has a turnover of £55m, only some £5m short of Elonex, employs some 170 people and has an installed computer base of some 300,000 systems. We were also rated by the consultants Romtec and Dataquest to be equal No 1 in direct sales, only a few points behind Elonex in the total PC

don. etc. Also, British Rail is not Opus's largest customer, as stated in your article, and although being a major user of Opus systems, makes up less than 12 per cent of our total business. Opus has a corporate base which includes some very large names and accounts for

market and ahead of Dell, Tan-

45 per cent of Opus business. Finally, I would mention that Opus is one of the few (if not the only) companies which manufacture and fully meet BS7002/IEC950 Health & Safety approval Adam Harris, managing director,

cajoled into taking early retire-

Opus Technology, Redhill Business Park, Bonehurst Road, Salfords, Redhill, Surrey RH1 5YB

UN cannot respond to crisis in Somalia if it is starved of funds

such costly new challenges.

sound advice for governments

to be selective in donations of food and to avoid high-value

commodities, such as rice and

vegetable oil, which often

Sir, There are many good proposals in the article by Julian Ozanne (Personal View:

"Hard lessons of Somalia's suffering". August 10) and one can only hope that it will be carefully read by those in a position to help. There are, nowever, two weaknesses in

his proposals.

In the first place, while he blames the United Nations – which in his view "has failed to respond adequately to the crisis" - he himself later on points to a major reason for this, le lack of resources. When talking of the need for a "massive and costly airlift" he says that "so far the funding for it has not been pledged". There's

attract violence and looting. The trouble is that even the low-cost food which he wants sent - ie wheat, maize and sorghum - also invites violence and looting in the desperate situation where everything ment, while a cursory glance

the rub. Major industrial coun- is scarce and any kind of food tries have for a long time sysbecomes a weapon of war. The tematically marginalised the only alternative would be to UN for any economic and social activities. The US in parsaturate the country with the simple foods so that it is not ticular is not even paying its worth fighting about any more. current contribution for the But this raises the question of resources for such satura-UN's normal work, let alone tion and does not deal with the In the second place, he gives problem of looting the food to starve your enemy. Mr Ozanne

> lords, that "this type of obstruction must stop". Does Gen Mohamed Farrar Aideed read the FT? H W Singer,

says, addressing Gen Mohamed Farrar Aideed, one of the war-

Institute of Development Studies University of Sussex, Brighton BN1 9RE

No mention of women over 40 From Ms Elizabeth Balsom.

Sir, It is all very well for the Social Security Advisory Committee ("Retirement age of 65 proposed for men and women", August 4) and Howard Davies ("The pragmatic option on pension equality", August 7) to trumpet the virtues of raising the retirement age for women to 65, but they fail to address the issue of how likely women of that age are to find employers who want them. I know many women in their 50s who have been coerced or

It may suit the Treasury to withhold the state retirement

at the jobs column in any "quality" newspaper, including your own, indicates that anyone older than 35 need not waste time dusting off her (or indeed his) CV. If the old song is correct and "nobody loves a fairy when she's 40", what chance has she when she's 60plus! It certainly seems unlikely that many UK employers will be lining up to investigate her charms.

pension until women reach 65, but does it suit Mr Davies's members to keep employing them? This is an aspect of the debate he failed to mention. Perhaps you could persuade him to pen another article on this very point. As for the gov

ernment, if ministers are intent on raising women's retirement age, they should surely follow the lead of the United States and make it illegal to discriminate on grounds of age. Americans of my acquaintance gawp in horror at your appointments pages since, by their standards, the bulk of the advertisements you carry in your New York edition are breaking the law. Elizabeth Balsom, 16 Coalecroft Road, London SW15 6LP

Recruiting and keeping union membership

From Mr Chris Rowley. Sir, David Goodhart's article on trade union membership and recruitment (Management: "Stewards shop for new members", August 6), missed three important points:

many of the term trends

seen as working against union-isation were also operating during earlier periods of union growth:

• some unions have gained members in the 1980s; It is not simply a question of union recruitment of members that is critical, but their retention once they have joined.

Chris Rowley, Cardiff Business School Aberconway Building, Colum Drive, Cardiff CF1 3EU

OBSERVER interesting to see who it thinks

Pioneers under fire

■ Scottish bankers like to think of themselves as pioneers. The first Institute of Bankers was founded in Scotland as was the first savines bank and investment

Talk to many of the top

managers in overseas banks like the Hongkong and Shanghai and Standard Chartered and you find that they got their training behind a Scottish bank till. But when it comes to playing with paper money, the Scots are way behind. The Royal Bank of Scotland is making much of yesterday's decision to stop burning its old bank

notes after 264 years. Next week, an environmentally friendly granulator will take Lord Younger was on hand to help chief stoker Joe Kelly torch the last £1m in front of an invited media cast. The

bank has even issued a tie to commemorate the event. For once, the Royal Bank seems to be one step ahead of its Scottish rivals. The Bank of Scotland and the Clydesdale still burn their notes, although the Clydesdale plans to stop

However, the Bank of England has not burnt its notes for several years now and the last English bank to stop issuing its own bank notes was Fox Fowler & Co, over 70 years ago. How much longer are the Scots going to be

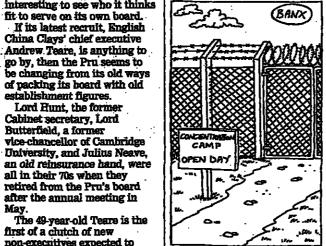
Pru's new man ■ Since the Prudential. Britain's biggest institutional

investor, is always banging

on about the need for strong

non-executive directors, it is

Davies as controller of the Audit Commission.
The commission is expected. allowed to carry on this unpatriotic practice? to announce later today that the 47-year-old ex-social worker who has worked for two formerly loony-left London councils is to head up the local government watchdog.



bridges with local government. Under Howard Davies, the commission appeared increasingly critical of government policy, especially on the introduction of the poll

tax.

A recent report on housing was delayed until after the election, so unfavourable were its conclusions for Whitehall. Foster is clearly from the local government world; he was assistant director of social services for Haringey, north London, and director of social services for Greenwich, south

London, and the county of North Yorkshire. Equally important for the commission, which is responsible for NHS efficiency, Foster has health service experience as general manager of the Yorkshire regional health authority. He has been deputy chief executive of the NHS Management Executive since last year, working under Duncan Nichol to see through

the government's health service reforms.

Perhaps his chief attraction for the headhunters Spencer Stuart and Associates was that he has never worked for McKinsey, the management

consultants. (Howard Davies and his predecessor Sir John Banham both came from the McKinsey stable.) Whether Foster will follow both of them to become director-general of the CBI

Good golly ■ Are the Australians showing

remains to be seen.

signs of Neighbourly remorse? Having inflicted their soap opera on the Brits for more than five years now, they are preparing to indoctrinate the younger generation with tales of the times when Mr Plod ruled the pavements.

BBC Enterprises, which bought the rights to Noddy, the 40-year-old Enid Blyton character, earlier this year, has just received an order for more than half a million copies of the entire Noddy book series from Australia - that's one Noddy for every three pre-school Australians. The books about the

flop-hatted garden gnome will fill four 40 ft containers. "It's a most significant sale," said a very pleased spokesman from BBC Enterprises. Meanwhile, South Africa

is also showing an interest. The series, stripped of all Blyton's racist immuendos (the controversial Golly has been supplanted by a Goblin), has been specially translated into Afrikaans.

Bubble

■ And what do you think about in the bath? Design guru Sir Terence Conran, former husband of Superwoman Shirley and ex-chief executive of Storehouse, told London's Evening Standard that he likes to lie in his bath and "think about how the towel-dispenser is going to fit into the wash hasin at Quaglino's".

A different impression of the situation in Cuba

Caroline Lewis. Sir, Having ourselves Just returned from Cuba as independent travellers, we find it hard to agree with James Henderson's rather naive conclusion that the Cuban people

... certainly did not seem rebellious" ("Cuba: coping with inscrutable powers", August 9). This portrays an impression of ordinary Cubans impassive to what appeared to us to be an obviously deteriorating situation in their country. Our experience was very different.

As Spanish speakers, we had little difficulty in striking up the father of one such young

who expressed a feeling of hopelessness and desperation; imprisoned on an island and trapped in a political regime they fear and despise.

Shops contain a bare minimum of rationed food - delivery of which is often haphazard. People are going hungry and admit only with embarrassment and shame that they have been reduced to supple menting their diet with cats. Daily, people attempt in desperation to escape on inflated tyres to Florida. The risks of

From Joanna, Rachel and conversations with Cubans man who had beard nothing from his son in weeks. He had no way of knowing whether he was alive or dead. Too often, travel articles go

by the unwritten rule that they be "jaunty" and "amusing" accounts of an unfamiliar system. Too often, this produces a superficial and inaccurate description of a country, its people and views. The people of Cuba certainly deserve better than this. Joanna, Rachel

and Caroline Lewis. Classion Grove, Hammersmith.

IB4

UK close to abandoning balanced-budget pledge

THE British government is close to dropping its commitment to balance the national budget over the economic cycle in favour of the less ambitious targets for fiscal deficits envisaged in the Maastricht accord on European

monetary union.

Mr Norman Lamont, the UK chancellor, has insisted that there has been no shift in policy. but ministers acknowledge that it will be impossible to eliminate the large and rising public sector deficit before the general election due by 1997.

One suggestion is that a Yes vote for Maastricht in the French referendum next month would be followed by a recasting of British fiscal policy in the Treasury's November autumn statement.

It is being pointed out in government that the balanced bud-get doctrine - that deficits in times of recession should be matched by surpluses at the other end of the economic cycle - was framed when sterling was outside the European exchange

rate mechanism. The disciplines imposed by the ERM should allow for a more

cits. This would aim to stabilise over the medium term the ratio of public sector debt to national

Mr John Major, the UK prime minister, is thought to share the view that while the government must not relax its grip on fiscal policy, there is no particular virtue in the present precise, and unattainable, medium-term com-

The depth of the recession has led civil servants to write off the forecast in the March Budget that the budget deficit will fall to just below 1 per cent of national income by 1996-97. They believe the figure could be more than double that.

The Maastricht accord envisages that deficits should not average more than 3 per cent of national income over the economic cycle, with larger shortfalls in times of recession being matched by smaller gaps when economies are growing.

Government officials believe the guideline offers a more realistic target for Britain than one which would imply several years of huge surpluses at the end of the decade to counterbalance the present run of deficits.

ment to stick to next year's target for public spending and to trim the cash totals for subse-quent years is unlikely to make a significant dent in the underlying level of the deficit.

Ministers accept that only a return to the boom conditions of the late-1980s would be sufficient to eliminate, and then replace with a large surplus, a budget shortfall which is expected next year to reach £40bn, about 6 per

cent of national income. Even if the government could engineer such a boom it would undercut Mr Major's central ambition of permanently low inflation.

Mr Lamont has remained reluctant to admit to colleagues that a balanced budget is now out of reach. The chancellor is concerned that the admission could undermine confidence in sterling. But a return of confidence in the ERM following the hoped-for indorsement of Maastricht by the French electorate would provide the backdrop for recasting the Treasury's budget guidelines.
Average budget deficits of

below 3 per cent would also allow a stabilisation of the national debt-to-income ratio.



Farewell embrace: a father says goodbye to his son who is being evacuated from Sarajevo

Calls for UN protectorate in Bosnia

Continued from Page 1

parts of Bosnia "over time". "We are talking about the breaking up of a state," a UN diplomat said. "We cannot endorse it. The question is if we

UN protectorate status might not necessarily facilitate the restoration of Bosnia's original ethnic make-up or the return of the

refugees. The diplomat said croatla was doing "exactly what Serbia is doing". Both republics had "grabbed land. Both are accusing Moslems of setting up an Islamic fundamentalist state in Bosnia. Both are blaming the Moslems for obstructing any so-called peace talks. This is because Croatia and Serbia have

nearly gotten what they wanted

his Croatian Democratic Union was swept into power in last month's elections, said: "In Bosnia-Hercegovina, there are tendencies to create an Islamic state in Europe...this is a world problem, and both Europe and

Baker poised to take over Bush's re-election campaign

By Jurek Martin in Washington

THE TRANSFER of Mr James Baker from the US State Department to effective control of President George Bush's re-election campaign may be announced within the next 24 hours.

Mr Bush refused to confirm or deny what he called "press specu-lation" about his secretary of state and long-time confidant in a television interview on Tuesday night. But several officials said yesterday the announcement could come today or tomorrow. It is not clear whether Mr Baker will resign his post formally, or merely step aside for

the duration of the campaign. In either event, it is likely that his deputy, Mr Lawrence Eagleburger, will take over the formal reins of foreign policy. No confirmation bearings by Congress would be required for this move

until after the election. It is increasingly assumed that Mr Baker will operate from the administration, probably as a special counsellor, rather than the campaign. This would get nications between past and posent members of the government. Mr Lloyd Cutler, a prominent Washington lawyer and political

Washington Post earlier this week that the provision could have prevented Mr Baker from talking to other cabinet members about policy issues. Even operatmg from the White House, Mr Cutler suggested, could present

difficulties under the act, The Republican hope is that Mr Baker will do for Mr Bush what Dukakis, the Democratic candidate, in the polls, though by nothing like the margin he now trails Mr Bill Clinton.

\$5bn military aircraft order. In Washington efforts began in Congress almost immediately to

president was seriously consider-ing the sale, which had been requested last year. He denied sale was linked to the loan guar-

military expansion programme forces in Kuwait. Saudi officials have warned privately that if the US could not meet the order it might have to turn to Britain for additional Tornado aircraft.

Meanwhile, Palestinians have

ian spokeswoman, said: "If the loan guarantees are given while settlement activities are continuing, this invalidates the role of the US as a peace broker."

Negative Arab reaction can be the resumption of peace talks month. Arab officials have indicated greater understanding in private of domestic pressures on Israeli leader, and Mr Bush. Congressional leaders have told

Mr Bush there is no prospect of the loan guarantees being approved before September, and there are still doubts about whether Mr Bush and Mr Rabin agreed that the cost of completing houses already being built in the occupied territories should be deducted from the total amount the US will guarantee.

israel sought yesterday to reinforce its claims that it was doing all it could to rein in settlements by announcing a freeze on house purchases in Arab east Jerusalem. It also announced that apartments acquired by the Israeli Ministry of Housing under the previous pro-settlement Likud government would not be

vague when asked by Israel radio whether the US accepted his distinction between "political settle-ments", which he abhors, and "security settlements", which he

"Wisdom lies in how to achieve what you want, in this instance guarantees, without causing a

radio links. This is likely to fuel Arab con-Mr Bush has sought to smooth differences on settlements to placate US Jewish voters in the run-up to the presidential elec-

he did in 1988, when he resigned as treasury secretary to take over round a provision of the 1989 the campaign. At that time, Mr cerns of a secret deal in which Ethics Act that restricts commu-Bush lagged behind Mr Michael

German cabinet backs curbs on health spending

Continued from Page 1 interpreted as interference with a citizen's right to practise his

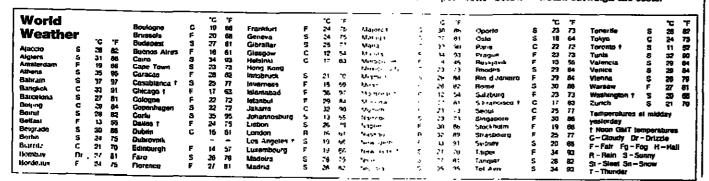
The minister's plan, which includes an obligation for consul-

tants to pay half their private fees to the hospitals in which they work, and the introduction of a 10 per cent contribution from patients to drug costs, is mainly a holding operation. His aim is first to restrain cur-

rent cost increases, and follow up in 1995 with structural changes.

Meanwhile, hospitals will be forced to economise and drug companies will have to freeze their prices for two years at a level 5 per cent below

the moves as an "emergency operation". The health insurers' organisation said the benefits would outweigh the costs.



US may go ahead with Saudi order for warplanes

By Tony Walker in Cairo and Roger Matthews in Washington

A US agreement on \$10bn in loan guarantees for Israel brought warnings yesterday that it could endanger the Middle East peace process and an indication that the administration might accept a Saudi Arabian request for a

extract concessions from President George Bush on other issues, to facilitate speedy pas-sage of the loan agreement. Senator Christopher Bond urged the administration to proceed with the sale of additional F-15 fighter aircraft to Saudi Arabia and warned that 40,000 jobs, most in his home state of Missouri, could be at stake if Riyadh's request

A US official said later the that further consideration of the

antees agreement with Israel. Saudi Arabia has asked for up to 62 F-15 aircraft as part of its following the defeat of Iraqi

accused the administration of bias for providing the loan guarantees needed by Israel in its attempts to absorb a flood of Soviet immigrants. Mrs Hanan Ashrawi, Palestin-

seen partly as posturing ahead of with Israel in Washington this

Full details of the agreement reached by Mr Rabin and Mr Bush at the president's Kenne-bunkport holiday retreat have not been divulged, but the Israeli leader indicated they had reached private understanding after some

difficult discussions.

Mr Rabin was deliberately

confrontation between two con-trary positions," he said.

Tracking antenna systems use a RADSCAN feed and micro-processor control to automatically lock on to the signals generated from the trials aircraft. The technology was pioneered by EMP for tracking missiles during the mid Seventies and the company is optimistic that further requirements for ts equipment will arise as the EFA

lest range contract

flight trials programme moves ahead.

■ Ferranti Technologies of Lancaster Pennsylvania, has been awarded a contract worth \$13.5m to continue the development of a weapon system test range facility for a customer in the Middle East.

The new contract covers additional ground stations and facilities to enhance operational capability and increase capacity for test participants. It follows the successful completion of the initial phase of a programme to install a fully instrumented range facility, in-country.

THE LEX COLUMN

Moving targets

The gilts market has long since given up assuming the government would live up to its commitment to a balanced budget over the economic cycle. Accordingly, it is unlikely to be per-turbed to learn that the government itself is now having second thoughts. Thanks partly to the weak equity mar-ket, there has so far been little difficulty financing a PSBR which this year will be well over £30bn. Nonethe-less, the Treasury faces a delicate task in communicating the change of heart to the outside world.

One danger is that spending ministers will conclude that the purse strings are about to be loosened, making the autumn spending round all the harder. Another is that financial markets will interpret the dropped target as a sign of flagging resolve. Sterling as well as the gilts market could then suffer at a time when the dwindling prospects for economic growth mean the PSBR is rising as a proportion of GDP. The budget forecast was for a deficit of 4.5 per cent this year and 4.75 per cent next. The figures now look more likely to be around 5.5 per cent and 6 per cent respectively.

This is well below the double-digit deficits of the 1970s, but the PSBR still requires careful handling. The government would be greatly helped by a "yes" vote in next month's French referendum on the Maastricht treaty. If ERM stability is threatened by a "no" vote, the fiscal screws may have to be tightened further, whatever long-term fiscal target is by then in place.

Commercial Union

Interim figures from Commercial Union suggest that the upswing in the UK insurance cycle is arriving earlier and more strongly than the market had dared hope. Like General Accident, CU nudged into profit in the second quarter and sees underwriting conditions improving from here on. Unlike the competition, however,

CU has been building UK market

share. Premium income from non-life business grew at an annual rate of 19 per cent in the first half. The natural suspicion is that this inevitably involves sacrificing quality, but there is scant evidence of underwriting weakness in the figures released yesterday. Indeed, CU is already making an underwriting profit on private and commercial motor business, domestic household lines and - were it not for the loss on bomb damage to its own headquarters - industrial fire insurance as well. The only trouble with

NEWS

REVIEW

Tracking antenna

Tracking antenna systems supplied

by Electro-Magnetic Processes of Chatsworth, California, a division of

specified for use in the flight testing of

the European Fighter Aircraft (EFA)

The equipment forms part of a real-

time data acquisition ground station

built in conjunction with flight test

specialista, Microdyne of Florida for CASA - Spain's principal EFA

The first examples of the new fighter

aircraft will be fitted with instrumentation to collect flight trials

data necessary to refine aircraft

handling and certify its performance.

While much of this data will be recorded on-board and unloaded after each

flight, a proportion will also be transmitted to ground stations by RF

systems for EFA

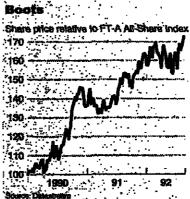
BUSINESS

flight track

programme.

contractor.

FT-SE Index: 2303.1 (-6.5)



such success in the present climate is the implication that CU could be less well geared for recovery than some weaker rivals.

The investment portfolio also has a defensive aspect. Only a quarter of assets is held in equities, with UK equities accounting for perhaps 20 per cent of this modest total. However, CU remains bearish and sees no reason to position itself for a recovery in UK corporate earnings. If this judgment proves correct, its own shares could still outperform both the market and the sector. They already offer one of the safer 7 per cent yields in the mar-

Boots

Given previous hiccups, the UK authorities' decision to license Manoplax must be a great relief to Boots. Now the hope is for full approval in the US, so that Manoplax can be sold to treat heart failure either alone or in tandem with other drugs. Unfortunately, even this success serves only to buy Boots a little time. Its pharmaceuticals division has little in the pipeline and Boots is a tiddler in a market

increasingly dominated by leviathans. The company could hang on and reap good margins and cash flow from pharmaceuticals, accepting that it does not have the resources to become a major force. But selling out to a larger company has a strategic logic. With economies of scale in research and development, and the large sales forces needed to make drugs into market leaders, a bigger firm might squeeze more from Boots' existing products. A buyer might also improve Manoplax's marketability by combin-

ing it with other heart treatments. For Boots the trick is to choose the right moment to sell. Estimates of a drug's earnings potential prior to launch are pretty speculative. A couple of years from now Manoplax's prospects will be clearer, more clinical trials will be completed and the drug will have started to acquire a track record. If that proves the right time, it still leaves the question of what Boots would do with the money. Shareholders must hope that the Ward White acquisition is no guide.

Queens Moat

Queens Moat's interim figures do lit-tle to correct the reputation for profli-gate expansion which caused it to turn repeatedly to its shareholders for rights issues during the 1980s. In contrast to Rank, which has imposed firm discipline on its capital spending during the recession, net debt rose by £65m to around £790m during the first half. This added 15 per cent to Queens Moat's interest bill, in turn marring a 16 per cent rise in operating profit.

In theory, the company should now be able to contain its borrowing. It has a sufficient presence in Europe to allow further expansion to be achieved in ways which generate rather than consume cash, such as leasing, management contracts and franchising. Gearing is only 60 per cent, even on the conservative basis with which Queens Moat values its assets. So there is no immediate need for more capital. Just the same, the market needs convincing of the company's self-discipline before putting the shares on a rating that reflects its ability to rise out the recession.

Japan

Rumours that the Japanese Ministry of Finance would allow banks to avoid disclosing losses on stocks were quickly denied yesterday, but the markets believe there is something to the story. Remarkably, bank shares were marked up despite the fall in the stock market; although the rise was small. Even in Europe, deferring the day of reckoning by six or 12 months might occasion a little rejoicing. Nor are UK investors immune from swallowing tall accounting tales. That said, Japanese investors must know that no amount of balance sheet magic can alter the awful stock and property losses facing the banks. The pain of asset deflation will not be soothed by jiggery-pokery.

ADVERTISEMENT-

£5m fire service system for Greater Manchester

Ferranti International of control systems in the UK Fire Wythenshawe, Manchester, has Service some 13 years ago. been awarded a contract worth Designed to provide in excess of £5m by the Greater extremely high levels Authority. The contract, won after an

exhaustive competition, is for Swinton, which handles over 90,000 emergency calls each Ferranti International, have been year.

The new system will be the first of a second generation of Fire Service command and control systems to be purchased in the UK. It will replace a system the brigade, pioneered the use of or workload changes. computer based command and

Manchester Fire & Civil Defence reliability essential to a major emergency service, its key elements include a central command and control system, a the supply of a command, control digital communications network and communications system for to 4l fire stations, 5 divisional the Greater Manchester Fire headquarters and other sites, a Service's control centre at mobile data system and an integrated voice management

system. An important feature of its design has been the use of international 'open standards' to provide a flexible system which can be developed to meet future operational demands as might installed by Ferranti who, with arise from either organisational

Australian ATC simulator

simulator built by Ferranti Computer various degrees of pressure.

Systems Australia, has entered service

The simulator incomp with the Royal Australian Air Force School of Air Traffic Control at East Sale, Victoria. Developed in conjunction with the Australian Government owned Aeronautical Research Laboratory the system introduces innovative techniques to achieve high fidelity

Known as Austower, its purpose is to and surface traffic movements to create provide a realistic but cost effective all the challenges involved in managing training environment in which students a busy airport under various visibility can obtain experience in air traffic conditions, day or night.

■ An air traffic control tower visual management and field operations under The simulator incorporates authentic control position with the external view from the tower represented by a computer-generated

graphic display extending over a 225 degrees field of view horizontally and 34 degrees vertically.

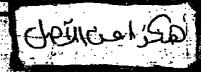
In operation, training instructors can call upon a combination of real-time air

Farnborough Air Show

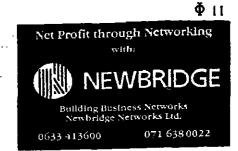
At Faruborough '92 Ferranti intelligence information systems. International will be showing a The company will also highlight its range of products including flight involvement in civil air transport with instrumentation and military air traffic control training simulators electronic countermensures systems; ground-based air defence command and year is on the development of practical

air traffic control training simulators and operational systems. The focus this control systems; data-links and systems for command, control, range instrumentation and battlefield communications and information.





Thursday August 13 1992



More restructuring for Monsanto

Mg Richard Mahoney, chairman and chief executive of Monsanto, keeps on juggling the com-pany's assets. After two large restructurings in the 1980s, the process continued this month with the sale of the Fisher Controls valve and systems subsidiary for \$1.27bn to Emerson Electric of Saint Louis, Missourl. Page 13

Research head suspended UBS Phillips & Drew, the leading securities firm, has suspended the head of its UK research department because he refused to

cancel publication of a book which is critical of the accounting techniques used by many of the UK's biggest companies. Page 12



Queens Moat Houses' continental European notels helped the company lift half-year pretax profits 5.4 per cent to £38.1m (\$72.8m) in splte of continuing gloom in the UK. Mr John Bairstow (left), chairman, said the company would continue its programme of "vigorous expansion"

on the continent. "The UK will progressively become one of our major areas of operation, rather than the mainstay of the business." Page 16; Lex. Page 10

Ford puts £135m into Jaguar Ford Motor of the US

has Injected £135m (\$257m) in new equity capital into Jaguar as part of a financial

restructuring of its troubled UK luxury car subsidiary. The recapitalisation, disclosed in Jaguar's annual report, has been forced by the size of the losses suffered by Jaguar in the past three years. Page 15

Ghostbuster at Bunzl

The ghosts still walk at Bunzi, but less often, says Mr Tony Habgood, the chief executive brought in to exorcise the paper and packaging company's chequered past. "They don't parade around every night any more, perhaps just once a year," he says. Page 15

Free market pain in Bulgaria

The move to democracy and a market economy in Bulgaria has left its metals industry in crisis. Domestic sales have fallen 60 per cent as construction, electronics and machine building industries have floundered in the free mar-ket. Page 18

Shares in European tyre Michelin companies could soon

Share price (rebased)

suffer if worsening conditions in the UK tyre replacement market 150 The best performance 1992 Aug this year has been by Michelin of France. Back Page

Market Statistics

Base lending rates Benchmark Govt bonds

Managed fund service Money markets New int. bond Issues

Companies in this issue

Allied Group Brandon Hire Commercial Union Doğuş Fed Dept Stores Fleming (Robert) Ford Molor Heywood Williams Jaguar Kansallis-Osake-P

Keppel Corp London United Invs

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11 Moorfield Estates 16 Nestle 16, 11 Nichols (JN) (Vimto) 15 Nippon Housing Loan 15 Norgeskreditt 15 Nove Nordisk
15 Novo Nordisk
12 Phillips & Drew
16 Polly Peck Intl
13 Queens Moat Houses
16 Rank Organisation
15 Richardsons Wigarth
15 Salemon Berkers 15 Salomon Brothers 16 Shealbank Property 16 Sunbop 16 Swissair Taylor Nelson AGB Telebras Trans-Natal 13 Trans 16 USX Union Cervecera Ward Holdings

Chief price changes yesterday

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islis -				Sandona Con	285	_	45
ed Express	41 lg	_	214	Teikoku Sen-i	222	-	36
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rown Eyeglass	170	•	7	Bensons Crisos	81	_	11
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шосэнр	286	+	11	Culteris	25	_	7
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The control of the co

Nestlé deal to buy Perrier runs into snag

lan Rodger in Zurich

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992

THE DEAL struck last month between Nestle and the European Commission permitting the Swiss food group to acquire Perrier has been shaken by the discovery that the French mineral water company does not own at least one of the eight springs that Nestle has agreed to sell as part of

And the real owner of the Thonon spring, the city of Thonon-les-Bains on the south shore of the Lake of Geneva, says it will not automatically approve the transfer of the concession that it had ceded to Perrier.

Mr Paul Neuraz, the mayor of Thonon, wrote a letter to Sir Leon Brittan, the EC competition commissioner, on July 30 explaining the city's position, but he has not yet received a reply. The situation is potentially

troublesome. The commission's ruling on the Perrier acquisition obliged Nestlé to sell the eight minor brands with a view to creating a third force in the French mineral

It stipulated further that the purchaser had to be approved by the commission.

have to be approved, at least in

respect of the Thonon spring, by the city of Thonon-les-Bains.
An EC official conceded yesterday that there was a problem. Nestle said it was unaware of

the town's ownership until a few

days ago. From the time we made our bld for Perrier in January until the commission approved it on July 22, we were not allowed to look inside Perrier," a spokesman

He added that it was possible but not yet clear, that another of the eight springs to be sold, Vichy, was also held under a con-

"I think we can find a solution that will satisfy Brussels and the legal requirements of Thonon," the Nestlé official said.

Thonon authorities worry that they will be the losers. Their Interest is that their spring be exploited to the maxi-

The Perrier concession is due to expire in 1994, and the town has just negotiated a boost in annual output, now about 35m litres, to 300m litres, as a condition of renewal

It faces the prospect that the eventual purchaser of the other minor Perrier brands might not be as enthusiastic as Perrier Now the purchaser will also about boosting output from the

Hong Kong opens inquiry into Lee Ming Tee empire

By Simon Halberton in Hong Kong

THE FUTURE of Mr Lee Ming Tee's sprawling property-based empire was placed in doubt yesernment appointed an inspector investigate flagship Allied Group and four other companies associated with

The government acted on spread to other markets Shares in Kwik-Fit, the advice from the Hong Kong Secu-UK tyre and exhaust fitrities and Futures Commission ter, have fallen by more (SFC), the corporate watchdog than 50 per cent to 98p which, for the past nine months, since the start of June. has been investigating Allied's

intra-group share dealings.

The inspector, likely to be named within a week, will investigate Allied Group, Allied Properties, Crusader Holdings, Paragon Holdings and Wai Yick.

In addition the SFC has gained suspension in share trading of five other companies connected with, or believed to be connected with, Mr Lee. Mr Lee is of Malaysian-Chinese

extraction and is an Australian The source of his wealth has

citizen. been a mystery, as was his decision to quit Australia for Hong Kong in 1986.

He is, however, noted for his

KANSALLIS-Osake-Pankki

(KOP), Finland's largest commer-

cial bank, announced yesterday

that it would take a FM 1.7bn

(\$422m) financial injection from

the Pinnish government to

strengthen its capital base and

improve its capital requirement

The capital provision will bring

an estimated immediate increase

of approximately FM20bn in the

bank's lending capacity. The group's half-year results are due

to be released at the end of next

month and are expected to show

The capital injection comes from a FM8bn provision made by

the Finnish government in June

to strengthen the capital base of

Finnish banks. This follows the

creation earlier in the year of a FM20bn government deposit

guarantee fund established in

response to a serious deteriora-tion in the country's banking sec-

tor caused by mounting loan

Mr Pertti Voutliainen, KOP's

chairman and chief executive. said the bank had been looking

ing its capital base to ensure cap-

adequacy requirements

a continuing loss.

By Robert Taylor in Stockholm

KOP to take FM1.7bn

government injection

astute move into the colony's excitable property market. Last year he acquired control of Asia Securities - one of the companies whose shares were suspended yesterday - from Mr who joined the Allied board in

Allied directors said they would co-operate fully with the inspector. They had not been warned that the group's shares would be suspended, and would seek an early resumption of trading after discussions with the SFC and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The appointment of an inspector follows an SFC investigation into share dealings connected with an ambitious plan, announced by Mr Lee in Novem-ber, to merge three listed associate companies with Allied.

Under pressure from shareholders he was forced to improve the terms of share swaps he proposed on two occasions. However, in February Allied

said it had abandoned the proposed mergers because of a review by the SFC into share dealings.

The SFC is empowered to conduct only preliminary investigations of companies.

would "under no circumstances

constrain its business operations.

by the state has turned out to be the most attractive alternative."

The capital investment offered

As a result of the capital injec-

tion KOP said its capital ratio

would rise nearly 1.5 per cent

under both Bank for Interna-

tional Settlements and local regulations. At the end of April the

bank's capital ratio stood at 8.9

a preferred capital certificate and carries a coupon of 0.5 per cent a

ernment Treasury Bills until the

KOP's action follows its reported loss of FM526.6m for the

first quarter of the year and a loss of FM1.64bn for the whole of

1992 as a result of non-performing

Since he became head of KOP

last February Mr Voutilainen has

been carrying out a comprehen-sive rationalisation of its organi-

sation. This has included halving

the size of its executive commit-

tee, a cut of 10 per cent in the bank's payroll by the end of the year and a shift in the focus of

KOP's activities to basic banking

services through a reallocation of

its capital from property.

The injection takes the form of

per cent.

Speed of Salomon Brothers' return to health in wake of scandal is unmatched by regulatory changes, writes Patrick Harverson US bond market

year ago this week investigators from the Treasury, the Federal Reserve, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Justice Department were crawling all over Wall Street to find out who had been involved in the rigging of billion-dollar treasury auctions. At the same time, on Capitol Hill, politicians were demanding a complete regulatory overhaul of the bond market in the wake of what one congress-man said was "financial treason".

One year on, Salomon Brothers, the principal culprit, is in remarkably good health, even f the scars have not fully healed. The firm was forced into radical change after its bond-trading desk was discovered to have faked customer orders in treasury bond auctions. Much credit for weathering the storm has been given to Mr Warren Buffett, who took over as interim chairman of Salomon in the wake of the scandal and stepped down in

June this year. Last month the firm reported second quarter pre-tax operating profit of \$647m, the largest by a publicly quoted Wall Street secu-

rities firm. The bond market however looks much like it has for decades. The process by which the treasury sells the government's securities - which a year ago almost all agreed was anti-quated and shoddily supervised - is virtually unchanged. This week, for example, the treasury will sell \$36bn in new securities,

them before the scandal. Some minor reforms have been introduced. For one, more institutions are eligible to become primary dealers. Yet the number of primary dealers (39), is the same as a year ago - the cost in committing to being a primary dealer has kept newcomers away.

in almost the same way it sold

The auctions remain dominated by a handful of big primary dealers, and most institutional buyers submit bids for bonds and notes through the dealers. The dealers have to cope with stricter surveillance by regulators, new rules about record-keeping, and random spot-checking of customer bids. The Salomon affair taught many dealers a sharp lesson in supervision, says Mr Patrick Rothstein, head of government securities at Merrill Lynch. He says: "The players [in the of what can happen if you take your eye off the ball for a few

The treasury says it will supply extra securities after auctions if it detects prices are being forced up by a supply shortage resulting from market manipulation. The new weapon has not been used, and the treasury hopes the threat will deter price "squeezes" of the kind Salomon created last year.

takes time to heal

Steady hand: Warren Buffett, billionaire rescuer of Salomon Brothers

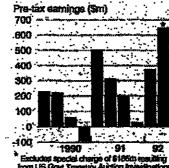
Some important planned reforms reallocation of regulatory responsibilities among government agencies and the automation and redesign of the auction process - are a long way from

of in-fighting on Capitol Hill.

A turf battle between different congressional committees has meant legislators have been

implementation, mostly because

Salomon Brothers



unable to agree on the transfer of

The plan to give the SEC a regulatory role in the bond market has run into opposition. Mr Junius Peake, a financial consultant who testified before both congressional banking committees about market reform, says the secretary of the treasury should have a free hand to manage bond market operations: "Tm a little nervous about him being second-guessed by the SEC."

Government officials admit testing of a new computerised auction process is some way off. and that it might be years before a system is operating.

Ultimately, major market reform is unlikely because the government opposes it, Mr Jerome Powell, under-secretary of the treasury for finance, said recently: "I don't think fundanental changes in the bond market or in the way traders do business are called for, or will

The investigation into whether other firms colluded with Salomon to break treasury market rules also seems to be progressing slowly. The authorities are keeping silent, but the roles of several of Salomon's clients whose names were linked to an auction the firm rigged last May

The Salomon executives who is the long term. resigned over the scandal will probably face civil charges related to the fact that they reporting the bond desk's illegal

activities to regulators. The man at the centre of the whole affair, Mr Paul Mozer, the former head of bond trading at Salomon, is negotiating a plea bargain agreement with government prosecutors.

In a recent interview breaking his silence of a year. Mr Mozer said he was responsible for only one "spur-of-the-moment" infraction of the rules, and maintained he was being made a scapegoat by the media, congress and the new management of Salomon.

Salomon still has to fight more than 50 lawsuits related to the scandal but its management believes the worst is over. Salomon is suffering from

cores of staff departures and defections that came in the first six months after the scandal, and it is only now regaining its foot-ing in the profitable securities underwriting business. it has also had to set aside

almost \$500m from the past year's earnings to pay government fines, settle SEC charges and cover the cost of future law-Yet, restructuring of the firm's management in the past year,

rationalisation of Salomon's comhave been investigated, including the powerful money managers Mr. resources to emphasise the firm's George Soros and Mr Michael ... sure strengths of bond sales and Steinhardt.

It may be too early to tell, but Salomon could emerge from its troubles a better firm. Governsame can be said about the treasury bond market, which they claim is better run and more efficiently regulated.

The lack of real progress on

regulatory reform, however, and the likely long wait for the automated auctions the treasury promised last year, means the federal authorities have less to be pleased about than does Salo-

Boots has licence for Manoplax

By Paul Abrahams in London

MANOPLAX, the cardiovascular drug whose success is vital for the credibility of Boots' pharmaceuticals drug research, received its first licence yesterday. UK regulatory authorities said the medicine, developed by the Brit-ish retail and healthcare group, could be used to treat congestive heart failure.

The UK pharmaceutical market is only the fourth largest in Europe but the announcement is significant because it demonstrates that Boots has overcome regulators' fears about the drug's safety and effectiveness. Early clinical studies suggested Manoplax was ineffective. Boots shares rose 7p to 429p in

"There is little else more important for the Boots' pharmaceuticals business than Mano-plax. This is its first new drug for a long time and the division will depend on Manoplax to drive growth in the 1990s," said Mr Paul Krickler, pharmaceuti-cals analyst at Goldman Sachs.

Manoplax could generate reve-nues of between \$100m and \$150m by 1995, assuming swift US approval, said Mr Krickler. The pharmaceuticals division's turnover last year was £699m (\$1.3bn), generating operating

profits of £120m, nearly a third of Boots' £374m pre-tax earnings. Sir James Blyth, chief executive, said: "We confidently look forward to receiving further registration approvals in most major markets in the coming The company added that it

expected to have approval in the US, the world's largest market, by the end of its financial year in

Boots takes heart, Page 16

Lex, Page 10

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



\$300,000,000

Pilkington Holdings Inc.

Guaranteed Notes due 1998-2012

Guaranteed by

Pilkington plc

Private placement of these securities with institutional investors has been arranged through the undersigned.

WERTHEIM SCHRODER & CO. Incorporated

August 1992

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Novo Nordisk climbs on strong first-half sales

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen

NOVO NORDISK, the insulin and industrial enzymes giant. reported a 21 per cent rise in first half sales from DKr4.45bn (\$794m) last year to DKr5.38bn and a 42 per cent rise in net profits from DKr458m to DKr649m.

The results were better than expected and reflect a growth in sales volume, as exchange rates remained unchanged and prices stable, said the group. Pre-tax income increased by

36 per cent from DKr693m to DKr941m, including a turn round in net financial items from a DKr24m loss last year to a DKr54m profit this

The group cautioned that stock building by important customers may mean slower growth in the second half. Uncertain conditions in east Europe and an unstable currency situation may also increased adversely affect full-year DKr3.52bn.

earnings, the group said. The interim statement maintained an earlier forecast that pre-tax profits for the year will increase by "at least 15 per

Group investments this year will increase to DKr2bn from DKr1.3bn last year. Major projects include expansion of enzyme and insulin facilities in North Carolina, USA, and a new plant in Denmark for gynaecological products Shareholders'

ed during the half year by DKr631m to DKr10.11bn, some 63 per cent of total

Earnings per share were up by 21 per cent from DKr14.39 to DKr17.42.

Sales increased by 21 per cent to DKr1.59bn in the bio-industrial group (enzymes and plant protection products) while sales by the health care group (diabetics' care and gynaecological products) increased by 18 per cent to

UBS P&D researcher suspended over book deal

By Robert Pestonin London

UBS Phillips & Drew, the leading securities firm, has suspended the head of its UK research department because he refused to cancel publication of a book which is critical of the accounting techniques used by many of the UK's biggest companies.

Mr Terry Smith was given a deadline of yesterday afternoon to tell his publishers to abandon publication, which was scheduled for mid-September. He refused and P&D suspended him on full pay. P&D is considering taking

out an injunction to try to prevent publication of the book, "Accounting for Growth"

The broking firm, which is owned by Union Bank of Switzerland, the biggest Swiss bank, is alleging that Mr Smith

breached his contract and internal regulations. Mr Smith

is contesting the allegations. Mr Smith took on the commission for the book, from publishers Random Century, after discussing the project with senior executives of the firm, including Mr Hector Sants. vice-chairman. Initially, UBS

was supportive of the project.

The book is an expanded version of award-winning research published by P&D in January 1991, which highlighted several accounting techniques used by IIK companies to boost the level of profits they disclose or minimise the level of borrowings shown on their balance

P&D alleges Mr Smith was in breach of regulations for not showing the book to the 200 companies mentioned in it before the book received any publicity.

Union registers £2m profit

By Richard Lapper in London

COMMERCIAL Union, one of the largest UK composite (general and life) insurers, yesterday announced an improved performance in the first six months of 1992, with pre-tax losses falling to £18.1m (\$34.3m) from £26.3m at the halfway stage last year.

CU posted a £2.3m profit in the second quarter, in spite of sustaining a £15m loss following the IRA bombing of its London headquarters in April. First-half figures also indicated that CU, the most highly rated of the UK composites, is increasing premium income

faster than its rivals. Overall underwriting losse fell to £205.2m (from a loss of £228.3m), with UK underwriting losses £95.4m (a loss of £104.3m). Investment income

(net of loan interest) fell to

£129.4m (£145.1m). Life profits fell to £50.7m (£53.7m) while associated undertakings' earnings amounted to £7m (£3.2m). Post-tax operating losses of £23.7m (up from £21.5m) were offset by realised investment gains of £182.4m (against £36.4m). The interim dividend was unchanged at 9.25p per share. There was a loss per share of 5.4p against 5p last

Mr Peter Ward, managing director UK, denied CU was "pursuing an aggressive policy" but accepted CU was writing new business when some of our competitors are shedding business".

Premium income from UK motor insurance rose 52.9 per cent to £102m, reflecting rate increases and a 12 per cent increase in policyholders. Overall UK premium income rose 19.2 per cent to £709.9m. Life premiums grew 42 per cent to £272.2m, on strong sales of a new single premium

Mr Ward said that CU was prioritising making sales of motor policies to drivers aged over 30 a priority and preferred to limit cover to named drivers.

Lex, Page 12

Commercial Swissair searches for flight plan to recovery

s of an aged movie queen, it might be said of Swissair these days that it has a great past. Investors, suppliers and even ordinary Swiss are questioning whether the distinguished airline has a future.

Swissair recently reported a record first-half loss of SFr116m (\$87.8m), a reflection mainly of the cut-throat competition that has broken out on the North Atlantic this summer, but also of more serious structural problems. The result was broadly in

line with expectations, and Swissair bearer shares, which have lost more than half their value since 1989, scarcely moved from the SFr610 level. But the big disappointment among investment analysts was that there was still no sign

At a time when even big airlines, such as British Airways and Air France, are making large-scale alliances to secure market share. Swissair seems unable to establish a convinc-

ing strategy.

the airline was coming to grips

with the challenges of the

They have made a lot of little moves to keep up their quality, but nothing to improve their strategic position," Mr Dominique Bertrand. an analyst at Swiss Bank Corporation, says. "I would like to see them doing something that shows dynamism."

Swissair's dilemma is that its home country is too small to generate enough passengers to

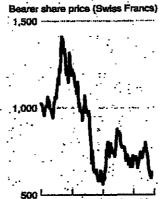
fill the non-stop flights that customers demand of an international airline. In addition, it is based in a country where wages are very high, and wages represent 40 per cent of its operating costs.

In the past, it could overcome these disadvantages by offering a better service than rivals and charging higher prices for it. Today, service on other leading airlines at least equals that of Swissair, and critics say the Swiss airline, which may be something of a paradigm of its country, has been slow to respond to the tougher environment.

Swissair officials find this criticism unfair. They claim they were among the first to see the necessity of strategic alliances, setting up one for long-haul business with Delta Airlines of the US and Singapore Airlines in late 1989 and another with Austrian Airlines and Scandinavian Airlines in May, 1990, the so-called European Quality Alliance.

But Swissair looked to these alliances mainly for support in marketing and cost control. It was unwilling to commit to substantial financial pacts, so it could not force them to

And they have not worked out as well as the group hoped. Singapore Airlines has preferred, for the most part, to continue to go its own way, and SAS and Swissair have been unable to agree on combined aircraft purchase orders. But the biggest setback was Swissair



Delta's purchase last November of Pan American's European routes. This enabled the big US carrier, for which Swissair hoped to be a collector and distributor of European travellers, to compete head on with its partner at its Zurich base. If the two had had a stronger alliance, things might have turned out differently,

There was a mild resurrence of confidence in the group in April when Mr Hannes Goetz, an executive who is credited with transforming the foundries group, George Fischer, was appointed chairman. The shares rose from around SFt700 in early April to their peak for the year of SFr765 in late May.

International airlines struggling to secure their futures, but the Swiss carrier appears unable

to establish a

convincing

strategy writes 1989 90 -91 Ian Rodger Source: FT Graphite

But by then the severity of the North Atlantic fare war was becoming apparent, and Swissair warned its earnings trend was "unsatisfactory", sending the shares plunging again. The North Atlantic accounts for about a quarter of the airline's business, and its returns from there were being hit both by lower ticket prices and by the weakening of the dollar against the Swiss franc. analysts say.

The airline was already in the midst of a four-year programme to slash internal costs by SFr300m, but it suddenly accelerated the pace. It rationalised its freight haulage business, announced 400 redundanin its 6,000-strong administration staff and ordered its two charter subsid-

iaries. Balair in Basle and CTA in Geneva, to combine as many of their activities as possible. Swissair executives remain defensive about their strategy.

admitted recently there were weaknesses in the kind of co-operation agreements the airline had established. But he saw no need to rush out and do a big deal just because British Alrways did one. "Co-operation gives you independence but doesn't bring security. Mergers can give security, but only the security that you will share the same fate. And decision making will be in the hands of oth-

Mr Müller said Swissair still wanted to be independent and try to capitalise on its reputation for quality. "Our future lies in management - among other things, management of airlines. We do not mean to gobble them up but to sell them management services."

Analysts remain unimpressed. "I think things will get better in the next few months, but I do not think Swissair will make enough money to attract investors. says Mr Urs Kunz, an analyst at Crédit Suisse.

Mr Kunz says the airline has to seek a large partner if it is to thrive, but neither the airline management nor the Swiss government bodies which hold 22 per cent of the shares, are ready to think about that seriously. "When the situation gets worse, people will think more about it," he predicts.

Paris bourse suspends MMB shares

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

MMB, the holding company which has been clouded by controversy over its attempts to merge its Matra defence electronics and Hachette publishing interests, yesterday saw its shares suspended on the Paris stock market. The Sociétés des Bourses

Françaises (SBF), which runs the Paris markets, said that MMB's shares would be suspended until tomorrow because of "disorderly movements" in the price over the past few days. Shares were suspended at

FFr92 (\$18.43). The suspension

Tuesday's closing price of

comes at a time when MMB is in the final stages of completing the merger between Matra and Hachette.

It comes shortly after news that Northern Telecom, the Canadian telecommunications group, is investing FFr1.36bn in Matra's telecommunications division, and was negotiating to take a stake in the new merged group.
Mr Jean-Luc Lagardère, the

chairman of Matra and Hachette whose family controls MMB, has come under fierce criticism for his plan to merge the two companies because of the apparent incompatibility of their interests. The merger will include combining some central administrative areas to cut

corporate costs. Mr Lagardère's plan has been seen as particularly sen-sitive given Hachette's recent financial problems following the collapse of La Cinq, the French TV company.

Hachette recently secured shareholder approval for a FFr2.8bn recapitalisation package to reduce its debt and restructure its finances before the merger with Matra. However, the suspension

comes while Mr Lagardère is negotiating with prospective shareholders over the scale and cost of their potential investment in the merged

Norgeskreditt improves

By Karen Fossii in Osio

NORGESKREDITT, the Norwegian private sector mortgage company, yesterday reported an advance in firsthalf operating profit to NKr66.6m (\$11.6m) from NKr54.9m in the last reporting period.

The company previously published interim figures every four months and this year's first half-year statement has been compared with the result at end-August, 1991 converted into half-yearly figures.

Norgeskreditt was listed on the Oslo bourse on July 6 and has expanded its share capital to NKr1.53bn through two share issues. Its equity ratio in relation to risk-weighted balance sheet items is 14.4 per

Net interest income dipped to NKr105.3m from NKr106.9m but credit losses decreased to NKr22.1m from NKr28m. Operating expenses rose 🗇

slightly to NKr26.7m, representing 0.25 per cent per annum of average total assets, from NKr25.8m. Nevertheless. Norgeskreditt said that expenses had

tations. Group loans fell to NKr18.79bn at June 30 from NKr19.46bn at the beginning of

3

developed according to expec-



TRANS-NATAL

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa Registration No. 63/01/00/06)

AUDITED RESULTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 1992

30 June

1991

(Rm)

85

307,0

INCOME STATEMENT		
	30 June 1992	30 June 1991
Sales tonnage (millions)	26,5	27.5
	(Rm)	(Rm)
Sales revenue	1 564,1	1 427.0
Operating income	226,2	180.4
Income before taxation	199,7	162,0
Attributable income	143,6	138,1
Eamings per capital unit (cents)	180,2	172.0
Dividend per share (cents)	0,08	75.0
BALANCE SHEET		

30 June

1992

954.5

195.9

(Rm)

8,5

Group equity 877.6 239,9 257.1 Capital employed 1 202,9 1 134,7 Net mining assets 1 081,7 911.5 Coal and anthracite stocks 66,3 12,0 25.9 17.2 Consumable stores nvestments and other assets 51,4 Net monetary assets (8,5)145.4 Employment of capital 1 202,9 1 134,7

COMMENTS

Cash balance

Permanent capital holders' interest

Outside shareholders' interest

1. For the 12 months ended 30 June 1992, Trans-Natal's attributable income reached a record level of R143.6 million. Total export sales, including anthracite, increased by 6.6% to 11.3 million tons. However sales to Eskom and the inland market declined by 12.5% and 5.3% respectively.

2. Operating income rose by 26% to R226,2 million. The recovery from the effects of the mothballing of Camden and Komati Power Stations continued, as is shown by the 9°-. improvement in operating income for the last 6 months compared to the first 6 months.

Sales revenue increased by R137,1 million to R1 564,1 million, mainly due to increased export volumes and a more beneficial rand/dollar exchange rate.

Higher prices were achieved in all market segments except the Eskom market where the cessation of supplies from the higher cost collieries resulted in a small price deckine. It is considered that volumes to Eskom have now stabilised Cost of sales increased by only 7%. The escalation of mining costs was contained to below 7% per ton due to the benefits arising from capital expenditure on the

modernisation programme, sound performance at Optimum Colliery, an 8% improvement in overall labour productivity and the beneficial effect of rationalisation and capital expenditure at Koomfontein Mines.

The Group continues to provide for its rehabilitation habilities, and at 30 June 1992, the Trans-Natal Rehabilitation Trust Fund balance stood at R74,0 million (1991. R56,5 million).

4. Income before tax for the period under review amounted to R199.7 million, an improvement of 23% compared to 1990/91. The favourable adjustment to the deferred taxation benefits balance of R19,1 million during 1991, arising from a reduction in the taxation rate, was reduced to R7.6 million during the current financial year. This smaller favourable adjustme together with the increased income before tax and the termination of the Section II (bis) exporters' allowances, culminated in a 125% increase in the total taxation charge. The net effect was that income after tax increased by 4.7% to R143,6 million.

5 The Group's net cash position (i.e. cash and liquid investments less long-term Interest-bearing debt) declined to R124.8 million from R213.4 million in June 1991 This was mainly due to the high level of capital expenditure (R224,6 million) and the replenishment of stockpiles.

6 The negative effects of the current low spot prices and r rand will to an extent be cushioned during 1992.93 as a result of the Group's annually priced longterm sales contracts and favourable foreign exchange contracts (38% of the 1992/93 expected dollar receivables was covered forward at 30 June 1992 at an average rand/dollar exchange rate of R3,01 : \$1). Nevertheless Trans-Natal will not be able to maintain current earnings in the 1992/93 financial year.

7. The Board has declared a final dividend of 57 cents per share (53 cents in 1991), in total 80 cents per share for the year under review (75 cents in 1991).

Johannesburg 12 August 1992

On behalf of the Board B.P. Gilbertson - Chairman M. Salamon - Managing Director

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND DECLARATION

Final dividend No. 57 declared on 12 August 1992 -

Last day for registration - 28 August 1992. Payable on 18 September 1992.

Registers closed from 29 August to 13 September 1992. Currency conversion date - 8 September 1992.

colles if the full impousement can be obtained from the office of the London Secretaines, 30 Ety Place, London EC1N 6UA.



U.S. \$300,000,000



Republic of Indonesia

Floating Rate Notes due February 2001

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Panod from August 13, 1992 to February 16, 1993 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 5%% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, February 16, 1993 will denominations of U.S. \$250,000 and U.S. \$10,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank

August 13, 1992



MAURITIUS -

The FT proposes to publish this survey on September 14 1992.

It will be of particular interest to the 92% of professional investors in Europe who regularly read the

FT SURVEYS

Data source." The Professional Investment Communic Worlds do 1941

\$13,000,000 NETWORK SYSTEMS, INC. Common Stock The undersigned acted as agents in the private placement of these securities. August 5, 1992

This announcement appears as a matter of public record only.



BANK OF CREDIT AND COMMERCE INTERNATIONAL SA IN LIQUIDATION REGISTERED OFFICE: AIRPORT CENTER, 5 RUE HOHENHOF, L-1736 SEMNINGERBERG, LUXEMBOURG

NOTICE OF BALLOT OF UNSECURED CREDITORS

The District Court of Luxembourg has by an Order of 20 July 1992 directed the Liquidators of Bank of Credit and Commerce SA ("BCCI SA"), that before the Court takes a final decision on the "Contribution Agreement" and the "Pooling Agreement", they should consult with the unsecured creditors of BCCI SA. To achieve this, a ballot of unsecured creditors on the "Contribution Agreement" and the "Pooling Agreement" is being undertaken. Notices and ballot papers are being sent to all known potential unsecured creditors of the Luxembourg, UK and Isle of Man branches, except customers whose accounts are subject to "Hold Mail Instructions". The closing date for return of ballot papers is 21 September 1992.

If you are an unsecured creditor of any branch of BCCI SA and wish to take part in this consultation and have not received the ballot papers by 19 August 1992, please complete the slip below and return it to BCCI SA, PO Box 46, L-2010 Luxembourg.

Name:		nch:	
Address: .			<u> </u>
	Туре	of claim (please tick):	
		ositor.	
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Country: _		er claim:	
Signed:	Release		
<u> </u>			

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Telebras plans placement of ADRs

By Bill Hinchberger In Sao Paulo

TELEBRAS, the state-owner telecommunications holding company, has received govern **nent aut**horisation to make a foreign equities offering of up to \$500m.
It plans to ask the US Securi-

ties and Exchange Commission for approval of a placement of American denository receipts (ADRs) this month and hopes to make the issue by the end of the year.

To meet that deadline, Telebras is expected to make a private placement under the SEC's 144A provision. It would be the first such offering by a Brazilian company, said Mr Juarez Cordeiro

In May, Aracruz Celulose, a leading puip and paper exporter, became the first Bra-zilian company to be traded on Wall Street by making a \$132.5m ADR offering.

The 144A process is quicker than the level three, used by Aracruz, because company books do not have to be adapted to meet SEC stan-

The offering will help to finance \$3bn of investments for 1992 which include 983,000 additional lines for the coun-

try's telephone system. Mr Ribeiro said Telebras expected to make its fourth Eurobond issue of the year

Federated **Department** Stores cuts net deficit

By Nikki Talt in New York

FEDERATED Department Stores, the large US department store group which recently emerged from bankruptcy, made a reduced \$29.4m loss after tax in the second quarter to August I and an operating profit of \$27.3m. In the same period a year

\$143.8m, while operating profit totalled just \$8.5m. Sales fell year-on-year to \$1.46bn, compared with

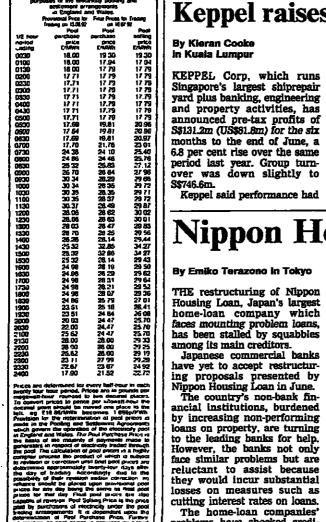
earlier...the net loss -was.

\$1.49bn, but this partly reflects the reduction in stores operated. Federated said that same-store sales increased by 1.7 per cent. The results take the first

haif loss after tax to \$17.6m, compared with \$208m a year

Yesterday, Mr Allen Questrom, Federated's chairman, said the figures were better than anticipated, and he expected a "modest improve-ment" for the rest of the year, with business strengthening

the key fourth quarter. The group takes in over 220 department stores, including the Bloomingdale's outlets, The Bon Marche, Jordan Marsh and Abraham & Straus. Federated shares were unchanged at \$13% yesterday.



Monsanto keeps juggling the assets

Paul Abrahams and Alan Friedman assess the US group's prospects

R Richard Mahoney, chairman and chief santo, keeps on juggling the company's assets. After two significant restructurings in the 1980s the process continued this month with the sale of the Fisher Controls valve and systems subsidiary for \$1.28bn to Emerson Electric of Saint Louis, Missouri, But the US chemicals group

prefers to describe the Fisher sale and indeed its overall strategy as a fine-tuning of its product portfolio that is very much in line with the trend in the sector.

Monsanto is facing a difficult period. After stripping out special restructuring charges in 1991, its underlying net income was down nearly 16 per cent in the first six months of 1992. Mr Mahoney's stated target

of ensuring a 20 per cent return on shareholders capital eems increasingly difficult. The problem is the jewels in Monsanto's crown are looking somewhat tarnished.

Take Roundup, the herbicide and world's best-selling agrochemical. Mr Mahoney said there had never been an agrochemical like it. The product represents 60 per cent of Monsanto's agrochemicals business, whose sales have stagnated at \$1.7bn over the past

Roundup's US and European patents expired last year and by last October its price had fallen by 45 per cent as the group faced competition from generic producers of the same

New agrochemical products are in the pipeline and high hopes have been expressed for Monsanto's new crabgrass herbicide, Dimension. It received US approval last year and Mr Mahoney hopes it will generate \$100m sales.

Monsanto, as the world's seventh largest agrochemical company with 6.3 per cent of the world market, also faces upheavals caused by the reforms of the European common agricultural policy. These threaten to cut demand in the world's largest market by up to 15 per cent over the next three

The company, however, feels



Mahoney: 'Group's structure is mostly in place'

that while changes in the CAP could reduce opportunities in the short term, there are still greater potential gains to be had worldwide from a successful completion of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) negotiations.

The group's efforts to generate other new products have not always been successful. It has invested more than \$1bn since 1981 on biotechnology to try to escape the traditional cycles of the chemicals market. The results so far have been disappointing.

he largest investment, estimated by analysts at about \$250m, was on bovine somatotropin - com-monly known as BST - which is a hormone product designed to increase milk production in

The company is still waiting for US and European regulatory approval and argues that BST will lower the fixed costs of milk production. It is far from clear whether the world's developed nations need more

Meanwhile, other jewels look dull. Nutrasweet, described by Mr Mahoney as the most successful new food ingredient of the past 20 years, comes off patent in December. Last year

Nutrasweet's sales growth was only 2 per cent. Operating in 1991 to \$173m by a one-time restructuring charge.

In the first six months of 1992, Nutrasweet's operating profits were \$87m, down from \$96m because of lower prices mandated by contracts with customers well aware the patent is due to expire soon.

Mr Mahoney expected competition from generic competitors and new products. A new Monsanto product, Sweetner 2000, will be sent to the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) soon. In addition, sales of Simplesse fat substitute have been disappointing and the product is in loss.

Monsanto's Searle pharma-

ceuticals operations, with sales last year of \$1.53bn and operating profits of \$170m, are tiny compared with the industry's giants. The division is suffering from competition from generic producers, but is hoping to launch new products to make up for this. In the first half of 1992 Searle suffered a \$16m operating loss.

Calan, a drug used in treating hypertension, accounted for one third of last year's \$1.53bn of sales. But the FDA has just given preliminary approval to a generic version and this could slash sales of Calan by as much as 50 per cent over the next couple of

The group's performance is not being helped by its chemi-cals businesses which continue to suffer from recession. The division, which manufactures plastics, fibres, resins and rubber chemicals, bore the brunt of last year's restructuring. Sales fell 7 per cent last year from \$4bn to \$3.7bn and a \$478m restructuring charge drove it into a \$154m loss.

Further restructuring cannot be ruled out. "We need to be number one or two in every-thing we do in chemicals and ed to be making money, said Mr Mahoney.

So far, the company has declined to explain how it will use the cash from the sale to Emerson Electric, except to say excess cash might be used for investment in existing businesses, acquisition or share

all Street is con-vinced, however, that Mr Mahaner will choose the share buy-back option to boost his company's

return on equity.

Mr Jeff Clanci, a chemicals analyst at Bear Stearns in New York, says he is convinced the proceeds from the Fisher sale will be used to buy back shares. He does not, however, believe the sale of Fisher is the

last asset disposal.
"I think the Fisher move is not the last piece in the puzzle. The future of this company is such as pest-resistant seeds and other biotechnology products, plus food, health care and chemicals. In chemicals I would expect more joint ventures and outright sales of some of the lower-return busi-

Mr Mahoney has said: "The group's structure is mostly in place. We underwent two major restructurings during the 1980s. If we haven't got it right by now, then shame on

The Monsanto chief must now make his businesses perform. Otherwise he could be left with even fewer assets left

Higher exports lift Trans-Natal **USX** plans to

By Philip Gawith

INCREASED exports higher rand prices and improved productivity helped Trans-Natal, the coal arm of Gencor, the South African industrial group, to lift attributable profits by 4 per cent for the year to June

The improved export climate helped boost sales to R1.56bn (\$563m) from R1.43bn a year earlier, while the cost of sales rose by only 7 per cent to R1.34bn from R1.25bn. Operating income was therefore 25 per cent higher at R226.2m compared with R180.4m. Attributable profits rose by only 4 per cent to R143.6m from R138.1m after the tax charge rose 125 per cent. The dividend is being lifted to 80 cents a share from 75 cents.

Mr Mike Salamon, managing director, cautioned that the

KEPPEL Corp, which runs

and property activities, has

6.8 per cent rise over the same

period last year. Group turn-

over was down slightly to

By Kieran Cooke

In Kuala Lumpur

spot prices, because of large amounts of low cost coal from Russia and Indonesia, meant that earnings would not be maintained in the current year. Increased demand and market share in Spain, Germany

and Japan lifted exports sales to 11.3m tonnes from 10.6m tonnes in 1991. Sales to the inland market were 5.3 per cent lower, at 5.4m

tonnes due to lower demand for metallurgical coal. Sun International Bophutatswana (Sunbop), the South African casino resort group, overcame a proliferation of unregulated gaming operations and difficult operating conditions to increase earnings by 13

per cent for the year to June. Turnover rose 30 per cent to reach Ribn from R772.5m, Mar-

Keppel raises first-half profits by 6.8%

banking, financial services and

had also benefited from contin-

ued growth in the Singapore

prepair yards are now among the world's most com-

petitive, with charges up

to 15 per cent lower

Analysts say Singapore's shi-

The group's property sector

engineering.

property market.

downturn in the world econ-omy and severely depressed R269.2m from R229.5m. Mr Sol Kerzner, chairman

said the opening of the rival Carousel resort in November hit revenues of his group's Marula Sun and Sun City. Interest income also fell to Rlm from R27m following the

use of cash to develop Carousel and the R750m Lost City project at Sun City, a Disneylandtype scheme scheduled to open December.

Attributable earnings rose 13 per cent to R216m from R191.8m, but earnings per share were only 8 per cent higher at 191 cents, against 177 cents, following a rights issue

and two scrip dividends.

The dividend is being main-Mr Kerzner predicted earn-

Keppel is one of a number of

groups involved in discussions

with the Philippine authorities about leasing Subic Bay base,

the former US naval base north

of Manila. Keppel wants to con-

vert Subic Bay into a commer-

cial shiprepair yard and will soon put a formal proposal to

the Philippines. The US is due

to complete its move out of

tained at 132 cents a share. ings for the current financial year would "at least approxi-

offer 7.5m new shares

By Karen Zagor in New York

USX, the US steel and energy group, has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to offer 7.5m shares in a new class of USX common stock to be called USX-Delhi Group common

The initial public offering price will be between \$16 and \$18 a share, according to the company's registration state-

USX said in April it might sell shares in its Delhi Group, including the Delhi gas pipe line and other related companies, as part of its efforts to realise shareholder value. The Delhi Group recorded sales of over \$423m in 1991, with operating income of about \$31m and assets of

USX had also considered selling assets or creating a limited

partnership. USX said the proceeds from the offering would be used for general business purposes at its Marathon gas group of which the Delhi group had

The effort to realise additional value for Marathon foilows the company's stock split last year, when USX agree issue a new class of stock after coming under pressure from Mr Carl Icahn, the New York

than in South Korea. In recent months Keppel and other Sing-Subic Bay by the end of the Keppel said performance had apore yards have increased shi-Nippon Housing Loan restructuring stalls

improved in shiprepairing, prepair work on US navy ves-

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

THE restructuring of Nippon Housing Loan, Japan's largest home-loan company which has been stalled by squabbles among its main creditors. Japanese commercial banks have yet to accept restructur-

ing proposals presented by Nippon Housing Loan in June. The country's non-bank financial institutions, burdened by increasing non-performing loans on property, are turning to the leading banks for help. However, the banks not only face similar problems but are reluctant to assist because they would incur substantial losses on measures such as cutting interest rates on loans. The home-loan companies' problems have shocked credi-

tors. Set up by reputable finan-

cial institutions under the

direct guidance of the finance

ministry, they were seen as non-risk companies. In June, Nippon Housing Loan asked nine commercial banks to cut the rate on loans to 3.25 per cent, equal to the of-ficial discount rate - to maintain outstanding loans at current levels - and to send personnel to aid the restructuring.

The company, listed on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, has about an estimated Y1,200bn (\$9.45bn) in non-performing loans. Pre-tax profits for the year to March fell by 87 per cent, while unrealised losses on securities holdings at the year end were Y23,4bn. It is also under investigation for alleged tax evasion on income from stock trading.

loose credit in the late-1980s.

Nippon Housing Loan was

Commercial banks have extended about 23 per cent of

Japan's eight housing-loan companies increased their exposure to high-risk propertyrelated loans in the years of

set up in 1971 by nine commer-cial banks. Sanwa Bank and Sakura Bank, the leading commercial banks, both hold a 4.9 per cent stake. The banks are at odds over which one has the principle responsibility for Nip-pon Housing Loan.

its debt totalling some Y2,600bn at the end of March. Sakura had about Y226bn in loans outstanding and Sanwa Y199bn. While some commercial banks may accept Nippon Housing Loans requests, several are opposing unilateral decisions. The commercial banks claim the co-operation of other creditors is essential in the restructuring. Sakura Bank said: "The problems are so large, it is impossible for just the city banks to carry out the restructuring."

Norinchukin Bank and other agricultural co-operative

related financial institutions have Y910bn in loans outstand ing, the three long-term credit banks - Industrial Bank of Japan, Long Term Credit Bank, and Nippon Credit Bank a total of Y280bn, and six trust banks, about Y210hn.

Financial institutions affiliated with agricultural co-operatives have been large lenders to home-loan companies. Although their loans account for 40 per cent of Nippon Housing Loan's total debt, they are refusing to co-operate with the restructuring plan, claiming that responsibility belongs to banks with direct

shareholdings. Nippon Housing Loan reckons it will take more than three years to rebuild itself, providing it receives aid from its creditors. "Once the real estate market recovers, things will start looking better," it

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

HMC MORTGAGE NOTES 2 PLC

Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due February 2015

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due February 2015 (the "Class A Notes") of HMC Mortgage Notes 2 PLC (the "Issuer") that, pursuant to the Trust Deed dated 23rd February. 1988 (the "Trust Deed"), between the Issuer and The Caw Debenture Trust Corporation p.L.c. as Trustee, and the Agency Agreement dated 23rd February. 1988 (the "Agency Agreement"), between the Issuer and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Principal Paying Agent") and others, the Issuer has determined that in accordance with the Redemption provisions set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Class A Notes. Available Funds as defined in the Terms and Conditions in the amount of C3.800,000 will be utilized on 28th August, 1992 (the "Redemption Date") to redeem a like amount of C3.800,000 will be utilized on 28th August, 1992 (the "Redemption Date") to redeem a like amount of Class A Notes. The Class A Notes selected by drawing in lots of \$100,000 for redemption on the Redemption Date at a redecaption price (the "Redecaption Price") equal to their principal amount, together with accrued

OUTSTANDING CLASS A NOTES OF \$100,000 EACH BEARING THE DISTINCTIVE SERIAL NUMBERS SET OUT BELOW

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				er Votes		,		•
1893	1910	1919	1927	1965	2021	2121	2163	
2237	2267	2368	2387	2391	2101	2136	2138	
2139	2155	2161	2181	2505	236.7	2571	2376	
2776	2783	2866	2915	2918	2930	2932	2962	

3187 3211 2991 3067 3080 surrendered for redemption at the specified office of any of the Paying Sents, which

are as follows: Morgani Guaranty Trust Con of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London ECAY OJP Banques Internationale à laccombourg S.A.

2 Boulevard Royal

Negue Des Arts 35 B-1010 Brase-Is. Belgium Morgan Guaranty Trust Company Corporate Trust Operations Department Tellers and Vail Luit 55 Exchange Place, Resement A New York, New York 10260-0023

Morgan Cuaranty Trust Company

In respect of Bearer Class A Notes, the Redemption Price will be paid upon presentation and surrender, on or after the Redemision Date, of such Notes together with all unmatured compons and takens apportuning thereto. such payment will be made (i) in sterling at the specified office of the Paying Agent in Landon or (ii) at the specified office of any Paying Agent listed above by sterling chapte drawn on, or at the option of the holder by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payer with, a Town Clearing branch of a bank in Landon. On or after the Redemption Date interest shall cease to access on the Class A Notes which are the subject of this Notice

HMC MORTGAGE NOTES 2 PLC

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

as Principal Paying Agent Dated: 13th August, 1992

NOTICE

Withholding of 20% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States is required by the Interest and Dividend Tex Compliance Act of 1983 unless the paying agency has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the Payce. Please furnish a properly completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent if presenting your Class A Notes to the office of the Paying Agent in New York.

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CITIBANCO

"GREEK EXPORTS SA" INVITATION for expressions of interest in acquiring the assets of GENERAL INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES – VEPOL S.A.

ion policy and on the basis of Law 2000/1991 the Corporation "GREEK EXPORTS SA", a substituty of HELLENIC INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK SA (ETBA), with head office in Athens (1.7 Panapissinsion St.) has been appointed Liquidator by Decision 7820/1992 of the Athens Court of Appeal and intends to sell, with the procedure of Article 46a of Law 1892/1990, supplemented by Article 14 of Law 2000/1991, the total assets of GENERAL INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES — VEPOL S.A. with head office in Athens and which is owned 100% by ETBA S.A.

GENERAL INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES - VEPOL S.A. was established in 1970, with the purpose of endardizing fruit and gardening products. In 1974 the Company was put under liquidation.

The plant is located almost in the middle of a vigosoubly developing area, either from an agricocupies an advantageous site just by the national road of Veris-Edeas.

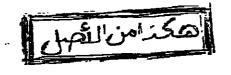
The main land space of the plant covers a total of 46.9 streemnas that, however, does not belong to the functional area of remnas that, however, does not belong to the functional area of a The premises are of approximately 10,400 square metres compa

The main building of 3,440 sq.m. The store-houses of 4,754 sq.m. Several smilisty structures of 1,200 sq.m. and The two-storey office building with a bestment of 1,060 sq.m. FINANCIAL DATA

(in thousands GDR) TOTAL FIXED ASSETS

Source: The above financial data com PRIVATISATION PROCEDURE

ation pienes apply to: Tel: (30 1) 92 94 395, 92 94 396 and 32 43 1 27 my to 32 49 115 GREEK EXPORTS S.A.



Corporate borrowers tap into dollar sector

By Tracy Corrigan

TWO corporate borrowers yesterday took advantage of the latest decline in US bond vields to lock in cheaper fixedrate funding in the dollar sec-

tor of the Eurobond market. Allied Lyons, the UK food and drinks group, launched a \$150m five-year deal via Credit Suisse First Boston, while Philip Morris, the US cigarette. food and beer manufacturer, brought a \$200m seven-year offering via UBS Phillips &

Growing confidence that the dollar is likely to bounce soon has boosted European demand for Eurodollar bonds. As a result, costs for borrowers in the Eurobond market are becoming increasingly competitive with the US market.

Very little corporate paper has been issued in the Eurobond market recently, but the fall in rates is likely to encourage more companies to raise

funds. In addition, dealers said there are signs that some institutional investors are relaxing restrictions on bonds rated less than double-A, partly in an

INTERNATIONAL **BONDS**

effort to pick up extra vield as US interest rates fall to historic

The Philip Morris deal, aggressively priced at 62 basis points above the comparable US Treasury yield, was target-ted at Swiss retail investors, traditionally enthusiastic buyers of the na

Dealers, however, said the issue appeared very expensive next to the Allied Lyons offering, which carries the same debt rating of A2 by Moody's and A by Standard & Poor's. The Allied Lyons deal, priced at 95 basis points above the

tor base, including continental European fund managers and

"Good single-A-rated IIK companies sell well at spreads of 90-100 basis points over Treasuries," said one syndicate manager. The deal was bid at 99.77, slightly above its fixed

reoffer level of 99.72. Two more offerings of subordinated floating-rate notes (FRNs) by banks, with minimum and maximum coupon levels, were launched yesterday, although dealers said that demand is starting to ebb. Internationale Nederlanden Bank, formerly NMB Postbank, launched a \$100m offering and Germany's DG Bank a \$75m issue of 10-year subordinated floating-rate

Also in the FRN market, the World Bank launched a \$400m issue of 10-year notes, paying interest of 80 basis points below the three-month London interbank offered rate, via Goldman Sachs.

The deal was targetted solely at Italian investors, who do not pay withholding tax

on World Bank paper. However, without the Italian angle, World Bank would have had to pay about 20 basis points under Libor, dealers

Some underwriters said the paper was proving quite diffi-cult to place, but lead manager Goldman Sachs said most of the deal had been sold by the end of the day.

In the Euroyen market, the Central Japan Railway Company launched a Y20bn 10-year deal via Nomura International, placed in the Far East.

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Borrower US DOLLARS	Amount m.	Coupen %	Price	Maturity	Foos	Book runner
World Bank(b)#	400	(b)	100	2002	0.25	Goldman Seche Inti
Philip Morris Cap.Corp(a)†	200	(b) 65 ₈ 61 ₂	101.10	1999	17/15	UBS Phillips & Drew
Allied Lyons Fin.BV(a)	150	612	101.22	1997	15/15	CSFB
NMB Postbank Groep(c)17	100	(c)	100	2002	50/25bo	Merrill Lynch
DG Bank(d)#†	75	(ď)	100	2002		Goldman Sachs Intl.
YEN						
Cent Japan Railway Cofalt	20ha	6 00	1017-	9009	2H 80	Momiles Intl.

**Private placement. \$Convertible. \$With equity warrants. ‡Floating rate note. †Final terms.a) Non-callable. b) Coupon pays 80bp below 3 month Libor. c) Coupon pays ½ below 6 month Libor, Coupon paysble Semi-annually. Minimum interest rate of 5½%, maximum of 10%. d) Coupon pays a flat 3 month Libor rate. Minimum interest rate of 6½%, maximum of 10½% five-year US Treasury yield. was aimed at a broader inves-Australian sell-off after hopes of rate cut dashed

By Sara Webb in London and Patrick Harverson in New York

DEALERS reported heavy selling of Australian govern-ment bonds yesterday after Mr John Dawkins, the Australian treasurer, dashed hopes of a

cut in interest rates. The bond market had expected to see an easing in rates fairly soon, possibly timed to follow the Budget on August 18. However, Mr Dawkins said in a radio interview: "As far as we are concerned, there have been very considerable falls in interest rates already. And the consequences of those reductions are flowing through into the economy now."

He added that given the prevailing domestic and international circumstances he saw no need for "any further easings in monetary policy". The yield on the 10% per cent September 1995 bond rose from 6.60 per cent to 6.88 per cent and dealers reported heavy selling of bonds in Australia and over-

Traders warned that Mr Dawkins' comments were probably aimed at supporting the Australian dollar, which has weakened from US\$0.74 last week to below US\$0.72, its low-est level since February 1988.

■ GOOD news on inflation and a reasonably successful afternoon auction of 10-year securi-

GOVERNMENT

BONDS ties failed to give US Treasury

prices a lift yesterday. In late trading the benchmark 30-year government bond was down & at 107%, yielding 7.338 per cent. The two-year note was also lower, down & at 1004 to yield 4.149 per cent. Trading activity was extremely

The day's main economic news was the release of the producer prices index for July, which was up 0.1 per cent on the month. Although the auction subse-

quently went off well - the notes were awarded at an average yield of 6.49 per cent - the result was slightly below expectations, and prices retreated further during the afternoon.

■ RUMOURS that Moody's, the international rating agency, is about to downgrade Italy's credit rating, helped to push down Italian government bond prices vesterday.

The May 2002 bond fell from 93.86 to a low of 93.50 before closing at 93.58, and dealers reported determined selling by European investors.

Elsewhere in the European government bond markets. German government debt drifted lower as the Bundesbank's decision to drain liquidity from the money market yesterday sparked fears of a possible rise in German interest rates. At its latest one-month secu-

rities repurchase allocation, Bundesbank drained DM2.4bn of liquidity from the money market, a larger-thanexpected withdrawal of funds. The market is sensing a hike in the Lombard rate," said one

The fall in the other European markets also helped to depress bund prices, and the Liffe bund futures contract fell from 87.28 at the opening to end at 87.16.

STERLING's weakness in the foreign exchange markets helped to push UK government bonds lower, with prices falling across the yield curve.

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

AUSTRAL	IA.	10.000	10/02	111.5043	+0.108	8.30	8.26	8.91
BELGIUM		8.750	06/02	98 3000	-0.150	9.01	9.05	8 83
CANADA	•	8.500	04/02	109.4800	-0.050	7.13	7.38	7.85
DENMARI	Κ	9.000	11/00	87.3000	-0.220	9.47	9.60	9.08
FRANCE	BTÁN OAT	8.500 8.500	03/97 11/02	96.5849 96.2100	-0.246 -0.350	9.42 9.06	9.42 9.01	9.13 8.81
GERMAN	Υ	8.000	07/02	99.6700	-0.120	8.05	8.09	7.99
ITALY		12.000	05/02	P3.5550	-0.375	13.621	13.53	13.36
JAPAN	No 119 No 129	4.800 6 400	06/99 03/00	98.7514 108.1612	+0.251 +0.267	5.05 4.83	5.05 4,93	5.38 5.17
NETHEAL	ANDS	8.250	06/02	99.0050	-0.110	8.40	8.42	8.32
SPAIN		10.300	06/02	89.1000	-1.050	12.25	12.07	11.51
UK GILTS	3	10 000 9.750 9.000	11/96 08/02 10/08	101-14 102-16 99-00	-3/32 -8/32 -7/32	9.57 9.35 9.12	9.63 9.33 9.07	9.23 9.08 8.87
US TREASURY		7.500 8.000	05/02 11/21	107-02 107-31	-11/32 -5/32	6.51 7.33	6.63 7.42	6.96 7,67

Yields: Local market standard ng tax at 12.5 per cent payable by non-resi-

The 114 per cent gilt due 2003/07 fell from 115 to 114# to yield 9.5 per cent while the 10% per cent gilt due 1997 declined from 103% to

■ JAPANESE government bond prices ended firmer as the weak state of the Tokyo stock market continued to kindie hopes of lower interest

MOSINAL	LA .	10.000	10702	111,000	T 0.100	0.00		
BELGIUM		8.750	06/02	98 3000	-0.150	9.01	9.05	8 83
CANADA		8.500	04/02	109.4800	-0.050	7.13	7.38	7.85
DENMAR	,	9.000	11/00	97.3000	-0.220	9.47	9.60	9.09
FRANCE	BTÁN OAT	8.500 8.500	03/97	96.5849 96.2100	-0.246 -0.350	9.42 9.06	9.42 9.01	9.13 8.81
GERMAN	<u>r</u>	8.000	07/02	99.6700	-0.120	8.05	8.09	7.99
ITALY		12.000	05/02	P3.5550	-0.375	13.621	13.53	13.38
JAPAN	No 119 No 129	4.800 6 400	06/99 03/00	98.7514 108.1612	+0.251 +0.267	5.05 4.93	5.05 4,93	5.38 5.17
NETHEAL	ANDS	8.250	06/02	99.0050	-0.110	8.40	8.42	8.32
SPAIN		10,300	06/02	89.1000	-1.050	12.25	12.07	11.51
UK GILTS	i	10 000 9.750 9.000	11/96 08/02 10/08	101-14 102-16 99-00	-3/32 -8/32 -7/32	9.57 9.35 9.12	9.63 9.33 9.07	9.23 9.08 8.87
US TREAS	SURY .	7.500 8.000	05/02 11/21	107-02 107-31	-11/32 -5/32	6.51 7.33	6.63 7.42	6.98 7,67
ECU (Frer	nch Govt)	8.500	03/02	94.0500	-0.290	9.46	8.53	B.01

Technical Date/ATLAS Price Source

The Nikkei stock index ended down 48.77 points at 14,773.79 yesterday, still below the psychologically important 15,000 level. The benchmark No 129 JGB opened with a yield of 4.955 per cent and traded up to

yield 4.915 per cent. In the futures market, volumes in the December contract surpassed that in the September contract, making it the new lead con-

Investors face a glut of global bond indices

Richard Waters examines a growth industry

THE international fixed income markets face a glut of global bond indi-

Widely used as tools to measure the performance of fund managers, indices have been standard products in the US fixed income markets since the early 1970s. It was not until 1986, though, that Salomon Brothers produced the first global bond index.

The number of indices is growing rapidly. The JP Morgan index, launched in 1990, has won a strong following, and other banks are now revamping or creating their own versions, among them Merrill Lynch, UBS (which published its own last week) and Lehman Brothers (which expects to go public early this autumn). Salomon also dusted down its own product last

The European bond commission has also been working to produce an index with Bloomberg, the electronic information company.

Indices have become an important part of the banks' fight to win business from fund managers - at considerable expense. Salomon, for instance, estimates it has 20 people working full-time on its global index.

"It seems surprising that people should want to spend money coming into a business which doesn't at first sight offer much return," says Mr John Gillies of Frank Russell, the US-based performance measurement company.

able. If a fund manager is fol-

index, it creates an instant relationship between the two. The investor needs regular information on the performance of the index, and is likely to want to talk over its composition.

This often goes one step further, as investors open their international bond portfolios to the bank concerned to discuss how they can change their holdings to better match par-ticular aspects of the index. That way, the bank gets the chance to bring the full weight of its technical analysis to bear on the portfolio - and the chance to recommend and

carry out particular trades. investment banks need bond indices for other reasons. They are used to price over-the-counter derivatives. Without its own, a bank would have to price derivatives based on a market against some other house's index, putting it at a

disadvantage.
Another reason for the proliferation of indices is simply that they have become cheaper to produce. "Technology has made it easier to compute index returns," says Mr Rich-

ard Pagan of Salomon.

Not all indices are likely to be successful. The different make-up of the indices is one factor that will determine which gain the biggest following. WM, another performance measurement company, decided 18 months ago to recommend the JP Morgan index over the Salomon one, a preference which seems also to have

lowing a particular bank's tors such as Morgan's decision to calculate its index daily. rather than monthly, and to use foreign exchange rates taken from the close of business in London, rather than New York.

The difference in foreign exchange rates, for instance, amounted to a variation of as much as 50-100 basis points a year in the returns shown by

different indices, says WM. Salomon has now changed its index to match these and other expressed preferences for the Morgan index. it has also extended the number of countries it covers - as has Morgan - to reflect the growing spread of markets covered by interna-

tional bond fund managers. Substantial variations remain, though. The prices used to calculate indices are particular to each house, and there are big differences in the policy on which bonds to include and exclude.

The proliferation of indices also looks set to extend to more specialised areas. JP Morgan yesterday announced a new Emerging Markets Bond Index. tracking the performance of bonds issued as a result of debt restructuring agreements by lesser developed countries. A similar index was launched by Salomon two years ago, but the likelihood of Argentina and Brazil reaching agreement with their foreign bank creditors in the coming months will double the amount of bonds in issue and could attract new investors to the high-yield mar-

Japanese bank shares buck trend

sell. They were swayed by fac-

By Emiko Terazono

in Tokyo

JAPANESE bank shares rallied on the Tokyo stock market yesterday, on hopes that a change in accounting rules would allow the banks to hide their evaluation losses on stock holdings.

Although a 48.77 point fall depressed the Nikkei stock average of 225 leading stocks to cent due to increases in loan a new six-year low of 14,773.79, loss write-offs and evaluation the banking index was one of the few gainers, rising 7.74

points to 2,913.56. For the fiscal year to last March, Japan's 11 commercial banks saw operating profits rise 31.5 per cent to a total Y1,920bn (\$15bn), thanks to higger profit margins on loans. But pre-tax profits fell 14 per

losses on stock investments. A ministry of finance official

denied reports suggesting banks would be allowed to switch accounting principles where stocks can be carried at cost, but analysts pointed out that such measures were highly likely. See Lex

MARKET STATISTICS

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COMPANY NEWS: UK

Ford injects £135m into Jaguar

By Kevin Done,

FORD MOTOR of the US has injected £135m in new equity capital into Jaguar as part of a financial restructuring of its troubled UK luxury car subsid-

The recapitalisation, disclosed in Jaguar's annual report, has been forced by the size of the losses suffered by Jaguar in the last three years. In addition to injecting fresh equity Ford has also made substantial loans to Jaguar includ-

ing £125.8m of long-term debt.
Some of the loan facility was
made as part of the process of
Ford replacing commercial
banks as Jaguar's banker as
well as to provide additional
working capital.

The report shows, however, that loans from Ford have provided a net increase in funds of E88.5m in addition to the £135m of new equity.

Ford paid £1.56bn for Jaguar

Ford paid £1.56bn for Jaguar in late 1989 and the capital restructuring has added significantly to that cost. Jaguar's pre-tax losses have

accelerated since the takeover

and totalled £226.1m in 1991 compared with a loss of £66.2m in 1990 and £58.3m in 1992. Ford disclosed recently that Jaguar suffered a continuing loss of about \$70m (£36.6m) in the second quarter of 1992, virtually unchanged from a year ago. Its first quarter loss was reduced from \$130m to \$90m.

Jaguar maintained virtually

unchanged research and devel-

opment expenditure last year

of £54.4m (£54.9m), but the financial squeeze caused its capital spending to be cut sharply from £70m in 1990 to only £44.2m.

The annual report discloses

The annual report discloses for the first time the financial impact of last year's heavy redundancy programme with an exceptional charge of £42.5m. The workforce was cut from 12.100 in 1990 to 8,015 at the end of last year and is now just under 8,000.

Sales in the US and the UK, its two most important markets, plunged last year, causing production to be reduced to only 23,018 vehicles – the lowest level since 1982 – from 41,883 in 1990. Wholesale deliveries to dealers fell by 41 per cent to 24,597.

In the first half Jaguar sales

worldwide fell further, from 12,900 to 11,900. Production declined by 26 per cent to

There was some recovery in the US in the six months with sales rising by 10.8 per cent to 4,809 from last year's depressed level of 4,342 - although US sales in July fell sharply. Demand in the UK remained week with a 15.2 per cent fall

While sales and output have continued to fail, Jaguar has achieved a significant improvement in quality. In the recently published JD Power report in the US, one of the most authoritative studies of customer satisfaction in the world car industry, the company jumped to 10th place compared with 25th a year earlier.

Ghost buster dispels shadows of the past

Peggy Hollinger on Bunzl and the man brought in to restore the group's flagging fortunes

HE CHOSTS still walk at Bunzl, but less often, says Mr Tony Habgood, the chief executive brought in to exorcise the paper and packaging company's chequered past.

past.
"They don't parade around every night any more, perhaps just once a year," he says.
Dispelling the shadows of the past has been the first and most difficult task since Mr Habgood, a former management consultant and briefly chief executive of textile group Tootal, arrived a year ago.

"The degree of internal mistrust was very high. Many were hostile to the centre," he says, with some business managers maintaining only minimal communication with the Slough-based headquarters.

The hostility felt by managers of the more successful parts of the group was the result of a frantic £600m acquisition spree spanning some 10 years. At one stage, between 1985 and 1989, Bunzl made an acquisition on average every two weeks.

Many of the new companies proved less than successful and even included "some outright disasters", says Mr Habgood. For example, Bunzl built Italy's fifth-largest fine paper merchanting business by buying 15 family-run companies in rapid succession.

nies in rapid succession.

"In retrospect, Bunzi did not appear to have done adequate due diligence on some of the companies," says Mr Habgood. Italian losses soon began to bleed the parent dry. After a year of closures and rationalisation, the Italian business is

now breaking even.

Meanwhile, the City grew increasingly disillusioned with Bunzl's record of declining profits. Between 1988 and 1991, pre-tax profits plunged from £93.3m to £32m.

The share price followed a similar pattern, declining from a peak 186p to 82p in the same period.

Some of the mistrust within the company has been eliminated by the disposal programme, which was initiated by Bunzl's former management. About 20 different operations have been sold or closed down in the past year, leaving five divisions: the main



Tony Habgood: degree of mistrust within the company

plastic and paper disposables business, which accounts for 50 per cent of profits, cigarette filters, fine paper, building materials and plastic product manufacturing.

However, exorcising mistrust is a more difficult task in the City, where many analysts still nurse scepticism.

Mr Tim Rothwell, of BZW, gives Mr Habgood credit for his management changes and "clean slate approach". Gross provisions of £27m were taken last year to cover the costs of restructuring. Yet Mr Rothwell raises questions about the fundamental value of the businesses which Bunzl retains.

"The problem with Bunzl is that it has a lot of cash cows, some dogs, and one or two problem children. I do not see that it has any stars," he says.

Mr Rothwell questions

Mr Rothwell questions whether Bunzl's main paper and plastics distribution business would qualify for a star rating these days. Distribution grew rapidly in the 1980s through the efficiencies achieved by combining a series of small companies. Yet Mr Rothwell claims the market is now mature.

now mature.

Furthermore, he says, Bunzl faces increasing challenges from bigger distribution play-

es growth of warehouse discount

clubs in the US.

Warehouse clubs, which according to recent statistics will grow in the US at the rate of 25 per cent per annum for the next five years, are increasingly "taking business away from catering and paper products distributors," says Mr Rothwell. "This business is

going nowhere easily."

Others in the City are more inclined to give Mr Habgood the benefit of the doubt.

According to many in the

According to many in the pro-Bunzl lobby, the 1980s acquisition frenzy meant financial and operational controls in many businesses were neglected.

Now, they say, there are opportunities for these businesses to rebuild margins even without economic recovery.

For example, it is estimated that restructuring of the US building materials business will result in a 66 per cent rise in trading profits to £3m this

Plastics, likewise, should regain some of last year's 28 per cent profits decline following the closure of three factories, two warehouses and a 10 per cent reduction in the workforce. Filters, although linked to a mature cigarette market,

year, barring sharp dollar

will benefit from Bunzl's forté in speciality products, le charcoal filters.

Ms Francesca Raleigh, of Credit Lyonnais Laing, predicts that the past year of cost-cutting, disposals and closures could easily leave Bunzl with pre-tax profits of £46m for the 12 months to December 31, compared with £32m last time. Forecast earnings of 6.6p give a prospective p/e of 13.3 times on last night's closing price of 87p.

Since the shares have begun to rally from a six-month low in recent days, there could be more to come in advance of the interims in September, say analysts.

Meanwhile, Mr Jonathan Helliwell, of James Capel, says Mr Habgood has successfully taken the company through the crucial first stage of recovery. "They have done the firefighting," he says, "... but it

is not enough."

Investors are now calling for. an indication on the strategy for Bunzl's future: which businesses are likely to continue under the "core operations" banner and which will provide the real growth? Until those questions are answered, he suggests, longer-term investors are unlikely to find much excitement in Bunzl's shares.

Mr Habgood, for his part, says he is just beginning to lift his eyes from the road three feet in front of him. The strategic question will have to wait until individual businesses, such as builders' merchanting.

are performing to expectations.
That is unlikely to happen if
"the company spends its entire
time speculating on which part
is going to be up for sale next,"
Mr Habgood says.

Meanwhile, Bunzl will shore up its existing operations with small opportunistic purchases, such as the two announced earlier this year in paper distribution.

But, being by nature a quiet man, Mr Habgood intends to keep the noise down. He has no intention of waking ghosts which he has worked hard to put to rest.

COMMERCIAL UNION

SIX MONTHS' REVIEW

Improvement continues

- ★ A second quarter profit of £2.3m, after providing £15m for London bomb damage, reduced the six months pre-tax operating loss to £18.1m (1991 £26.3m).
- ★ Underwriting results were better in the United Kingdom, where trading conditions have improved, the Netherlands, United States and Overseas.
- ★ Life operations grew strongly with new business increasing by 34%.
- ★ Shareholders' funds amounted to £1,205m (31 December 1991 £1,210m).

★ Interim dividend unchanged at 9.25p.

HIGHLIGHTS		
	6 months 1992 Unaudited	6 months 1991 Unaudited
Total premium income	£2,377m	£2,213m
Operating loss before taxation	£(18.1)m	£(26.3)m
Profit attributable to shareholders (note)	£158.7m	£15.3m
Operating loss per share	(5.4)p	(5.0)p
Interim dividend per share	9.25p	9.25p

Note: Profit attributable to shareholders includes realised investment gains after taxation of £182.4m (1991 gains £36.8m). Substantial gains were realised on investments in the United Kingdom, including certain investments held for the longer term. The proceeds from these realisations were reinvested so that the composition of the Group's investment portfolio was left substantially unchanged but at a rebased cost. These actions had no material effect on overall shareholders' funds.

-The interim dividend of 9.25p per share to be paid on 17 November 1992 to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 4 September 1992 will cost £40.7m (1991 £40.7m). Shareholders will be given the choice of receiving fully paid ordinary shares instead of a cash dividend. Full details of this offer will be sent to shareholders on 17 September 1992.

The interim report will be circulated to shareholders on 19 August 1992. Members of the public may obtain copies of the report thereafter by writing to the Shareholder Relations Service, at the address below, or by telephoning 071-283 7500, ext. 28866.

Commercial Union plc, St. Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London EC3P 3DQ

ers such as Kraft and the rapid to a mate

CMW tries to bolster share price

CMW GROUP, the USM-traded architect and interior designer, yesterday tried to bolster its share price and said it continued to cut costs and was seeking a renegotiation of its head office lease.

The shares, which collapsed

from 80p carlier this year following pre-tax losses and the departure of two senior directors, were unchanged at 8p. CMW rents its London head office from the BWJD pension scheme, which was set up as a private pension fund for five

private pension rund for five people, three of which are directors of CMW. The lease on the office is BWJD's sole asset. The company is now "in discussions" about reducing the rent of £305,000 a year, or £37 per sq ft.

Mr Peter Denner, chairman

and a beneficiary of the pension scheme, said the trustees had agreed in principle to a "significant" rent reduction, the write off of part of the balance due and the conversion of some debt into equity.

Sheafbank Property back in the black

Sheafbank Property Trust, the property investment and finan-

cial services group, turned round from pre-tax losses of £831,090 to profits of £19,261 in the half year to September 30. The result was achieved despite a fail in net income

from £344,616 to £284,003.

Losses per share were cut to 0.04p (5.34p) and the Interim dividend is maintained at 0.1p.

Although yesterday's results were delayed, they follow just 4½ months after the figures for the year to March 1991. Both delays were caused by board changes and the inclusion of

audited information on substantial investments.

Mr Frank Ridehalgh, company secretary, said Sheafbank was now "catching up with itself". It has changed its accounting period and he hoped results for the 15 months to June 30 would be published by October. The Stock Exchange had been kept informed, he said.

R'sons Westgarth ahead 18% at £1m

In spite of an "extremely difficult trading environment" Richardsons Westgarth, the steel stockholder, improved sales, profits and earnings per share over the six months to

At the pre-tax level profits rose by 18 per cent to £1.03m. sales by 23 per cent to £26.4m and carnings per share by 15 per cent to £284p.

The interim dividend is

stepped up from 1.2p to 1.25p.

Moorfield Estates deficit deepens

Moorfield Estates, which recently underwent a restructure via the appointment of a new board, an acquisition and the disposal of certain group assets, returned a loss of £774,000 pre-tax for the half year ended April 30.

The deficit compares with a restated loss of £578,000 for the opening half last time.

Losses per share worked through at 9.01p (6.7p).

Ward Holdings loss nears £2m

Ward Holdings, the housebuilding, commercial development and plant hire group, sank deeper into the red at the six months' stage and is omitting its interim dividend.

At the pre-tax level losses for

the half year to April 30 jumped from £397,000 to £1.8m. The shares fell 5p to 20p.
Turnover totalled £11.6m (£14.3m), of which house sales accounted for £9.18m (£10m), plant hire for £830,000 (£797,000) and gross rental income and property sales for

£1.08m (£2.99m).

A tax credit of £583,000 (£135,000) left attributable losses at £1.21m (£262.000), equal to losses per share of 2.3p

(0.5p). Shareholders received an interim dividend of 0.5p, but no final, last time.

Brandon Hire in red and passes final

Brandon Hire, the USM-quoted tool, catering and furniture hire group, blamed the recession as it lapsed into the red in the 12 months to April 30 and passed its final dividend.

Despite sizeable cost reduc-

tions, the pre-tax deficit amounted to £291,000 compared with profits of £54,000 in the previous year. Turnover fell some 18 per cent to £3.98m. Interest charges declined to £230,000 (£259,000). Gearing was

reduced from 45 per cent to 35 per cent.

Losses per share emerged at 1.72p tearnings of 0.87p). The interim dividend of 0.1p stands for the year against the previous single distribution of 3.33p.

GPA at \$49.1m in first three months

GPA Group, the aircraft leasing company which recently aborted its global stock market flotation, reported first quarter profits of \$49.1m (£25.7m) after tax, compared with \$61.3m in the same period of last year.

The outcome excluded the cost of aborting the flotation, estimated to be about \$30m, which would be charged in the accounts for the year.

NOTICE

to the holders of

CITIZENS FIRST BANCORP, INC. ("CFB")

US\$20,000,000 6 3/4% Convertible Subordinated Debentures, due August 1, 2001

Record Date for Rights Offering to CFB Shareholders

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Pursuant to section 10.15 of the Indenture (the "Indenture") dated August 1, 1986 governing the Convertible Subordinated Debentures described above (the "Debentures"), that, in connection with a rights offering to CFB shareholders (the "Rights Offering"), the Board of Directors of CFB, intends to establish a record date (the "Record Date"), on or about August 18, 1992, for the distribution of transferable subscription rights (the "Rights") to holders of CFB's common stock, no par value (the "Common Stock"). Each Right will entitle the registered holder thereof to purchase one newly issued share of Common Stock for each Right validly exercised prior to the expiration of the Rights Offering, at an exercise price of US\$2.50 per share. Accordingly, the conversion price of the Debentures will be adjusted downward on the Record Date pursuant to the provisions of clause (1) of section 10.08 of the Indenture.

An additional downward adjustment to the conversion price of the Debentures will be made in accordance with the provisions of clause (2) of Section 10.08 of the Indenture upon the issuance of shares of Common Stock to certain entities who have agreed to act as standby purchasers in connection with the Rights Offering.

CITIZENS FIRST BANCORP, INC.

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Dated: August 13, 1992

BANQUE NATIONAL
DE PARIS
USD 400.000.000 - Floating
Rate Notes 1984 due 1995
The rate of interest applicable to
the interest period from 10.08.92

MAES Funding

No. 2 PLC

MAIS

£300,000,000

Mortgaged Backed

Ploating Rate Notes duc 2017

Notice is hereby given that

the Rate of Interest has been

fixed at 10-4% for the interest

period 11th August, 1992 to

The Interest amount payable

on 11th November, 1992 will

be £1,124-11 in respect of

each £43,000 Principal Amount

Outstanding of each Note.

Agent Bank 11th August, 1992

11th November, 1992.

The rate of interest applicable to the interest period from 10.08.92 to 10.02.93 as determined by the reference agent is 5.25 per cent per annum namely USD268.33 per bond of USD10,000-.

LEGAL NOTICE

(In Voluntary Liquidation)
Contpany Number 224572
MOTICE to hereby given that the Creditors of the sky named Company are required on or before the first named Company are required on or before the first of September, 1992, if they have not do to you can be seen to the s

The United Mexican States Floating Rate Notes Due 2000

The applicable rate of interest for the period August 12, 1992, through and including February 11, 1993, to be paid on February 12, 1993, a period of 184 days, is 4.3125%. This rate is 13/16% above the offered rate for sixmonth deposits in U.S. Dollars which appeared on the display designated as the British Bankers Association's Interest Settlement Rate (3.50%) as quoted on the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor as Telerate Screen No. 3750 as at 11:00 A.M. (London Time) on August 10, 1992.

The above rate equates to an interest payment of USD 22.0417 per USD 1,000.00 in principal amount of Notes.



Banco Nacional de Mexico, NY

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

August 10, 1992

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By Michael Skapinker, Leisure industries

QUEENS MOAT Houses' continental European hotels helped the company lift half-year pre-tax profits by 5.4 per cent to £38.1m despite continuing gloom in the UK.

Mr John Bairstow, chairman said the company would continue its programme of "vigorous expansion" on the Continent, avoiding large-scale leases, management contracts and franchising agreements.

Mr Bairstow said the UK had become less important to the group's overall performance.
"With more than half our room capacity, a large proportion of profit and the emphasis on expansion being outside of Britain, it follows that the UK will progressively become one of our major areas of operation, rather than the mainstay

The company has 86 hotels on the Continent, compared with 103 in the UK. However,



John Bairstow: no improvement foreseen in the UK

tend to be larger, of its total of Gulf war. By contrast, operat-22,291 rooms 11,667 are on the Continent against 10,624 in the

Operating profits in the UK were £38.7m for the period ended July 12. This was an increase of 6.6 per cent over last year, when botel occupancies were badly affected by the

ing profits in Germany increased 37 per cent to £23.1m and in the Benelux countries by 22 per cent to £12.9m. Profits in France were up 26 per cent to £2.9m.

Mr Bairstow said he saw little sign that business confi-dence had been dented in any of the continental European countries in which Queens Moat operated.
UK hotel bookings increased

in the three to five weeks following the Conservative victory in April's general election, but this improvement was not sustained. He said there was little prospect that UK hotel performance would improve in the second half.

Profit before rent and interest increased by 16 per cent to £81m. Rent charges more than doubled, however, to £9.6m, restricting growth at the pre-tax level. Mr Bairstow said increased rent was the result of the company's policy of seeking leases and management contracts rather than outright purchases. He said that as the company expanded, rent payments would increase further. Interest payments rose £33.2m compared with £28.8m last time.

Turnover was £291.9m. compared with £213.4m. Fully-diluted earnings per share were 2.92p (3.29p). The interim dividend is 1.395p (1.342p). See Lex

Boots takes heart from licence agreement

By Paul Abrahams

MANOPLAX, Boots' congestive heart failure treatment that received its first licence yesterday, probably represents the British group's last chance of a meaningful presence in the lucrative pharmaceuticals industry.

While Boots' turnover is dominated by retailing, the pharmaceuticals division generated an operating profit of £120m last

year, 32 per cent of the group total. The success of Manoplax is vital to the division because most of its existing products are off-patent and therefore vulnerable to cheap generic competition. Meanwhile, its pipeline of new medicines other than Manoplax - appears unpromis-

Boots' pharmaceuticals business is a minnow compared with the industry's giants. It risks not having the critical mass to develop and successfully market new medicines on a regular basis.

"We are betting heavily on Manoplax. It is a very important drug capable of reshaping the whole business," said Mr Terry Richardson, international and mar-keting managing director. The drug could

ing shares in Union Cervecera.

share - the same as last

to the Madrid stock exchange for the shares' delisting.

took over last year.

£100m and £300m a year.

Yesterday's licence is a relief for Boots after repeated delays led to analysts describing the drug as "Mañanaplax". However, some are less confident than Boots about Manoplax's potential sales and ability to transform its drugs busi-

Doubts exist about European demand for the product. Worldwide sales of Ace-inhibitors, the main class of competitor to Manoplax, are about \$500m (£262m) a year. But although Merck, the US drug giant, has thrown vast resources at marketing Vasotec, its best-selling Ace-inhibitor, in

patients are prescribed such medicines. "If Merck with all its marketing muscle finds it difficult to overcome European doctors' conservatism, what hope has Boots?" asked one analyst.

Europe, only 5 per cent of European

To overcome its marketing weakness in Europe, Boots has signed co-marketing agreements for Germany with Astra, the Swedish group, and plans to sign a similar agreement with an Italian group. It aims to market the drug directly to hospital specialists in France, the UK and Spain

eventually generate sales of between and plans to invest £20m in additional marketing infrastructure this year. Manoplax's ultimate success will be decided in the US, the world's largest single market. About 25 per cent of the 3m congestive heart disease patients are pre-

scribed Ace-inhibitors there. However, analysts fear Manoplax will only be used in the US as a second-choice treatment when Ace-inhibitors fail. Last October the FDA's cardiovascular and renal drugs advisory committee recommended the drug for approval, but only in patients who still had symptoms after using Ace-inhibitors or were intolerant to alternative therapies.

Mr Richardson hoped that data from recent clinical trials would enable wider approval to be gained, possibly making it a first-line treatment.

Analysts believe that a successful launch for Manoplax could offer an ideal opportunity for Boots to withdraw from prescription pharmaceuticals. It could sell at a moment of maximum potential, while avoiding the full brunt of marketing costs. The group could then concentrate on its

strengths in retailing and over-the-counte

Turkish group offers cash for PPI hotel

By John Murray Brown

A PRIVATELY-owned Turkish construction group has approached the administrators of Polly Peck International to buy the Sheraton Voyager hotel in the Mediterranean resort of Antalya.

Doğuş Holding, a large Turkish construction group with interests in banking and leisure, confirmed yesterday that it had made an all-cash bid for the 409-room hotel. The company declined to disclose the price. The hotel is believed to have cost about £65m to

The Antalya Sheraton Voyager is one of Turkey's largest hotels and was opened more than a year behind schedule in September 1990, just weeks before Polly Peck was forced into administration. Occupancy rates have been good

throughout this year.

The book value of PPI's leisure operations is £235m, including four smaller hotels in north Cyprus.

The Doğuş bid follows this week's sale of PPI Del Monte, PPI's fresh fruit operation, to a consortium of Mexican investors for \$499m (£261m). Doğuş said it was waiting for the administrators' valua-

tion of the company and that its bid would be for the shares of the hotel company and not the hotel itself. However. Doğuş is also talking with Sheraton International about taking over its 15-year management contract and running the hotel directly. Doğuş already owns and manages the largest hotel in the neighbouring resort of Alanya.

Polly Peck also owns a number of fruit trading and packaging companies in Cyprus, but legal disputes have so far blocked the administrators efforts to gain control of these.

Further price cut for Wellcome

By Maggie Urry

Shares in Wellcome, the drugs group, fell 4p to 778p yester-day as Robert Fleming, the merchant bank which handled the recent £2.16bn sale of shares by the Wellcome Trust. again cut its bid price.

The bid was cut by 3p to 777p, after a 20p cut on Tuesday from 800p, the price at which the Trust sold its shares.

Fleming's move is part of its programme of stabilising the share price following the sale, using the so-called green-shoe option. This allows Fleming to buy 40.5m shares which were over-allotted in the sale to mop up loose shares. So far Fleming is thought to have bought about 23m shares.

US and Europe provide some relief as Heywood falls 37%

more recession-proof, Mr

By Peter Pearse

HEYWOOD Williams Group, the glass distributor, yesterday reported pre-tax profits down 37 per cent at £5.1m for the six onths to June 30.

The fall from £8.1m was forecast on June 29 prompting a share price fall of 41p to 288p. A month before that the shares had peaked at 388p. Yesterday they eased 1p to 177p.

Glass saw operating profits

haived to £3.17m (£6.1m), while aluminium and plastics fell by almost £1m to £730,000. Mr Ralph Hinchliffe, chairman, said the companies sup-

plying the construction industry - 25 per cent of Heywood's UK business - had suffered the most and were likely to take the longest to recover. About 60 per cent of the UK business was in replaces doors and windows, which he said was "likely to recover more quickly".

The automotive side was

Hinchliffe said, as it operated mainly in the replacement window and windscreen market. However, profits in Europe and the US provided some relief. On the Continent they advanced from £672,000 to £1.07m, led by acquisitions, and across the Atlantic organic

growth saw them treble to

£1.24m (£421.000). in February Heywood bought Door Panels, which makes exterior and conservatory doors, for £7.8m and in July it spent a combined 24m on BMV and a controlling stake in Pels & Joosten, French and Dutch glass companies respectively.

Group turnover grew to £190.4m (£160.5m) and the interim dividend is held at 4.5p, uncovered by earnings of 8.4p (7.7p) per share.

COMMENT

Though its glass processing side has in the last two years

afforded some protection by boosting its buying power, Heywood is now reeling from both a decline in demand and weak prices. But the balance sheet remains strong and gross margins have not fallen too much. A small movement in volumes would result in a jump in profits. But with no such movement and with the variable overhead pared to the bone, the company is looking at some £8m-£10m reduction in the fixed overhead to remain in the black. Assuming the housing market receives no external help, full-year profits are expected to be about £11.5m (£19.2m), allowing for £2m of redundancy costs in the second half. This gives earnings of 8.6p and a prospective p/e of 21, which looks high even taking cyclicality into account. How-ever, sound management and the scope for profit improvement through cuts make it worth holding.

Vimto sparkles with 12% rise but Bensons dives into the red

BRITONS consumed a record 9.6m litres of Vimto, the favourite elixir of Northern non-drinkers, helping JN Nichols, its manufacturer, report a 12 per cent rise to 23.53m in pre-tax profits for the six months to June 30. The fruit and herb drink, invented in 1909 as a healthy alternative to the evils of alco-

hol, was the main impetus to a 4 per cent increase in sales to Mr Simon Nichols, finance director and ardent Vinto fan, said warm weather and better exposure in outlets throughout Britain had boosted profits in

the UK. He gave no credit for Vim-

to's growing popularity to the fad for healthy drinks. "It has not got enough of anything that is brilliant for you," he

In Saudi Arabia, where Vimto and a date is the traditional way to break the Ramadan fast, sales were slightly lower. Overall, export sales fell by £1m to £1.75m. Earnings per share rose from 13.2p to 14.8p. The interim dividend is raised from 4.6p to 5.1p.

In contrast, Bensons Crisps suffered adversely from a surge in demand for multipack products. The USM-quoted snack food

group fell into the red with ses of £191,000 pre-tax for the half-year to May 30, against profits of £312,000 last

Mr Malcolm Jones, chairman, said trading conditions throughout the period had been as "difficult as any I have ever experienced in my 14 years in the snacks industry". He said consumers were increasingly buying multipacks of crisps from supermarkets, rather than independent retailers.

About 60 per cent of Bensons' manufacturing output is

sold to independents. First-half turnover improved to £15.6m (£11.5m) Interest charges rose by £110,000 to £143,000. Losses per share emerged at 1.7p (earnings 2.8p) but the interim dividend

Guinness to buy LUI offshoot wound up **Spanish minority**

By Philip Rawstorne

Guinness has offered about £8m to acquire the outstandthe Spanish brewer which it | which is part of London United The drinks group, which already holds more than 90 the instructions of Mr Roger per cent of Union Cervecera, Borley, has offered Pta250 (138p) a

director year's bid price. It has applied

Union's operations have now been integrated with those of Cruzcampo, which Guinness also bought last year.

as financial support ends

HS WEAVERS (Underwriting) Agencies, the insurance agency Investments in administration. was yesterday wound up on the remaining

Mr Ray Hocking, a partner with Stoy Hayward, has been appointed to manage a creditors' voluntary liquidation on

behalf of the company. The decision was taken after Walbrook, another subsidiary of LUL entered provisional liq-

uidation earlier this month. Walbrook was a significant creditor of Weavers, and pro-

> impossible for Weavers to continue operating. Mr Hocking said he expected to present a full report on the history of the company and its financial position to a meeting of creditors on August 24.

vided it with limited financial

support. Its winding up made it

He said It was inevitable that litigation would ensue between Weavers and Walbrook, other LUI subsidiaries and third parties, including other credit-

Buyer found for

two Rank hotels. By Michael Skapinker

Rank Organisation has found a buyer for two of the 22 hotels it put up for sale last April. The two, both in Scotland, are among the cheapest of the hotels being offered for sale. Morton Properties of Dundee

is to buy the Golf View Hotel in Nairn and the Royal Golf Hotel in Dornoch. The selling price of the hotels was not dis-Last May, however, Rank asked for offers in excess of

£950,000 for the Nairn hotel

and £700,000 for the Dornoch

property.

£8.5m land sale for Graseby

By Richard Gourlay

Graseby, formerly Cambridge Electronics, yesterday announced a sale of development land that will substantially reduce gearing for the environmental monitoring and medical products group.

The company expects to use the £8.5m proceeds from the sale to J Sainsbury and Schlumberger Industries to

reduce group borrowings.

The proceeds should help almost halve net debt which is likely to have risen to nearly

£20m at the end of June. The land being sold is at the Great Cambridge Road, Enfield, where Enfield Borough recently granted planning per-mission for retail and indus-

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED Corres -Total last year payment payment year Beasons Crisps § __int 0.7 Brandon Hire § ___fin nil Commercial Union _int 9.25† 23.65 Heywood Williams ...int Kielnwort O/seasint Oct 1 Oct 9 Oct 26 Nichols (Vimto) ... North Midland ... 12.3 0.3 1.395† 1.25†

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated ton increased capital. SUSM stock.

- The section of the		
BOARD M	EETINGS	
TODAY Associated Fisheries, Ayrahire ducts, Stagden Inda, Foreign & v Trust, Glystwed Int., Johnson mers, Royal Insurance, Tuliow Oil, FITTURE DATES	Ent	Aug. 24 Sep. 17 Aug. 14 Aug. 27 Sep. 21 Sep. 9 Aug. 20 Aug. 20
Aug. 19 10cuts 2000 21 10cuts 40g. 16	Planto- Advest New Zealand Inv Trust	Oct. 2 Aug. 21

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

MORTGAGE FUNDING CORPORATION NO. 2 PLC

Class B-1 Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due August 2023

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to Bunkers Trustee Company Limited (the "Trustee") and to the holders of the Class B-1 Mortgage Backed Floating Bute Notes Due August 2023 (the "Class B-1 Notes") of Mortgage Funding Corporation No. 2 PLC (the "boner") that, pursuant to the Trust (heed dated 31-) August, 1983 (the "Trust Deser"). between the Issuer and the Trustee, and the Agency Agreement dated 31st August, 1966 (the "Agency Agreement"), between the Issuer and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Principal Paying Agent") and others, the Issuer and morgan containty trust company or sew to write. I me upon a group and others, the Issuer has determined that in accordance with the Redemption provisions set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Class B-1 Notes, Class B-1 Notes in the amount of £1,000,000 will be redeemed on 28th August, 1992 (the "Redemption Date"). The Class B-1 Notes selected by drawing in lots of £100,000 for redemption on the Redemption Date at a redemption price (the "Redemption Price") equal to their principal amount, together with accrewed interest therean are as follows:

OUTSTANDING CLASS B-1 NOTES OF £100,000 EACH BEARING THE DISTINCTIVE SERIAL NUMBERS SET OUT BELOW Bearer Notes

518 713 718 758 759 947 951 1195 1146

The Class B-1 Notes may be surrendered for redemption at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents. which are as follows: Morgan Couranty Trust Company Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0JP Union de Banques Suisses (Laxendence) S.A. 36-38 Grand-rue 1.-2011

Venue Des Arts 37 B-1040 Ben-sel-, Belgmin Morgan Guarants Trust Company of New York 55 Exchange Place, Basement A New York, New York 102(0):0023

Attn: Corporate Trast Operations In respect of Benrer Class B-1 Notes, the Redemption Price will be paid upon presentation and surrender, on or after the Redemption Date, of such Notes together with all unmatured compons and tabors appertutiong thereto. Such payment will be made (i) in sterling at the specified office of the Paying Agent in Landon or (ii) at the specified office of any Paying Agent listed above by sterling cheque drawn on, or at the option of the holder by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payer with, a Town Charing beam had a bank in Lombor. On or after the Redemption Date interest shall cease to necrue on the Class R-1 Notes which are the subject of this

MORTGAGE FUNDING CORPORATION NO. 2 PLC

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

ax Principal Paying Agent Dated: 13th Vogust, 1992

NOTICE

Withholding of 20% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the Linical States is required by the interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 unless the paying many bas the correct tax payer identification number (sucial security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the Payce. Please farmed a property completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent if presenting your Class B-1 bales to the paying agence's her back Office.

PUBLIC WORKS LOAN BOARD RATES

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Market Myths and Duff Forecasts for 1992

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continue to recover." You did NOT read that in FullerManey

the Iconociastic investment lefter

NOTICE OF EARLY REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

VARCO INTERNATIONAL FINANCE N.V.

8 1/2% Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 1996 (the "Debentures")

(Convertible into Common Stock of Varco International, Inc.) (CONVEYIOR INTO COMMINOR SIOCK OF VAPCO INTERNATIONAL, INC.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture dated as of March 1, 1981 among Varco International Finance N.V. (the "Issuer"), Varco International, Inc. (the "Garantor") and Morgan Garanty Trust Company of New York (the "Trustee"), under which the Debentures were issued, all the Debentures will be redeemed on September 9, 1992 (the "Redemption Date") at a price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accured interest thereon to the Redemption Date, (the "Redemption Price"). Payment of the Debentures will be made upon presentation and surrender thereof with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the Redemption Date, at the option of the holder at the offices of any one of the Paying and Conversion Agents set forth below. The Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each Debenture on the Redemption Date, and interest thereon shall cease to accrue on and after the Redemption Date.

The holder has the right until the close of husiness out the Redemption Date.

The holder has the right until the close of business on the Redemption Date, to convert the Debentures called for redemption into Common Stock of Varco International, Inc. upon surrender of the Debentures, with all unmatured coupons appertaining thereto, to any one of the Paying and Conversion Agents set forth below, together with a conversion notice fully executed. In accordance with the terms of the Indenture, no payment or adjustment shall be made upon any conversion on account of any interest accrued on the Debenture surrendered for conversion or on account of any dividends on the Common Stock issued upon conversion.

The Debentures are conversely accounted the total Common Stock issued upon conversion.

The Debenturus are currently convertible into Common Stock of Varco International, Inc. at a conversion price of \$30.50 per share.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Tellers and Mail Unit 55 Exchange Place, Basement A New York New York, 10260-0023 Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Mainzer Landstraine 46 6000 Frankfurt/Main

PAYING AND CONVERSION AGENTS Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0JP

B-1040 Brussels Credit Suisse (Luxembourg) S.A. 8 Paradeplats PO Box 40 23 Avenue Monterey L-2010 Luxembourg

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

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VARCO INTERNATIONAL FINANCE N.V. By: Morgan Guaranty Tract Company us Trustee

Dated: August 13, 1992

Any payment made within the British States or transferred by an approximation by a non-US payer with a bank in the United States may be enhant to importing to the United States informal Revenue Service (RS) and to backup withholding at a rate of 20% if payers and recognized at a rate of 20% if payers are recognized at a rate of 20% if payers are recognized at a rate of 20% if payers are recognized at a rate of 20% if payers are recognized at a rate of 20% in the payers are recognized at a rate within the United States to non-monitor US payers are recognized to the paying agent as innected RS Four W.S. springlying index passified the payers the payers targety is destilication number (complayer identification number (ampleyer identification on the payment, Fallers to provide a correct tax payer identification number as applied and payers to a possity of 35%.

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mainst profits of £312,000 kg Mr Maicolm Jones, chah. man, said trading condition throughout the period ha been as "difficult as any I have ever experienced in my li years in the snacks industry He said consumers were increasingly buying mild sucks of crisps from superma erts, rather than independent retaliers.

About 60 per cent of Ber cone manufacturing output is mid to independents. First-half tarrover improved to 215.6m (217.5m) Interes charges rose by \$110,000 w £143,000. Losses per size emerged at 1. p (earning 2.60) bur the interim divided is maintained at 6.7p.

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VANCE N.V.

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BILLET A.

Fares --

PEOPLE

Nelson moves to avoid conflict of interest



■ Philip Clein and Charles Humphry have been appointed the directors of Sector Kanagement, a new lease and asset finance broker specialising in the local authority market. Clein and Humphry, old Mercantile House hands before it was bought by the ill-fated British & Commonwealth in 1987, then led a management buy-out in the same year of

survey on

Elizabeth Nelson, one of the leading lights of the market research industry, has stepped down as chairman of Taylor Melson AGB, Britain's higgest market research company which she helped to found. The 60-year-old Nelson indi-

cated some time ago that she intended to retire following her company's £15m acquisition of AGB, part of the late Robert Maxwell's private business empire, In March she was appointed chairman of the UK. Ecolabelling Board, part of an BC initiative to identify products which are less harmful to the environment than others. It had been thought that she would wait until a permanent successor could be found at

a vehicle called Saturn

Leasing. This was bought by

Baltic shortly afterwards,

where Clein and Humphrey

stayed until the end of 1990

and May 1991 respectively. While the market has been

tricky for principals such as

Baltic, Humphry says it is a

good time for a broker, with low overheads, "to poke its head above the parapet. For

one thing, people almost give

you office space".

VENTURE CAPITAL

The FT proposes to publish this

September 25 1992.

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Taylor Nelson, which more than doubled in size with the AGB acquisition. However, it seems she was concerned about possible conflicts of interest and was keen to sever her ties completely so that she could "pursue more freely" her new role. The Ecolabelling board is likely to need a considerable amount of market research data. John Treasure, 67, will take

over the non-executive chairmanship of Taylor Nelson for the time being, pending a long-term external appointment. Treasure has been on the board for three years and is a well known figure in the communications and market research industry; he is a for-

sity Business School. Nelson says she is "sure the ecolabelling scheme will be a great success". The UK has led the way in Europe in proposing criteria for the first award of Ecolabels - for washing machines and dishwashers. Further studies for criteria for light-bulbs and hairsprays are nearing completion and the

first European ecolabels could start appearing in the shops by the end of the year.

At the end of July the government named Nelson's 14strong board, which includes a director of Tesco, a professor of environmental technology and a vice-chairman of the Consumers Association

Non-executive directors



■ Andrew Teare, group chief executive of English China Clays, at PRUDENTIAL CORPORATION. (see Observer) ■ Vivian Thomas, recently retired chief executive of BP

Oil UK and chairman of the British Road Federation, at GOWRINGS. ■ John Thynne, director general of the Electronic Components Industry Federation, and a former under-secretary and head of the information technology division of the DTL at NEWBRIDGE NETWORKS ■ Richard Towner, recently retired corporate finance partner of Richards Butler. at the KYNOCH Group. Robert Paine at QUILIGOTTL ■ Samuel Whitbread has retired from SUN ALLIANCE.

Touch of the Maestro

Alex "Pete" Hart, the President of MasterCard International, has been elected vice-chairman of Maestro International, the company set up as an interna-tional debit and point of sale system with its own branding. It is an open secret that Hart

has been the driving force behind the moves to set up Maestro, which MasterCard, long the underdog in the credit card market, believes steals a march on Visa's efforts so far in the debit card market. The new company's chair-

man will be Bernard Van Eldjik, the chairman of Eurocard and eurocheque International, the two powerful European affiliates of MasterCard which recently combined to set up Europay, the new pan-European debit card scheme. The other directors of Mae-

stro International are Stan Paur, chairman of Maestro USA, and chief executive officer of PULSE EFT Association, the US cash machine network; Hans Jürgen Sengera, main board director of West Deutsche Landesbank; John O Smith, executive vice-president of MasterCard International; Ron Williams, director of Business Operations at National Westminster and chief executive-designate of Europay.

Licences for Maestro have already been granted to lead-ing banks in the CIS, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Hungary, the Netherlands, and the UK. which together co-ordinate

Digest of Trinity term voluntary act in acknowledge

FT LAW REPORTS

Arab Monetary Fund v Hashim and others (FT, July 23)

The Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) alleged that a former director general, Dr Hashim. had defrauded it of more than \$50m and that he had been assisted by his wife and son. In the present proceedings. Mr Justice Hoffmann refused an application by the AMF for an interlocutory injunction to restrain the defendants. Dr Hashim, and his wife and son Jafar, from prosecuting an action in California against Mr Salah al Hafidh, a former employee and accountant of the AMF who had found alleged irregularities involving Dr Hashim. The judge stated that it was well established in the UK, as in the US, that an injunction to restrain proceedings in a foreign jurisdiction (an "anti-suit" injunction) should be granted only in very narrowly restricted circumstances. The question was whether the injunction was necessary to enable justice to be done here or to safeguard the general jurisdiction of the court. In the instant case, there had been no determination of the merits in the UK or the US and the court was not satisfied that the case fell within the exceptional class of cases in which an anti-suit injunction was needed to protect the juris

The Prinsengracht (FT, July 24)

diction of the English court.

A writ in rem was addressed to the owners and/or demise charterers of Prinsengracht by the plaintiff cargo-owners but was not served because the vessel did not come within the juris-diction. When it was anticipated that it would enter an English port, the solicitors for the cargo owners wrote to the shipowners' solicitors requesting security for their claim so as to avoid detaining the vessel. A bail bond was provided by an Owners' Mutual Insurance Association, which submitted to the jurisdiction of the court. Without waiting for the writ to be served on the ship, the shipowners acknowledged issue so that they had taken the voluntary step of becoming party to the action which, from that moment became in per-

sonam as well as in rem. Their

ing issue of the writ at a time when no action by them was called for, was the clearest submission to the jurisdiction. Mr Justice Sheen stated dismiss ing an application to set aside the arrest of the ship Further, the rule that ball represented the ship and that she should be free from arrest on the same claim, was viewed in the light of whether it was oppressive and vexatious to effect the arrest. In the present case there had only been one arrest, which lasted less than a day and, in looking after the cargo owners' interests, it was natu-

Regina v Lloyd's and others, ex parte Briggs and others (FT, July 25)

ral for their solicitors to make

sure they did everything neces-

sary to preserve jurisdiction.

in earlier proceeding by representatives of 800 Lloyd's Names against members' agents, the judge had refused applications for interlocutory injunctions to restrain the agents from drawing down on the applicants' deposits on the ground that there was no legal basis for restraint. Thereafter six Lloyd's Names obtained exparte leave to apply for judicial review from another judge against Lloyd's, its committee, chairman, deputy chairman and a company called GW Run-Off 1.td. Granting application to set aside that leave, the Divisional Court stated that inter alia there had been duplication of identity of three plaintiffs in the earlier action and three Names in the present proceedings, as well as an overlap of the issues. Moreover, even though Lloyd's did perform public functions, the relation ship between the Names and their agents were governed by contract, Lloyd's sions was to transfer the burpowers were derived from a private Act which did not extend to any persons in the insurance business other than those who wished to operate in the section of the market and who committed themselves by

Neither the evidence nor the submissions suggested that there was such a public element about the relationship between Lloyd's and the Names as to place it within the public domain and render it susceptible to judicial review.

contract.

Total Oil Marine plc and another v Amerada Hess Ltd and others

supplied with oil and gas by

two pipelines from the North

The Sullom Voe terminal was

Sea and significant capital expenditure had been incurred in the construction of the terminal, which qualified for a grant under the Industry Act 1972. The grant had been paid in tour amounts over 1983-84 and the oil was collected from wells owned by a number of companies. Membership of the two groups which owned the pipelines and their shares varical from time to time. At first instance it had been declared ta) as between the two pipeline groups, the grant should be appropriated in proportion to their respective participation at the time it was received; and (b) grant should be taken as negative capital cost in the calculation of participation adjustment payments when received. It was argued on behalf of the appellants that grant should be allocated in the proportion prevailing when the capital expenditure had been incurred. Dismissing the appeal, the Court of Appeal, by majority, stated that the whole tenor of the provisions was that there should be a running account in each year and that expenditure and receipts were to be debited or credited in the proportion as prevailing that year. In agreement with the judge, therefore, it was held that the grant was to be allocated to pipeline groups in the proportions prevailing when received. Common sense suggested, moreover, that the grant was to be taken into account as a deduction or negative capital expenditure since

the apparent aim of the provi-

den of past capital expenditure to new entrants or to those whose participation had

Clifford Chance v Sliver (FT, July 31)

Clifford Chance acted as solicitors in the sale of property in a transaction which involved inter alia a sale and lease. The deposit payable under the first agreement (ie the sale) was £100,000. The deposit cheque was sent to the solicitors to hold it until contracts were exchanged but after exchange of contracts, the cheque was dishonoured on presentation. Judgement was given for Clif-ford Chance at first instance but on appeal, it was argued inter alia that Clifford Chance were never "holders in due course" of the cheque, ie that they had not taken the cheque for value with no notice of the defect in its title. Relecting that argument, the Court of Appeal stated a cheque might be shown to have been conditional or for a special purpose only under section 21 of 1882 Bills of Exchange Act. In the present case, the delivery of the cheque had been condi-tional and the contract between endorser and endorsee had been incomplete. However, once the contracts for sale of the property were exchanged so that the conditions stipu lated were fulfilled, the cheque was then negotiated to Clifford Chance who then became hold ers in due course. However, following the dishonour, a £50,000 banker's draft had been sent in part payment of the cheque to a firm acting for the lessors and the court gave unconditional leave to defend in relation as to the part payment.

Aviva Golden

FRANCHISING

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CONTRACTS & TENDERS

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL **Environmental Protection Act 1990**

Select Lists of Tenderers for Waste Disposal Services

Applications are invited from suitably experienced contractors wishing to be considered for inclusion on select lists of tenderers for the provision of the following waste

. Short Term Disposal (in the period up to 1996 or theseabo sance per assum of controlled waste collected by the Waste Collection Authorities and up to 110,000 tonors per assum of amenity waste.

Applications and preliminary proposals are lavited from contractors who are interested in tendering on the basis they would:

an enter into management contracts for all or past of the County Council's network
of four municipal incinctators, one transfer station and five landfill sites; and/or
b) contract for disposal via alternative waste disposal facilities to which they have
access and which have the necessary consents for the above waste types. It is envisaged that contracts will commence on 1st June 1993 or as soon as possible

Servicing of Household Waste Recycling Centros (Civic Amenity facilities) and the Management of these Facilitie Applications are ignited from contractors (including suitable individuals in the case

of Licensee Management) who are interested in tendering for one or both of the above services at one or more of the County Council's 27 directly provided Household Waste Recycling Centres. It is envisaged that contracts will commence on 1st June 1993 or as soon as pos

thereafter.

Long Term Recycling and/or Disposal (for a period of up to 20 years) of up to 500,000 tonnes per annum of controlled waste collected by the Waste Collection Authorities and up to 130,000 tonnes per annum of amonity waste.

The County Council's policies favour the provision of integrated recycling/resource.

recovery systems and we are looking for solutions which enable the processing of up to 25% of separately collected materials for recycling.

Applications and preliminary proposals are invited from contractors who would be interested in tendering in due course on the basis that they: a) will have access to, or are planning, appropriate long-term into

b) are interested in developing the provision of all or part of suitable to

b) are interested in developing the provision of all or part of stitude long-term; integrated waste management systems in Hampshire, utilising the County Council's existing disposal site network where appropriate.
The County Council may be willing to consider proposals for joint venumes and other appropriate arrangements for the future utilisation of its existing assets.
A preliminary specification including details of how to make application can be inspected free of charge at the address below during the hours of 9.00am to 4.30pm from 10 Angust 1992 to 21 August 1992. Copies of the invitation documents including the specification can be supplied on request on payment of a charge of £20.
Anolications and preliminary proposals should be returned to the address below not.

Applications and preliminary proposals should be returned to the address below to ater than 2.00pm on 19 October 1992. The County Council will determine the precise nature of future to

and the packaging of contracts on the basis of an evaluation of preliminary proceived in response to this advertisement. If more than four suitable applicat received in respect of any category of service, then a minimum of four contract be invited to tendor for that category of service. If four or fewer apply, then all applicants will be invited to tender. The County Council reserves the right to enter late nts for the exclusive utilisation of all or some of its existing ets prior to the tendering pri IDK Ekins CEng MECE, The County Surveyor Hampshire County Council, The Castle, Winchester SO23 8UD

LEGAL NOTICES

In The High Court of June Division No 005848 of 1992 IN THE MATTER OF

NORWICH UNION REAL ESTATE MANAGERS LIMITED and
IN THE MATTER OF
THE COMPANIES ACT 1985
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of
the High Court of Jestice (Cancery Division)
dated 13th July 1992 confirming the reflection of
the Share Capital of the above-manned Company
from f12,000,000 to £1,000 in accordance with
the above-manifored Act was mediated by the ned Act was melsi trar of Companies on 25th July 1992.

forwich Union Legal Services

PO Box 29

in the High Court of Justice No. 005940 f 1992 Chancory Divinion Mr Justice Mellet IN THE MATTER OF ALPHAMERIC PLC

IN THE MATTER OF Notion is heavily given that the Order of the High Court of heavily given that the Order of the High Court of heaviles (Chancary Division) dated 20th July 1992, confirming the campellation of the Share Premium Account of the above named Company ("the Company") in the sum of £13,247,127, the reduction of the capital of the Company true BLEDS,195.59 to 12,80,000 and the Minate approved by the Court showing with respect to the capital of the Company as alread the reveral particulant sequence by the Registers of Companys as alread the reveral particulant sequence by the Registers of Companies on 27th July 1992.

Dated this 13th day of August 1992.

Naharro Nathamon, 50 Stratum Street, London WIX SPL.

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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Platinum price tumbles as NY investors bail out

By David Blackwell

NEW YORK platinum futures were tumbling in late trading yesterday as the precious metals markets moved into reverse.

The active October contract on the New York Mercantile Exchange was almost \$20 down at \$348.50 a troy ounce in late trading. "They are bailing out," one New York floor ana-lyst said as stop-loss sales by commodity funds and others

On the New York Commodity Exchange gold and silver futures followed platinum down. In late trading the December gold contract was down more than \$8 at \$342.30 a troy ounce - well below key support levels.

There is no reason to own any of these metals at recent levels - either technically or fundamentally. Reality is catching up to these markets. one floor analyst told the Reuter news agency.

Earlier gold fell on the London bullion market below \$348 a troy ounce - widely regarded as a critical support level - as it continued to retreat from the recent high of just over \$360. It closed at \$346,35 a troy ounce, down \$2.30 on the day.

London's platinum price also fell, shedding \$2.50 to \$367.75 a troy ounce. The market has been keeping a close eye on the falls in the Tokyo stock market, fearing that demand for platinum from Japan, the world's biggest importer, could

Those fears sparked the hectic trading in New York, which was also responding to a further fall to fresh six-year lows in the CRB index of 21 futures. widely-watched inflation

indicator. The London gold market has retraced its steps by more than 50 per cent after the rally early last month. Some analysts believe the market could now fall back to this year's lows around \$334, although others were suggesting that strong support would emerge at \$345. The drift down over the last

few days has been mainly due to professional selling by the large commodity funds, disappointed at the market's failure to push above \$360, said Mr Wiktor Bielski, analyst with Carr Kitkat & Aitken. On some days in the past week as much as 250,000 ounces has been

However, analysts could not point to any single reason for the decline. Mr Jon Bergtheil of James Capel said there had been no developments in the currency markets and no Central Bank activity which might have pushed prices down. He suggested that De Beers' forecast of a dividend cut on Tuesday could have sparked some jitters over jewellery sales this

Ms Rhona O'Connell, analyst with Williams de Broe, part of the Banque Bruxelles Lambert group, said that the weakening Australian dollar had led producers there to sell forward at A\$480 a troy ounce.

'Costs to be slashed' at new copper mines

By David Blackwell

COPPER mines scheduled to come on stream in the next three years are expected both to boost production and to slash operating costs, according to a report from the Commodities Research Unit. The growth follows a decade bereft of new capacity and marked by rising costs as producers concentrated on maximising output at a time of high prices.

Eight projects - including La Candelaria in Chile and Louvicourt in Canada - are due to come on stream by the end of 1995 and have a combined annual capacity of 277,000 tonnes a year. Average operating costs of these mines

and Chile's Escondida, which opened at the end of 1990, are expected to be less than 45

This compares with average operating costs of more than 60 cents a lb in 1990. Cash copper is selling at 114 cents a lb on the London Metal Exchange. A further 10 projects including Windy Craggy in Canada and Codelco's Chuqui Norte and El Abra in Chile are due to come on stream between 1996 and 2005, producing an additional 720,000

Analysis of Copper Mine Cost Structure, published by CRU International, 31 Mount Pleasant, London WCLX 0AD.£5,000.

cents a lb.

harvest for **US** farmers

By Matthew Kaminski in

US FARMERS are harvesting a bountiful spring crop despite haphazard summer weather, the US agriculture department reported yesterday.

All-wheat production is pegged at 2.34bn bushels for the 1992 season, up 5 per cent from the previous forecast, and 18 per cent higher than 1991. This is mostly due to anticipated record high production of non-durum spring wheat - 654m bushels, 12 per cent over the last projection and partly to a revised forecast for winter wheat, up 2 per cent to 1.60bn bushels.

These high wheat numbers should aliay fears about depleting US wheat stocks, which are at their lowest level in years. Maize production is forecast

at 8.76bn bushels, slightly below expections but still 17 per cent above last year's crop Soyabeans are expected to

surge to 2.8bn bushels - up 5 per cent from last year's 1.975bn bushel crop and well shead of recent forecasts. Less fecund were cotton producers with production expected to reach 16.5m bales, 6 per cent less than last year. Southern cotton belt states had a cold and wet spring which will lower yields by as much as two-thirds, as it did

in Texas. This is expected to

lower cotton export estimates,

but the USDA kept the forecast unchanged at 6.7m bales. Industry analysts welcome the bumper crop, which fol-lows several dry years, but warn that demand remains alarmingly stagnant. Over the past six weeks, corn prices have roughly slipped by 20 per cent, soyabeans by 25 per cent and, since the beginning of the year, wheat prices have dropped by 25 per cent. "There

is still room to go lower," said Mr Martyn Foreman, an analyst at Illinois' Agreviser. Wheat exports also pose problems for US farmers. In particular, Russian demand has fallen - and the Russians are harvesting a good crop this year - leading the USDA to reduce export estimates

from 1.175bn to 1.125bn.

However, maize and soya-

COCOA - London FOX

597

Close Previous High/Low

612 583

613

bean exports are expected to rise. The maize forecast for 1992-93 exports is an 50m to tonnes a year at an average 43 1.60bn bushels. Meanwhile, large European demand for soyabean has led the USDA to revise both the 1991-92 and the 1992-93 projections, from 680m bushels to 690m and 675m to 700m respectively.

Crop report | Bulgarian mines flounder in market economy confirms big Domestic shipments have fallen by 60% over the past two years writes Karen Taylor

■ HE MOVE to democracy in Bulgaria has decimated the traditional industries of the Balkan country. leaving its metals industry in

Although the Union of Democratic Forces became the largest single political party in the National Assembly elections in October last year, it failed to win overall majority. This has led to the Bulgarian Socialist Party - the repackaged com-munist party - blocking reforms in alliance with smaller parties, generally making the transition to capitalism that much more painful.

The impact of this on the country's primary metals companies and manufacturers of semi-fabricating products has been dramatic. Domestic shipments have fallen by 60 per cent over the past two years as the construction, electronics and machine building industries of Bulgaria have floundered in the new free market conditions. In many cases home market sales now account for only 20 per cent of

Gone are the assured trading partners of Comecon Europe, led by the former Soviet Union, and Bulgaria has been forced to join the rest of the world in its bid to sell increasingly sophisticated products in highly competitive international markets. But the most remarkable thing about the Bulgarian metals industry is that it is surviving in the face of lack of investment: a western world recession; and the enormous effort involved in

trying to capture new markets. Like the lead and zinc smelters and copper semi-fabricating producers in Bulgaria, the country's sole primary copper producer MDK at Pirdop, which used to depend on state support to cover its regular losses, is operating at a profit, according to Mr Dimitre Andreev Petrov, deputy director in charge of production and

Previously known as Georgi Damanyov, after a former and now discredited communist prime minister, the plant is forced to operate at less than half the 170,000-tonnes-a-year potential of its Outokumpu



flash furnace because of lack of investment. About 25.000 tonnes of refined copper is pro-duced annually for the domestic market and a further 25,000 tonnes for export, with some produced on a toll smelting contract basis, for, among others. Marc Rich, the international trading company based in Zug, Switzerland.

However, as MDK has yet to obtain London Metal Exchange listing for its copper cathodes it is finding it hard to meet the specifications of many western consumers. Even the domestic semi-fabricator Energocabel in Sofia restricts its intake from MDK to 25 per cent, preferring western cathode.

Mr Petrov, like many of his compatriots, is looking for foreign finance for Investment. He said: "We are now making investigations to this effect. Certain companies which have an interest in enlarging our copper production are helping us with preliminary investigations. In three to four months we hope to have a solution". Unfortunately the country's

precarious political situation,

coupled with crippling corporate taxation - set at 52 per cent but rising to over 80 per cent when hidden levies are included - provides little encouragement for investors. And the government's ambitious privatisation programme is unlikely to have any more success in attracting foreign finance. It will be at least early 1993 before the first Bulgarian state companies come under

the hammer. "The metals industry will see no incentives this year," Mr Pirin Tzenkov, general director of the Ministry of Trade, said. Answering criticism levelled by the industry that sluggish reforms were hin

dering investment, he admitted

that they were moving too

slowly. "The crisis in the metals industry is very strong," he said, "but the financial situa-tion needs to be sorted out before measures like reduced taxation can be implemented." Mr Tzenkov was also pessimistic about the privatisation of the metals industry, whose expensive plants will need huge investment with little promise of early returns. "Our banks are a good example of this. Some individual hanks

have issued shares and, though

they operated at a profit, no

dividends were released," he explained. "The same could happen at these large plants." But foreign investment is not ruled out altogether. There are ways round Bulgarian law. For example, the Conncil of Ministers can remove taxes from large companies for limited periods. At the same time, certain legislation allows foreign companies to pay taxes in the country most favourable to

them - ie, their own. Meanwhile, without exception the metals companies of Bulgaria are following LME prices and in some cases delivering metal on to the exchange. They are selling direct to end users and using independent traders, thus

reducing their dependence on state import-export companies like Rudmetal.

Reducing staff levels has been a common policy throughout the Bulgarian metals industry, unless sensitive social factors make this impractical. For example, the KCM lead and zinc plant in the industrial heartland of Plovdiv has kept on its 2,250 staff as many other companies in the area have closed or face bankruptcy. The unemployment level is already at 25 per cent.

At the moment KCM is negotiating a one-year contract with two labour unions. But with the average salary at L3,600 (£85) a month, more than twice the national averige, strike action is unlikely. Mr Tzenkov spoke of the problems of balancing conflicting social issues in the area. "First of all there was a movement to close the Plovdiv plant due to ecological reasons and then there was a movement to reopen it due to the unemploy-ment problem," he said.

Green lobbyists, increasingly active in the country, were evidently mollified by a compromise situation. The plant shut down its lead production from January-March this year, during which it installed new purifying equipment. According to Mr Nicola Dobrev, KCM's managing director, this has brought the plant's emissions in line with Bulgaria's national standards. Nevertheless, the company's lead output has been restricted to 32,000 tonnes a year, compared with a potential 40,000-50,000 tonnes. Zinc production is also expected to be lower than the 60,000 tonnes capacity this year, at 50,000 tonnes. This is largely due to reconstruction and repairs to

The other lead and zinc producer in the country, the Lead -Zink complex in Kardjali, planning to build a new 50,000tonnes-a-year zinc smelter at its existing site with unnamed US partners. Mr Russi Dafinov, general manager, said that Bulgarian government approval was expected and building should start next year. It would be a further three years before the plant was commissioned and it would replace the existing

the plant.

27,000-tonnes-a-year plant. Its lead output has also been reduced to 20,000 tonnes a year from 42,000 tonnes, because of

environmental concerns. Alongside the industry's emphasis on exports, with markets primarily in the Far and Middle East and neighbouring countries, imports of raw mate-rials are taking on increasing importance.

Niproruda, the Bulgarian state-owned mining, research and technology company, is currently assessing the future viability of the country's min-ing and metals sector. According to deputy director Ivan Daskalov, some 50-60 per cent of the country's mines and concentrators are unprofitable. Ore grades have fallen significantly after years of exploitation. So much so that the Bulgarian Council of Ministers announced last month that 56 mines would be closed in the next few years.

The announcement triggered an immediate strike threat by the country's two main unions, who demanded the publication of the mine rehabilitation decree in the State Gazette.

The government, already facing a crisis of confidence and possible collapse by September. quickly acquiesced, publishing the decree on July 28. Included are the Burgas Copper Mines, with six sites to be closed from 1992-94 Also copper mines belonging to Asarel Medet, Eliseina and Ustrem are to go, as well as 20 lead and zinc mines under the control of Gorubso and the Madiarovo and Osogovo non-ferrous

Whether the Bulgarian metals industry will be able to meet the overwhelming chalenges of finding new trading partners and sources of raw material, coupled with the replacement of ageing plant and technology, remains to be seen. The country has, as yet, the advantages of cheap labour and fixed-price power, as well as a relatively good position logistically. But as Mr Tzenkov said: "It is difficult to envisage what the industry will look like in ten years' time." Karen Taylor is a deputy editor (non-ferrous) of Metal Bulletin

Indonesia takes top place in tin production league

By Kenneth Gooding. Mining Correspondent

INDONESIA CAPTURED from Brazil last year top place among the world's tin produc- Shaw of Metals & Minerals ers, according to an analysis in Research Services, adds: "The the latest Metals and Minerals annual review.

staging an attempt to ensure the longer-term survival of domestic tin mining".

The author, Mr Andrew evidence so far suggests that this attempt has been partly lowest-cost producers. In con-It suggests that in south-east successful". He points out that trast. Brazil's output suffered

Asia "Indonesia was alone in local producer PT Tambang Timah's cost-cutting programme and a productivity drive at Koba, owned by Renison Goldfields Consolidated of Australia, restricted Indonesia's output decline while putting the country among the

because activity at the rich Bom Futuro operation in Ron-

donia was severely curtailed. Tin mine output outside the former eastern bloc last year 137,100 tonnes, down from 158.100 tonnes in 1990. But Indonesia held production at

31,700 tonnes in 1990. Meanwhile. Brazil's output fell from 39,100 tonnes to 29,300 tonnes.

"Mining Annual Review 1992" Annual Review 1992," £60 or \$110 for the two volumes from Mining Journal, 60 Worship 30,100 tonnes compared with Street, London, EC2A 2HD.

MARKET REPORT

London COCOA prices at one stage dropped by up to £30 a tonne as New York continued to move lower, but traders were still struggling to find any fresh fundamental reason for the fall. "At first I thought there had to be some origin selling but not at these prices. It really just looks like tired long liquidation." one dealer said. By London's close, New York had also recovered from its lows. But should the downside move be resumed, next support was plotted at £610 for the December contract. "It's not cocoa that is weighing on the market but speculators. The problem is there's been no decent buying

London Markets

SPOT MARKETS		
Crude all (per barrol FOB)		+ or
Dubai	\$17.50-7.65y	+ .050
Brent Bland (dated):	\$19 60-9.65	+ .150
Brent Blend (Sep)	\$19.70-9.75	+.125
W.T.I (1 pm ost)	\$21.05-1.10y	+.150
Oil products (NWE prompt dollvery per t	onne CIF)	+ or
Promium Gasolino	\$217-219	-2.0
Gas Off	\$175-177	+ 1.0
Heavy Fuel Qif	584-85	+1.0
Naphtha	\$190-181	+ 1.0
Petroleum Argus Estimates	t.	
Other		+ or
Gold (per tray oz)	\$348,35	-2.3
Silver (per tray oz)	389 Qc	-7.5
Platinum (per troy oz)	\$367.75	-2.5
Polladium (per troy oz)	\$87.00	-0.5
Copper (US Producer)	117.0c	
Load (US Producer)	39 40c	+7,22
Tin (Kuala Lumpur market)	16.76r	F 0 27
Tin (New York)	313,5c	12
Zinc (US Primo Western)	62.0c	
Cattle (live weight)	109.18	-1.35
Sheap (live weight):	71.94	-3.72"
Pigs (live weight):	78 95p	-268"
London dally sugar (rew)	\$266.0w	+20
London daily sugar (white)		-0.5
Tale and Lylo export price	6247.0	+ 1.5
Barley (English food)	£118.5z	+05
Maizo (US No 3 yellow)	£161.5	
Wheat (US Dark Northern)	Unq	
Rubber (Sep)♥ Rubber (Oci)♥	50.50p	
Bubbar iki DSC ala · · ·	50 50p	
Purober (KL RSS No 1 Jul)	219.5r	-1.0
Coconut or (Philippmos)5	\$530.DI	
Palm Orl (Malaystan))	\$375 Dy	
Copra (Philippinos)3	\$3150	+25
Soyaboans (US) Collon "A" index	£136.0	F 1.5
	60 05c	F 0.05
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around. A lot of bulls are happy to see the market come down so they can buy on the dips, another dealer said. London's robusta COFFEE prices also dropped back after New York scored new life-of-contract lows. weighed down by the abundance of supply. Trading remained dull on the LME as the summer slowdown in physical interest and an absence of Iresh news continued to restrict activity, dealers said. Prices closed mixed, although COPPER and ZINC slipped through the floors

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Mar	267 60	266 50	267 40 355 90
May	271 50	270 50	270 00 July 51
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								400.5 403.1		391.5 390.0	Dec	58.20	60,10	58.38	98.85 57.65	LIVE C	ATTLE 40	,000 lbs; ce	nts/ibs	
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						HIGH					. Jul	. 60.60	. 90.50	61.25	60.50	Aug Oct	74.600 74.275	74.600	74,700	7:
		_				_	Close	Previou	s High/i.	Ow		Art have				Dec	72.625	72,500	72.750	7
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						Oct	111.50	112.75	11205	111 55	Sep	108.90	105 65	107.50		Yes	70.250 98.725	70.200 \$8.600	79.300 68.800	8
50	-	56	89	9	52	Dac	111.40	112,50	11260	111.35	Mov	104 65 104 10	104.15 104.30	195 05	703.90	LIVE H	DGS 40.0	00 th; cente	/lbs	
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a .		10	87		8	CRUD						·		· · · · ·		Apr	38 400	38.650	\$8.860	35
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										• •	<i> </i>	<b>⊸.</b> .	_ ^ \		`					
	ash months opper, Gri ash months ash months ash months in (5 per lash months months in (5 per lash months in (6 per lash in	Juminium, 99.7% p  Juminium, 99.7% p  Juminium, 1329-5  months 1329-90  Juminium, 1339-90  Juminium, 1339-90	Juminishm, 99.7% purity ( Juminishm, 99.7% purity ( Juminishm, 1324-5 months 1324-5 months 1329-300 months 1299-300 months 1329-300 months 1320-5-1 ash 1299-300 months 349.5-50 lickel (5 per tonne) ash 7260-60 months 549.5-50 lin (5 per tonne) ash 7260-60 months 6800-5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 1350-5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 1350-5 months 1345-5.5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 1350-5 months 1345-5.5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 349-60 ash 1350-5 months 1345-5.5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 349-60 ash 1350-5 months 1345-5.5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 349-60 ash 1350-5 months 1345-5.5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 245-50 ash 1350-5 lin (5 per tonne) ash 245-50 ash 250 ash 2	Juminium, 99.7% purity (\$ por label   1304-5   1307-1301-1   1329-9   1331-1301-1   1329-9   1331-1   1329-1   1329-1   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# Losses extended in nervous trading

#### By Terry Byland, UK Stock Market Editor

AN ATTEMPT to break the ongest-running streak of bearish sessions in the UK stock market for at least eight years failed yesterday when the FT-SE Index suffered its seventh consecutive daily fall. The Footsie 2,300 level was challenged again in nervous trading although share prices rallied after turning down sharply when a director of Commercial Union, the UK Insurance group, said that UK equities are still not good value despite

Equities opened higher on a widely expected technical bounce which, at first, enabled London to brush aside the further losses in New York and

Tokyo. Confidence was at first sustained by a firm opening in he stock index futures sector. But the early gain of 17 points on the Footsie was whittled away later and then the market began to fall away sharply.
At the day's low, the Footsie
was down to 2,299.3 but by the close of trading the los been cut to 6.5 for a final read-

There appeared to be no new factors in the market yester-day. Worries over upward pressures on mortgage lending rates eased when Alliance & Leicester, a leading UK building society, reduced deposit rates, rather than increased loan rates.

But, in the second half of the session, confidence was jolted by rumours - quickly denied

Accou	nt Dealing	Dates
"First Deslings: Jul 27	Aug 10	Aug 24
Option Beclerat Aug d	Aug 20	Sep 3
Lest Destage Aug 7	Aug 21	Sep 4
Account Day: Aug 17	Sep 1	Sep 14
"New time desi	ags may take Stess days s	place from sriler.

that Mr Norman Lamont, UK chancellor of the exchequer, had resigned, and also by reports, later discounted, that Iraq had moved troops to the Kuwait border.

Traders regarded the market's reaction to these fleeting and unsubstantiated rumours as an indication of its underlying lack of confidence. Even the bearish views on equities from Commercial Union were not considered, in retrospect, very different from comments de earlier in the day when the hoard announced satisfactory interim results.

On the domestic front, investors awaited today's economic data on UK employment, wages and unit costs, which will be followed tomorrow by the July Retail Price Index. There really is no reason to

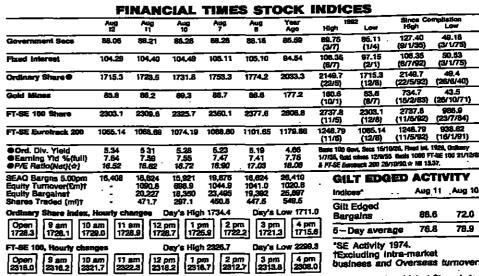
rush to buy the UK market," commented the head trader of a leading international house. Fears that the Footsie index remains vulnerable all the way down to 2,150 continued to haunt a now somewhat demoralised stock market.

On the international front, attention is focused on the Nikkei Average which, having lost the 15,000 mark, is now

believed by some analysts to be heading towards 12,500. In Europe, investors await the outcome of the referendum in France on the Maastricht

treaty on September 20. Trading volume appeared to be lighter than on the previous day, although the bout of nervous selling in the afternoon lifted the Seaq total to 406.2m

Tuesday's Seaq volume of 564m shares reflected retail, or direct customer interest, worth £1.1bn. This figure, a return to more satisfactory levels of business from the point of view of the London-based securities houses, was clearly boosted by the two trading programmes identified in the market on Tuesday, when the institutions were selling stock.



London report and latest Share Index: Tel. 0691 123001. Calls charged at 36p/ minute cheap rate, 48p/minute at all Day's Low 1064.56 FT-SE Eurobrack 200, Hourly changes Day's High 1071.72 3 pm 1085.74 1 pm 1067.73 2 pm 1065.84

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

#### Manoplax boost for Boots

NEWS that its heart drug Manoplax has received UK approval lifted Boots, taking the shares up 7 to 429p. Although Manoplax has been in tests for three years, a setback at the beginning of the trial period had left analysts somewhat cynical.

However, yesterday's announcement raised hopes that other approving authorities could soon follow suit. with the lucrative US market high on the agenda.

Estimates vary as to how much Manoplax might be worth to Boots. While the UK market is likely to bring in around £10m a year from next vear. US approval could mean £100m a year by 1997. Mr Nick Hawkins at Kleinwort Benson said that the news, together with firm retail sales and recent selling pressure, meant that the shares were good

#### **Queens Moat falls**

Improved profits and an increased dividend failed to halt a slide in the shares of Queens Moat Houses as the hotel group surprised the market by disclosing an unexpected jump in debt levels. The company undermined sentiment further by stating it intended to pursue opportunities in the German hotel market, which may involve additional capital expenditure.

"The borrowing position has caused giant disappointment," said Mr Bruce Jones at Smith New Court. "The figures were fine and the depreciation policy positive. But they have created a credibility and sentiment problem and won few friends.

Mr Mark Finnie at County NatWest argued that Queens Moat may need a cash call within the next two years if it fails to contain debt levels. "Rynansion is something the market does not want to hear

However, Kleinwort Benson painted a more positive view. Analyst Mr Paul Slattery said worries over the debt position had been overdone and pointed to the "dramatic growth" in trading profits. Kleinwort has pulled its full-year forecast back £7m to £93m, with County on £94.5m. Paribas on £94m and Smith on £95m. Queens

#### **NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1992**



#### Moat shares tumbled 8 to 57p with 6.2m traded.

#### CU pleases

ing of 2.303.1.

Insurer Commercial Union (CU) was a strong performer after a set of interim results that surprised the market. The shares rose 8 to 443p. The company was still in def-

icit over the first half, but its loss narrowed to £18.1m from £26.3m. The forecast was for a loss of between £19m and £35m. There was some disappointment that the dividend vas merely maintained at 9.25p but Mr Steven Bird, insurance analyst with Smith New Court. raised his current-year forecast to break-even from a £20m loss, and improved his 1993 estimate by £14m to £130m, arguing that the stock "remains the prime buy in the sector".

#### Burmah firm

Oil group Burmah Castrol was one of the stronger performers in the market, receiving encouragement from a couple of positive pieces of research

Securities house Smith New Court put the stock on its buy list ahead of interim results on September 3. Analyst Mr Nick Clayton said the stock was at a 16 per cent P/E discount to the market and that the shares were attractive up to 600p. Also, Carr Kitcat & Aitken put out an internal buy note, saying that Burmah was: "A good

solid company that is now back to a reasonable rating." The shares closed 18 higher at

#### Saatchi wanted

Advertising group Saatchi & Saatchi rose sharply as investment houses in the US and UK turned positive on the stock following an encouraging set of results. The shares jumped 14

to 150p. In London, S.G. Warburg Securities upgraded its buy from hold and increased its full-year profit forecast to £21.5m from £17.5m. Meanwhile, in New York, Smith Barney published a buy recommendation after hosting a meeting between potential investors and Saatchi executives in the US. Drug group Wellcome fell 4

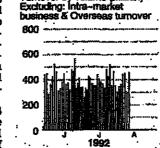
to 778p as Robert Fleming, the merchant bank which handled the recent £2.16bn sale of shares by the Wellcome Trust, again cut its bid price. The bid was trimmed by 3p to 777p. Smith & Nephew was slightly easier at 136p despite its defensive qualities. Nomura reduced its 1992 forecast by £5m to £145m, principally to reflect a weaker dollar. The shares eased ¼ to 136p.

ICI returned to the level it had reached before announcing a demerger. One analyst said investors were realising that it would be a long time before the impact of the planned

#### FT-A All-Share Index 1.340 1.300 1,260

1,220

#### 1992 **Equity Shares Traded** Turnover by volume (million)



demerger was felt. The shares fell 10 to 1094p. BP held steady at 1890 on turnover of 11m receiving some support from a Carr Kitcat & Aitken buy recommendation.

Shares in Eurotunnel edged up a penny to 324p after the company said talks on additional costs with tunnel constructer TML were making progress and could be over within week".

Airports operator BAA continued its recent advance, this Page 17.

#### slightly better than forecast July passenger traffic figures. up 11 per cent on the same month last year. The shares gained 4 to 633p, with talk of some dealers switching out of BAA and into British Airways. The airliner's shares closed 8

down at 245p. Hotel group Forte suffered from Queens Moat's figures. The stock closed at 130p, off 7. A big seller of Rank Organisation unhinged the shares, off 9 at the close at 534p.

Shares in manufacturer Northern Foods made a technical bounce after the recent battering which followed a bout of downgrades. They jumped 17 to 249p in heavy volume of

3.1m. Talk that Dutch conglemerate SHV had raised its stake in retailer Nurdin and Peacock helped the shares 3 to 151p. In engineers and metals. Siebe rebounded 9 to 598p in thin trade. A broker's recommendation earlier in the week

continued to benefit TI Group. with the shares 4 better at 270p, Shares in Williams Holdings fell 13 to 241p, with UBS Phillips & Drew reported to have been the day's main sellers. Turnover reached 2.2m.

MARKET REPORTERS: Peter John. Joel Kibazo Christopher Price

■ Other market statistics,

#### **EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING**

uncertainty about the outlook once again dominated trading in the derivatives, sending stock index futures falling as dealers focused on unsubstantiated rumours, writes Joel

The September contract on the FT-SE opened strongly with the first bargain struck at 2,326. 9 points above Tuesday's close. The contract moved gently forward and reached the session's high discount to the cash market. point of 2,340 by mid-morning, when a period of sideways trading ensued.

Speculation about events in the Middle East and later about the UK chancellor's tenure caused the sharp retreat of combined with sell orders from two securities houses led to a continued slide and by

Bargain hunting just before the close helped the contract end above the day's low point and September closed at 2,301, down 16 on it previous close and around 10 points below its estimated fair value premium to cash of about 12. Turnover was 7,407.

Total volume in the traded options was poor reaching 4pm it had fallen to 2,294, at 22,556 contracts, of which point it was trading at a 13,631 was in the FT-SE 100. 22,556 contracts, of which

#### FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

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EQUITY		¥	Vednes	day At	igust 1	2 199	2	Tue Aug 11	Mon Aug 10	Fri Agg 7	Year ago (approx)
& SUB-Si Figures in parenther stocks pe	ses show number of	Index Ng.	Day's Change %	Est. Earnings Yield% (Max.)	Gross Div. Yield% (Act at (25%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	zd adj. 1992 to date	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.
	(175) als (23)	700.44	+0.3	8.41 7.62	6.41 7.83	15.21 17.83	21.23 26.43	700.58 713.03	705.43 713.41	713.04	839.09 1058.55
3 Contracting Con	struction (27)	544 11	+1.7	6.19	10.58	35.18	25.20		555.74		1144.14
4 Florings (0)	30 0COOII (277	2023 00	+0.7	8.51	7.43	15.21	72.04				2444.63
5 Electronics (27)		1862 63	+0.2	8.62	4 63	14.47	45.74		1864.56		1717.57
6 Engineering-Aem	ospace (6)	297.04	-13	12.26	8.77	10.32	11.27	301.52	30L30		
7 Engineering-Gen	eral (43)	428 90	+0.5	9 47	5.62	13.20	12.47		123.00		
8 Metals and Meta	1 Forming (7)	271.26	-1.4	6.16	8 12	23.78	7.18		275.98		
9 Motors (14)		303.75	-0.i	8.84	7.76	14.89	12.25		307.38		
10 Other Industrial I	Materials (19)	1527.02	-0.4	8.11	5.43	14.84	38.28				
21 CONSUMER GRO	Materials (19) UP (191)	1471.25	-0.6	8.31	3.91	14 78	27.61		1494.93		1538.07
22 Repeters and Dist	lilers (25)	1891 40	-1.5	8.79	3.87	13.72	37.45	1921.11	1925.64	1936.55	1885 04
25 Food Manufactus	ring (19) (8) zhold (24)	1140.66	-0.4	9.46	4.63	13.07	26.01	1145.15	1158.36	1170.84	1206.06
26 Food Retailing (3	8)	2603.77	-0.5	9.36	3.50	13.92	44.92		2639 40		2641.96
27 Health and House	zhold (24)	3675 <i>.2</i> 2	·-0.5	7.54	2.91	15.10	42.42	3691.84	3737.79	3765.49	3682.40
29 Hotels and Leisur	re (18)	1005.03	-L6	7.98	6.81	16.29	36.54		1032.17		1348.64
30 Media (27)	e (18) r & Printing (17)	1387.63	-0.6	7.29	3.80	17.08	29.47		1413.47		
31 Packaging, Paper	r & Printing (17)]	706,05	-0.3	7.30	4.68	16.60	15.69	707.97	714.54	715.91	751.35
. 34   Stores (34)		917.39	+0.3	8.21	4.07	16.09	16.98		925.00		1000.43
j 35 Textiles (9)		582.95	-0.2	8.32	5.32	14.97	15.02	584.38	594.95		
40 OTHER GROUPS	<u>a17</u> )	1160.77		10.72	5.70	11.62	35 65	1161.30	1170.90		1272.93
41 Business Services	(17)	1186.41	-0.5	7.08	4.35	17.24	21.09			1214.72	
42 Chemicals (22) 43 Conglomerates (1	0)	1262.07	-0.8 -1.1	7.61	5.67	16.32 11.50	45.57		1301.70		
45 Conglomerates (1	.07	2140.02	-0.1	10.89	8.18 5.46	13.49	24 98		1173.87		
44 Transport (14) 45 Electricity (16) 46 Telephone Netwo		1272 64	+0.1	15.59	5.77	8.12	55.92 44.58		2189.78 1264.91		
45 Tolophone Netwo	elec(A)	1 240 02	+0.4	11.20	4 89	11.64	46.15		1351.45		
47 Water(11)		2648 57	+1.7	16.91	6.53	6 54	86 85		2663.89	2694.57	
48 Miscellaneous (2)	3)	1852.07	-07	7.17	5.47	17.52		1865 18	1878.99	1934.34	
	OUP (483)		-0.3	9.10	4.92	13.65	29.03	1183 09	1193.45	1205.90	
			+0.2	8.54	6.88	15.32					
51 Oil & Gas (17)									1756 73		2437.21
59 500 SHARE INDI	EX (500)	1235.90	-0.3	9.05	5.11	13.80	32.22	1240 45	-	1261.05	1391.72
61 FINANCIAL GRO	UP (84)	653.32	+0.2	- 1	6.92	. <del>-</del> l	25.18	651.74	654 61	668 22	827.99
62 Banks (9)		878.52	+0.1	7 29	6.27	19.75	36 70	877 49	879.59	906 46	960.53
65 Insurance (Life) (6	5)	1339.82	+0.9	- 1	6 65	- 1	44.26	1327.75		1368.73	
66 Insurance (Compo	Sites (/)	441.30	+1.0	. <del>.</del>	7 89	!	13.46	436.73	436.56	433 03	673.05
67 Insurance (Broker 68 Merchant Banks (	27 (10)	678.52	-14 -02	11.10	9.30	11 85	31.02	708 69	712.88		1172 03
69 Property (30)	.,,	502.77		11.98	5.34 9.10	11.20	12.37 20.85	405.77 502.07	407 84 503.34	419.29	438.35
70 Other Financial (	163	222 10	-0.1	8.24	7.75	16.43	6.63	223.30	224.42	508 93 229 34	927.54 253.42
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		index	Day's	Day's	Day's	Am	Aug	Apg	Aug	Arq	Year
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	FIXED INTEREST					AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS			Wed Aug 12	Tue Aug 11	Year ago Capprox	
	PRICE INDICES	Wed Aug 12	Day's change %	Tue Aug 11	Accrued Interest		1 Les		art 5 years 15 years 20 years	8.65 8.97 8.97	8.61 8.95 8.95	8 89 9.73 9 73
	British Government					F -		giga avragion	5 years	9 52	9.49	10.08
1	Up to 5 years (23)	121.13	-0.02	121.15	1.82	8.08		100E	15 years	9.18 9.10	9.15	9 91
2	5-15 years (25)	136.48	-0.19	136.74	2.00	8.55	7 Hig	6-101€°•)	20 years 5 years	9.75	9.08 9.71	9.86 10.26
3	Over 15 years (8)	148.00	-0.21	148.31	2.00	7.62	8 Co.	IDONS	15 years	9.39	9.36	10.03
4	irredeemables ( 6) .	166.29	-0.27	166.74	2.93	7.34	9 01	%-)	20 years	9.29	9.25	9.93
5	Ali stocks (62)	134.22	~0.14	134.41	1.96	8.43		deemables	<u>:</u>	9.24	9.21	9.92
	index-Linked							ex-Linked ation rate 5°	up to 5yrs.	4.40	4.39	4.23
6	Up to 5 years (2).	171.07	~0.03	171.13	-0.06	3.25		ation rate 59		4 55	4.54	4.39
7	Over 5 years (10)	148.87	~0.10	149,02	0.69	3.09	13 Inf	ation rate 10	o Up to 5 yrs.	3.70	3.68	3.34
8	All stocks (12)	150.75	-0.09	150.89	0.59	3.08	14 Infl	ation rate 10	o Over 5 yrs .	4.38	4.37	4.21
-			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		├	15 Deb		5 years	10.74	10.69	11 73
9	Behs & Leans (62)	119.59	~0.33	119.98	2.84	6.83	16][64	IRS	15 years 25 years	10.53 10.40	10.49 10.35	11.50 11.32

AOpening lodes 2316 0; 9 am 2316 2; 10 am 2321.7; 11 am 2322.3; Noon 2318.2; 1 pm 2316.7; 2 pm 2312.7; 2.30 pm 2312.9; 3 pm 2313.8; 4 10 pm 2299 5; (a) 10 42am (b) 4 1 1 pm 1 Flat yield. Highs and sow record, base dates values and constituent changes are published in Saturday issues A list of constituents; sarallable from the Publishes. The Financial Times. Number One, Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL. The FT-ACTUARTES SHARE INDICES SERVICE covers a range of electronic and paper-based outcomes relating to these indices. These are available by subscription from FINSTAT, 2nd Floor, 126 Jermyo Street, London SW1Y 4UJ. Tel: 071-925 2323

# LONDON SHARE SERVICE British Funds BRITISH FUNDS - Cont. Hotes Pice £ 101₂ pc 1999...... 194½ sion 101₄ pc 1999... 1933. ELYSEES COURT TERME

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Siège social : L-2132 Luxembourg 8 Avenue Marie-Thérèse R.C. Luxembourg B25.863

I'ASSEMBLEE GENERALE STATUTAIRE de notre Société qui aura lieu le 1er Septembre 1992 à 11.00 heures au sièg

social avec l'ordre du jour suivant: Examen du rapport de gestion du Conseil d'Administration, du rapport du Réviseur d'Entreprises agréé, des comptes annuels et de l'affectation des

 Décharge aux Administrateurs pour l'exercice de leur mandat ellement du mandat du Réviseur d'Entreprises agréé pour un

. Nomination des Administrateurs pour un nouveau terme statutaire de troi ans. 5. Questions diverses

Les actionnaires sont avertis qu'il n'y a pas de quorum pour délibére

valablement et que les résolutions sont prises à la simple majorité des actions Les détenteurs d'actions au porteur sont priés de déposer leurs titres cine jours avant l'Assemblée auprès de:

CCF LUXEMBOURG S.A. 8, Avenue Marie-Thérèse L-2132 Luxembourg Le Conseil d'Administration

Société d'Investimement à Capital Variable Siège social : L-2132 Luxembourg 8 Avenue Marie-Thérèse R.C. Luxembourg B25.791 surs les actionnaires sont convoqués par le présent avis à

l'assemblee generale statutaire de notre Société qui aura lieu le 1er Septembre 1992 à 10.00 beures au siège social avec l'ordre du jour suivant: . Examen du rapport de gestion du Conseil d'Administration, du rapport du Réviseur d'Entreprises agréé, des comptes annuels et de l'affectation des

Décharge aux Administrateurs pour l'exercice de leur mandat.

. Renouvellement du mandat du Réviseur d'Entreprises agréé pour une . Nomination des Administrateurs pour un nouveau terme statutaire de trois

ans. Les actionnaires sont avents qu'il a'y a pas de quorum pour délibérer valablement et que les résolutions sont prises à la simple majorité des actions

présentes ou représentées. Les détenteurs d'actions au porteur sont priés de déposer leurs titres cine jours avant l'Assemblée auprès de: CCF LUXEMBOURG S.A. 8, Avenue Marie-Thérèse L-2132 Luxembourg

655.

Golden Hope Plantations Berhad (Incorporated in Malaysia) NOTICE OF CLOSURE OF RECISTER OF MEMBERS FOR RIGHTS ISSUE ENTITLEMENT

NOTICE IS MEREBY GIVEN that the Register of Members of the Company will be closed on the 10th day of September, 1992, for the purpose of determining shareholders emitterment of the additional 92. for the purpose analysis of the additional architecture's confidence of \$1.4- each 1 the share capital of the Company sharing from a rights lasue on the basis of the first from signature share for every six (6 the first from a right share for every six (6 the first first from member at at

57 ORDER OF THE BOARD NORLIN BINTE ABOUL SAM SECRETARY

REINSURANCE The Financial Times annual survey will be published on September 7 1992.

The FT is read by more senior European executives in insurance than any other business publication*. If you would like to reach this influential audience please contact: Richard Huggins Tel: 071-873 3688

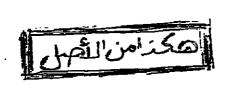
llata surce " European Business

FT SURVEYS

# THE BATAVIA FUND LIMITED

Notice is hereby given that the second Austral Meeting of the Members of the Onle hald at the offices of Meropus Grandell (Coymus) Limited, Ellenbechen Squa-Town, Grand Caymus, British West Indies on 7 September 1992 at 10:00

DOC's beliefer must deliver the IDN's to the Depository at the instant on September Sed, 1992 at the address given believe (attention: Securities Oppository at the instant on September S22.5088215 — telect 21752 MOREK B), instruct the Depository on to the manner in which the weter should be cent, and indicate to when the IDN's should be remained after the meeting. Copies of the Annual Report of the Company are evaluable with the Depository at the relative



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Property Plot. (Green)   19.0   42.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5   5.5	41-245 2323 Surf All larnet Group  5-10 1 - 15 Frank - 10 1 - 15 F	## Design Office   10 Times   10
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Suitable Sec. Fet.   241.0   52.0	## 45.0 0 of lagent & Georgia   75.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0	Company   Comp
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Sertia Improve Press F   15.5   15.7   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5   15.5	Pres.   Managed Acc.   742.1   781.2   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1	100 2   106 6
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Persyldence Capital Life Assc. Co Ltd    Providence Capital Life Assc. Co Ltd    Down's Ser D	Money Fraid   1542   40.2	13.2   13.7   13.6   13.7   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6   13.6
Int Fired loterest Act.   61.5   64.9   67   67   67   68.5   68.1   68.5   68.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.5   69.	-0.2 Target Life Assurance Co Ltd Cotta Gord Particle 17.9 65.3 Explaints Cotta Gord Particle 17.9 Explaints Cotta Gord Particle 17.9 Explaints Cotta Gord Particle 17.9 65.3 Explaints Cotta Gord Particle 17.9 Explaints Cotta Gord Particle 17	04 6
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**Money Market** 

Trust Funds

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGES**

# Traders shrug off intervention

THE US DOLLAR slid towards DM1.4600 against the D-Mark yesterday, despite Tuesday's extensive intervention by major central banks in support of the currency, writes James

In afternoon US trading, the dollar was at DMI.4630, only 20 points above the level at which central banks had intervened on its behalf 30 hours earlier. Tuesday's intervention looks increasingly as though it was ill-timed. Some analysts also believe that the fundamental factors undermining the dollar are so great that intervention may be abandoned altogether. Mr Neil MacKinnon, chief economist at Yamaichi International in London, says: "Given the sluggish nature of the recovery, the US authorities may be tempted to forget intervention and let the market take the dollar down itself."

Indicators suggesting that the differential between US and German interest rates will widen further, making it too

**E IN NEW YORK** Aug.12

E Spot	1.9300-1.9310 1.08-1.05pc 3.22-3.19pc 11.8-11.7pm	1.9270-1.9280 1.11-1.09pm 3.24-3.21pm 11.7-11.6pm
Forward premiu	ere and discounts ag	ply to the US dollar
		•••

STERLING INDEX 49 ...... 40 ..... 40 .....

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS					
Aug 12	Bank of England Index	Morgan ^{oo} Guarant <i>y</i> Changes %			
Sterling U.S Dollar Caudian Dollar Austrian Schilling Belgian Franc Barish Krope D-Mark Swiss Franc Detch Guilder French Franc Lira Yen Penska	92.0 60.3 98.5 111.5 113.4 111.7 122.7 109.4 116.6 106.2 106.3 136.2	-20.0 -18.4 -2.4 +13.1 -0.8 +27.2 +17.2 +17.2 +17.6 -10.8 -19.2 +72.1			

**CURRENCY RATES** 8.16035 2.11898 2.4079 7.22683 1603.98 185.472 8.34445 136.265 7.69867 1.90546 N/A N/A

OTHER CURRENCIES						
Ang 12	£	S				
	1,9065 1,9075 2,6495 - 2,6475 8,649 20 - 8,653,85 7,7405 - 7,7540 7,7405 - 7,7540 14,8880 14,9015 277,500 0,55530 0,56730 0,55530 0,56730 0,55530 0,56730 3,578 00 - 5,790,85 3,5940 - 3,5975 7,1805 7,590,85 3,5940 - 3,5975 7,1805 7,790,85 1,5320 - 5,5465 7,0310 - 7,1080	0.9900 - 0.9910 1.3950 - 1.3940 4490 75 - 4490.85 4.0740 - 4 027.77 7.7300 - 7.750 7.750 - 7.751 7.843.500 - 7.751 7.843				

expensive for dealers to be long of dollars, dragged the US currency down. The prospect of another cut in US interest rates was sharpened by poor housing completion figures, which dropped 3.2 per cent in June, after rising 12.8 per cent the previous month. July's US producer price figures showed the absence of any inflationary pressures, rising only 0.1 per cent. Tuesday's comment from Mr Nicholas Brady, the US Treasury Secretary, that another interest rate cut cannot be ruled out, hung over the

market. Conversely, the Bundesbank dangled the prospect of another Lombard rate rise by draining a large amount of liquidity from the German money market. By withdrawing DM2.4bn in its weekly security repurchase agreement, the Bundesbank kept call money just below the Lombard rate level of 9.75 per cent. Dealers still cannot rule out a German rate hike after France

votes in its referendum on Maastricht in September. Dollar weakness dragged sterling down % a pfennig against the D-Mark to finish at DM2.8225 at the London close. ont's resignation as Chance helped push the curren down, but they later pro-unfounded. The lira contin to make the recent cut in lian interest rates look judged as it dropped to L7 against the D-Mark from a vious close of L756.3.

otherwise focused on the *i* tralian dollar, which sa towards the US\$0.71 le against the US curre despite more intervention fr the Reserve Bank of Austra The RBA again bought "Aussie dollar" at US\$0.7 yesterday, but the curre was quoted at US\$0.7150 London at 1215 GMT. Fears a cut in Australian inter rates are driving the curre

	Ecu Centr Rate	al Amplement	% Change from Central Rate	% S IS We Com	pread gatest recy	Divergence indicator			
Portuguese Est Spanish Peseta Seletan Franc D-Blank Dentsh Runt Dentsh Krene French Franc Italian Lira Sterilog	42.4 2.05 2.31 0.767 7.84 6.89	631 130 20 032 41 970 586 2.0372 643 2.2469 417 0.76697 1195 7.8491 509 6.9028	4 -256 4 -102 4 -0.91 3 -0.84 7 0.09 6 0.11 0 0.30	6644	14 18 56 190 181 12	42 633 85 -1395 -136 -136 -136 -136 -136 -136 -136 -136			
are for Eor; a percestage dit percestage der Adjustment ca	Ecu central rates set by the European Commission, Currencies are in descending relative strength. Percentage changes are for Eco; a positive change denotes a weak currency. Observance shows the ratio between two spreads: the percentage difference between the actual market and Eco central rates for a currency, and the marketon percentage deviation of the currency's market, rate from its Eco central rate.  Adjustment calculated by Plonancial Times.  POUND SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND								
Aug 12	Day's sorted	Close	One month	131	Three				

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Beiglum Desmark Ireland Germany Portugal Spain Italy Horway France Sueden Japan Austria Sutterland Ett. Commercial 11.82-11.72	110.8650 - 10.9056 1.0610 - 1.0645 2.8175 - 2.8325 240.90 - 241.80 180.15 - 181.00 2/135.50 - 2/142.50 11.1150 - 11.1475 9.5425 - 9.9900 10.2950 - 10.2875 245.50 - 246.75 19.81 - 19.92 2.5400 - 2.5325 13855 1.3895 rates taken towards (	1.0630 - 1.0630 2.8200 - 2.6250 201.25 - 24.75 180.15 - 180.45 180.15 - 180.45 11.300 - 11.1400 9.5625 - 9.5725 10.2575 - 10.2675 19.94 - 19.87 2.5400 - 2.500 1.3835 - 1.3666 lic est of Laston tra	0.07-0.04ppm 50-1/2-08s 50-1/2-08s 52-57-08s 8-10(iredis par-1 ₄ -oredis par-1 ₄ -oredis 19-2 ₄ -oredis 1 ₁ -2 ₄ -1	-1.38 0.62 0.27 -5.65 -5.05 -0.16 -0.27 5.79 0.34 1.47 1.04		-4.12 -3.46 -4.49 -0.16 -2.27 6.29 0.37 1.77 -0.75	
	DOLLAR SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR						
DOLL		- FORWAR	ID AGAIN				
DOLL Aug 12	Day's spread	- FORWAF	Ore month	ST %	Three modils	% Pi	
Aug 12 JKt	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285	One month	% pa 6.66	Three appties 3.31-3.29am	% p.a. 6.84	
Aug 12 JKt relaedt	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130	0ne month 1,08-1.0tcpm 1,15-1,12cm	% pa 6.66 7.51	Three sectils 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm	% p.a. 6.84 7.43	
Aug 12 JKrrelandt Zatada	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135 1,1835 - 1,1955	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915	One month  1.08-1.06cpm 1.15-1.12cpm 0.17-0.19csts	% 02 6.66 7.51 -1.81	Three anorths 3.31-3.29pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ils	% p.a. 6.84 7.43 -1.63	
Aug 12  JKr relands letherlands	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130	0re month 1,08-1.0kcpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,1750 0,90-0,93cils 15,00-17,00cils	% pa 6.66 7.51	Three sectils 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm	% p.a. 6.84 7.43	
Aug 12  JKr relandr Lanada letherlands Selglum Denmark	Day's spread 1.9220 - 1.9285 1.8050 - 1.8135 1.1835 - 1.1955 1.6495 - 1.6595 30.10 - 30.30 5.6350 - 5.6700	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.6505 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6425	0re month 1.08-1.05cpm 1.15-1.12cpm 0.17-0.19c8s 0.90-0.93c8s 15.00-17.00csls 3.77-4.07oredis	% p± 6.66 7.51 -1.81 -6.65 -6.37 -8.34	Three anorths 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ils 2.74-2.79dis 47.00-51.00dis 11.25-11.85dis	% p.a. 5.84 7.43 -1.63 -6.70 -6.50 -8.19	
Aug 12  JKt	Day's spread 1.9220 - 1.9285 1.8050 - 1.8135 1.1835 - 1.1955 1.6495 - 1.6595 30.10 - 30.30 5.6350 - 5.6720 1.4620 - 1.4720	Close 1.9275 - 1.9286 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.6505 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6425 1.4635 - 1.4645	0ne month 1,08-1,06cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19cits 0,90-0,93cits 15,00-17,00cits 3,77-4,07oredis 0,61-0,82pfdis	% 0.56 7.51 -1.81 -6.57 -6.37 -6.58	Three anoths 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50dls 2.74-2.79dls 47.00-51.00dls 11.25-11.85dls 2.45-2.47dls	% pa 5.84 7.43 -1.63 -6.70 -6.50 -6.72	
Aug 12  JKr	Day's spread  1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135 1,1835 - 1,1955 1,6495 - 1,6595 30,10 - 30,30 5,6350 - 5,6700 1,4620 - 1,4720 125,20 - 125,65	Close 1,9275 - 1,9286 1,8120 - 1,8130 1,1905 - 1,6515 1,6505 - 1,6515 30,10 - 30,20 5,6375 - 5,6425 1,4635 - 1,4645 125,25 - 125,35	One month  1,08-1.05cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19cits 0,90-0,75cils 15,00-17,00cils 3,77-4,07oredis 0,51-0,82pfds 128-1,33cils	% 0.66 7.51 -1.81 -6.55 -6.37 -6.68 -6.68	Three anoths 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ds 2.74-2.79ds 47.00-51.00ds 11.25-11.85ds 2.45-2.47ds 365-380ds	% pa 6.84 7.43 -4.50 -6.50 -6.72 -1.75	
Aug 12  JKt	Day's syread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135 1,8355 - 1,959 1,6495 - 1,6595 30,10 - 30,30 5,6350 - 5,6700 1,4620 - 1,4720 125,20 - 1,25,15 93,60 - 94,00	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.6505 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.4375 - 5.4425 1.4635 - 1.4645 125.25 - 125.35	0re month  1,08-1,06cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19ceis 0,90-0,93c8s 15,00-17,00c8s 0,51-0,82c6ds 126-133c6s 80-83cds 80-83cds	% 0.666 7.51 -1.865 -6.37 -6.68 -12.69 -12.44	Three months 331-328pm 340-333pm 0.47-650ils 2.74-2.79dis 47.00-51.00dis 11.25-11.85dis 2.45-2.47dis 385-380dis 245-2.47dis	% 6.84 7.43 -1.63 -6.70 -6.50 -6.19 -0.72 -10.78	
Aug 12  JKt	Day's spread 1.920 - 1.9285 1.8950 - 1.8135 1.8955 - 1.6953 1.6955 - 1.6953 30.10 - 30.30 5.6356 - 5.6700 125.20 - 125.15 93.60 - 94.03 1106.50 - 1113.75	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6455 1.655 - 1.655 1.25.25 - 125.35 93.60 - 93.70 1109.00 - 1109.50	One month  1,08-1,06cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19cits 0,90-0,93cits 15,00-17-0,00dis 3,77-4,07ordis 0,51-0,82pfds 126-133cits 80-33cits 6,50-11-5(trails	% 0.666 7.51 -1.811 -6.65 -6.37 -6.34 -1.290 -1.190	Three anoths 3.1-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ds 2.74-2.79ds 47.00-51.00ds 11.25-11.85ds 2.45-2.47ds 365-380ds 325-33.50ds 31.50-33.50ds	% 94 7.43 -6.70 -6.50 -8.19 -6.72 -11.78 -11.77	
Aug 12  JKr	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,8050 - 1,8135 1,835 - 1,1959 1,6495 - 1,6495 30,10 - 30,30 5,6350 - 5,6700 1,4620 - 1,4720 125,20 - 1,925 93,60 - 94 00 19,700 - 5,7950	Close 1.9225 - 1.9225 1.9120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.6505 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6425 1.4645 - 1.4645 125.25 - 125.25 125.25 - 125.35 130.00 - 1109.00 1.109.00 - 1109.75	0re month  1.08-1.06cpm 1.15-1.12cpm 0.17-0.19cets 0.90-0.73cets 15.00-17.00cets 3.77-4.07oreds 0.81-0.82pfdts 126-133cets 80-83cets 10-50-11.50treets 3,48-3,78cets	5.66 7.51 -1.81 -6.65 -6.37 -6.53 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6.34 -6	Three anoths 3 31-3 28pm 3 40-3 33pm 0 47-4 504s 2 74-2 79ds 47 00-51 00ds 11 25-11 85ds 2 45-2 490ds 365-390ds 245-260ds 31.50-37 50ds	% P4 6.84 7.43 -1.65 -6.70 -6.70 -6.70 -6.77 -11.77 -11.77 -11.77	
Aug 12  JK:	Day's spread 1 9220 - 1 9225 1 9250 - 1 8135 1 1835 - 1 1955 1 1835 - 1 1955 1 5499 - 1 6979 30. 10 - 30. 30 5 5 3550 - 5 6700 1 25 20 - 125 15 9 3 60 - 94 00 1 108 50 - 1 113 75 9 7700 - 5 7790 9 7700 - 5 7795	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.8505 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6425 125.25 - 125.35 125.25 - 125.35 175.25 - 175.30 1109.00 - 1109.50 5 7725 - 5.777 2 4 9600 4 9860	One month  1,08-1,06cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19cds 0,90-0,93cds 15,00-17-0,00dls 3,77-4,77oredis 0,81-0,82efds 126-1,33cds 0,50-11,50freds 3,48-3,78creds 2,86-2,91cdfs	% 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Three anostis  3.1-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ds 2.74-2.79ds 47.00-51.00ds 11.25-11.85ds 245-247ds 245-247ds 245-240ds 31.50-33.50ds 10.65-11.15ds 8.85-8.864	% P4 5.84 7.43 -4.70 -6.50 -6.50 -11.75 -10.78 -7.18	
Aug 12  JKr	Day's spread 1,9220 - 1,9285 1,9050 - 1,8135 1,1835 - 1,1959 30,10 - 30,30 5,4350 - 5,6700 1,4620 - 1,4720 125,35 - 125,35 1,700 - 5,7930 4,9225 - 4,9830 4,9225 - 4,9830	Close 1.925 - 1.926 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 30.14 - 30.20 5.6375 - 5.6425 1.6435 - 1.645 125.25 - 125.75 109.00 - 1109.50 5.7725 - 5.7775 4 9600 - 4.9659	One month  1.08-1.05cpm 1.15-1.12cpm 0.17-0.19oits 15.00-17-0.0cits 15.00-17-0.0cits 0.51-0.82c/ds 125-135cds 0.50-135direds 2.88-2.93cds 2.88-2.93cds 3.48-3.78ccds 2.88-2.93cds	% 1 667 EL 677 E	Three anoths 3.1-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-4.50ds 2.74-2.79ds 47.00-51.00ds 11.25-11.85ds 2.45-2.47ds 385-380ds 31.50-33.50ds 31.50-33.50ds 10.65-11.15ds 8.85-8.95ds 12.15-12.60ds	% 6.84 7.43 -4.50 -4.50 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.07 -1.03	
Aug 12  JK:	Day's spread 1 9220 - 1 9285 1 9220 - 1 9135 1 19050 - 1 8135 1 1935 - 1 1955 1 6495 - 1,6495 30,10 - 30,30 5,4350 - 5,6700 125,20 - 125,55 9,360 - 94 00 1108 50 - 1113,75 9,760 - 5,790 1,790 - 5,790 5,1715 - 5,3500 127,40 - 127,90	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.8405 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6377 - 5.6425 125.25 - 125.35 97.66 - 93.70 1109.00 - 1109.50 5.7723 - 5.7775 4.9600 - 4.9650 5.12200 - 5.3250	One month 1.08-1.05cpm 1.15-1.12cpm 0.17-0.19cbt 1.90-0.79cbt 1.50-17.00cbt 3.77-4.07crdt 3.77-4.07crdt 3.77-4.07crdt 3.65-32cbt 0.51-1.50trett 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt 0.79-1.50trett 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt 2.85-2.9cdt	% 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Three anostis  3.1-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ds 2.74-2.79ds 47.00-51.00ds 11.25-11.85ds 245-247ds 245-247ds 245-240ds 31.50-33.50ds 10.65-11.15ds 8.85-8.864	% P4 6.84 7.43 -4.70 -6.50 -6.50 -11.75 -10.78 -11.75 -7.18	
Aug 12  JKt	Day's spread 1 9220 - 1 9285 1 9220 - 1 9135 1 19050 - 1 8135 1 1935 - 1 1955 1 6495 - 1,6495 30,10 - 30,30 5,4350 - 5,6700 125,20 - 125,55 9,360 - 94 00 1108 50 - 1113,75 9,760 - 5,790 1,790 - 5,790 5,1715 - 5,3500 127,40 - 127,90	Close 1.9275 - 1.9285 1.8120 - 1.8130 1.1905 - 1.1915 1.8405 - 1.6515 30.10 - 30.20 5.6377 - 5.6425 125.25 - 125.35 97.66 - 93.70 1109.00 - 1109.50 5.7723 - 5.7775 4.9600 - 4.9650 5.12200 - 5.3250	One month 1,09-1,01cpm 1,15-1,12cpm 0,17-0,19cbt 0,19-0,72cbt 15,00-17,70cbt 15,00-17,70cbt 13,77-4,70rcdbt 13,61-3,25cbt 16,513-05b	% 656 7.51 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1-657 1	Three anoths 3.31-3.28pm 3.40-3.33pm 0.47-0.50ls 47-0.50ls 47-0.51.00ds 31.25-11.86pt 345-3800b 345-3800b 345-3810b 345-3810b 345-3810b 345-3810b 31.50-33.50ds 31.50-33.50ds	% 6843 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407 -1407	

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			EXC	HAI	NGE	CR	oss	RAT	TE\$			
Aug.12	£	S	DM	Yes	F Fr.	S Fr.	N.FL	Lina	ធ	B Fr.	Pla	
Ē	1.	1 928	2.822	244.2	9.567	2,545	3.182	2139	2.297	58.15	180.3	Ţ
2	0 519 0.354	0.683	1464	127.7 87.24	4.962 1.390	1.320 0.902	1.650 1.128	1109 758 0	1.191 0.814	30.16 20.61	93.52 63.89	Q. Q.
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CS BFr.	0.435 1.720	0.839 3.316	1.229 4.853	107.2 423.4	4 165 16.45	1108 4377	1.385 5.472	931.2 3678	3.950	25.32 100	78.49 310.1	Q.
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٤	0 722	1391	2036	177.6	6.903	18%	2.296	1543	1657	41%	130.1	•

ose. am-	Estimated volume total, Calls 2191 Pels 4261. Previous day's open let. Calls 55701 Pels 50297	Estimated Previous de
ncy	LIFFE EUROMARK OPTIONS HELm points of 199%	LIFFE, ITA
ved	Strike Calls-attituents Pots-attituents	Strike
Ital- ill-	8925 0.93 1.06 0 0.01   8950 0.66 0.84 B 0.02	Price 9200 9250
58.0	9000 0.20 0.41 0.02 0.09	9300 9350 9400 9450
pre-	9075 0 0.06 0.57 0.49 9075 0 0.06 0.57 0.49 9100 0 0.05 0.82 0.71	9450 9500 9550
was Aus-	Estimated volume total, Calls 5990 Pots 2425 Previous day's open int. Calls 1227 15 Pots 98074	Estimated Previous da
ank	LONDON (LIFFE)	
evel ncy	9% NOTIONAL BRITISH GILT *	CHICA
rom alia.	150,000 32mis of 100%   Close High Low Pres.   Seg 96-17 97-05 96-16 97-01   Det 96-25 97-11 96-25 97-19	\$269,600
the 7180	Seg 96-17 97-05 96-16 97-01 Det 96-25 97-11 96-25 97-10 Estimated volume 36079 (28528) Previous day's open Int. 78307 (75804)	Sep Dec Mar
ncy	US TREASURY BONES 8% * \$100,000 \$256 of 100%	Jos Sea
s of	Class High Law Pres	Dec Mar Jan
rest ncy	Sep 106-20 107-03 106-20 106-19 Dec 105-14 105-13 Estimated volume 1278 (1901)	Sep Dec
,	Previous day's open lat, 3175 (2905)	U.S. TREA Size point
_	6% NOTIONAL GENNAR GOVT, NOWO * DICES, 980 1000s of 100%  Close High Low Pres.	Sep Dec Mar
<del></del>	Sep 87.16 87.33 87.13 87.28 Dec 87.65 87.78 87.61 87.77	jan Mar jac
e -	Estimated volume 35376 (29915) Previous day's open lest, 113626 (112686)	BRETISH F
	6% NOTIONAL LONG TERM JAPANESE COVT. BOND Y100m 1000s of 100%	ls per £
	Ciose High Low Sep 105.24 105.51 105.18 Dec 104.75 104.84 104.69	Sep Dec Maar
	Estimated volume 1985 (1945) Traded exclusively on APT	
•	9% NOTIONAL ECU 9919 ECU 200,000 1080is ef 199%	SWISS FIR SFr 125,0
anges s: the	Close High Low Pres. Sep 97.10 97.34	Sep Dec Mar
alited	A Estimated volume () (II)	Mar
_	Previous day's open Int. 0 00	PHILADEL \$31,250 (c
D	12% HOTTOHAL ITALIAN GOVT. BONB (BTP) * LIBA 200:p 1002s of 100%  Close High Low Pres.	531,250 (c Surike
4. 1.1	Sep 93.84 94.30 93.75 94.24 Dec 94.21 94.37 94.30 94.66	Price 1.825 1.850
6.84 5.24	Estimated volume 21.495 (1.6482) Previous day's open int. 34504 (35495)	1.875
0.31 0.45 -1.13	THREE MONTH STERLING * £500,000 points of 100%	1.925 1.950 1.975
0.45 0.27 -4.12	Goze High Low Prev. Sep 29,65 89,73 89,63 89,71 Dec 89,73 89,81 89,70 89,79 Nar 90,06 90,13 90,04 90,12	Previous da Previous da
-3.46 -4.49		PARIS
4.12 4.49 0.27 0.16	Jun 9034 9039 9034 9039 Sep 90.56 90.62 90.55 90.68 Dec 90.62 90.65 90.68 Est. Vol. Clar. Res. aut shown 32007 (31053)	7 to 10 YE
0.37	Previous day's open last. 246700 (242566)	September
1.77 -0.75 Vootb	THREE MONTH EUROCOLLAR * Slat points of 199%	December March
	Close High Low Prev. Sep 96.60 96.62 96.60 96.61 Dec 96.35 96.37 96.34 96.35 Mar 96.31 96.31 96.30 96.31	Estimated of
\R	Pan AP'00 AP	September December
% 2	Est. Vol. (Inc., figs. not shows) 1144 (976) Previous day's open Int. 29630 (29835)	Marck June
6.84 7.43	THREE MONTH EUROMARK  DM 1:n points of 100%	CAC-40 FUT
1.63 6.70 6.50 8.19	Clase Hilliph Lone Prev. Sep. 90.18 90.21 90.17 90.21 Dec. 90.32 90.38 90.30 90.37	August September
0.76	Max 90.65 90.69 90.63 90.69	October Estimated v
1.89 0.78 1.72	Jun 90.95 91.00 90.94 90.99 Sup 91.18 91.21 91.17 91.22 Dec 91.36 91.42 91.36 91.41 Extinuated volume 38190 (17840)	ECU SONS
1.72 7.55 7.18 9.30	Previous day's open Int. 358873 (355287)	September December
7.30 0.53 6.61 5.23	THREE MONTH ECO ECU Impelats of 190% Close High Low Prev.	Estimated v
5.23 7.58	Sep 89.17 89.23 89.15 89.24 Oct 89.45 89.52 89.41 89.52	Strike
escy.	Mar 89.81 89.89 89.81 89.93 Jun 90.20 90.27 90.19 90.29 Estimated estimate 1391 1946a	103 104 105
_	Previous day's open int. 12295 (12226)	106 107
_	THREE MONTH FUND SWISS FRANC SFR Law points of 100% Cosy High Law Prev.	Open lot. Estimated vo
104	Sep 91.54 91.56 91.47 91.50 Dec 91.71 91.75 91.65 91.68	) All Yiek &
3% 44 95	Jim 92.27 92.32 92.25 92.28	
5-24-0-0-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1	Estimated volume 6331 (5547) Previous day's open lat. 49048 (48709)	
122	THREE MOOTH EUROLINA INT. RATE LIRA 1,000m points of 180%	Adam &
312	Close High Low Prev. Sea 85.11 85.42 85.11 85.40 Dec 85.74 85.95 85.70 85.94 Mar 86.30 86.42 86.25 86.40	Allied Tr AIB Band
3 يوا	Mar 86.30 86.42 86.25 86.40 Jan 86.63 86.62 86.62 86.71	● Heary An 8 & C Na

500 0.90 0.66 0.43 0.21 0.07 0.03 0.01 i volume total, Calls 1722 Pais 1671 lay's open let, Calls 39114 Pais 36637 JAPANESE YEK (BO) Y12-5m S per Y100 106-21 105-11 104-11 103-06 102-01 101-02 100-04 99-09 98-17 97-28 TAR 18% MITTERAL FRENCH BOND CHATEFI FUTURES Sett price 105.26 105.58 106.04 9.11 9.06 9.00 t Open Int. 137,749 53,115 9,802 BITTE PERCE FUTURES CHATEFI (Paris interlegis offered rate) 19,156 26,016 8,274 5,365 STURES (MATIF) Stack lades 1748.0 1762.5 1778.0 1739.0 1753.5 1769.0 volume N/A r Total Core interest 19.363 102.70 102.36 -0.28 • 102.56 -0.28 kane 5,339 † Total Open laterest 14,798 LONG-TERM FRENCH BOND GHATTE? 125 9,776 BASE LENDING RATES Credit Lyonais

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# 8 & C Merchant Bank Bank of Baneda Bank of Baneda Bank of Cyprus Bank of Ireland Bank of Neda Bank of Sextland nea Brothers Rocharghe Bank LM Royal Bik of Scetland Smith & Willman Secs. Standard Chartered TSB Owners RK United Bt of Kowalt Leity Trust Back Pk Western Trust Whiteaway Laidlare Yorkshire Back Members of British Merchant Banking & Securities Houses Association.

# **Money Market** Bank Accounts 5.47 7.50 8.425 638 871 Gr 638 871 Gr Tyndail & Co Ltd 29-33 Princes Victoria J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co Ltd 120 Chesoide Looks FCZV 605 071. Western Trust High Jute -- Yearly **JOTTER PAD CROSSWORD** No.7,924 Set by ALAUN

**MONEY MARKETS** 

# Affected by rumours

STERLING futures dipped yesterday afternoon as the pound slid against the D-Mark on the foreign exchanges and rumours swept financial markets that Mr Norman Lamont, the UK Chancellor, had

resigned. The September short sterling contract dipped 7 basis points to a low of 89.64 as the pound lost over 1/2 a pfennig on the foreign exchanges in the after-noon. UK officials said that the rumours of the Chancellor's resignation were totally unfounded,and this belped to stabilise the price. But sterling to recover

UK clearing bank base lending rate 10 per cent trom May 5, 1992

and closed down ¼ a pfennig from its previous close at DM2.8225. The September contract therefore closed down 5 basis points from its previous finish, at 69.65, and the December contract down was down 6 basis points at 89.74. Both prices assume that a cut in UK base rates is still a long

way off.
Trade in sterling cash was thin. The Bank of England forecast another small shortage of £350m and, once again, the market found this difficult to remove because

each discount house waited for the next one to offer bills to the Bank. The stickiness forced the overnight rate up to a peak of 11 per cent but later dropped back to close at 9% per cent. Most period rates closed unchanged. Three-month interbank again closed at 10% per cent on the offered side, and 1-year money closed at

After forecasting its shortage, the Bank did not operate in the morning. The forecast was later revised down to £300m. In the afternoon, the Bank purchased £10m in Band 1 bank bills at 9% per cent. It provided late assistance of around £215m.

The Bundesbank's decision to drain a large amount of liquidity from the the German money market added to the bearish sentiment. The Bundesbank withdrew DM2.4bn from the money market in this week's round of security repurchase agreements, and this kept call money rates pinned to the central bank's emergency Lombard rate of 9.75 per cent. Traders had expected the German central bank to replace the DM35.2bn expiring this week in repos or perhaps add DM1bn to DM2bn because of the tightness in the money market and upcoming tax deadlines. But this did not

FT LC	OND	10	I IN	ΓERE	AN	KF	IXIN	G
(11.00 a.m. Aug.12)	3 mor	dis US	dollari			6 manths	US Dellars	
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NEW YORK		_		Treast	ry Bil	ls and E	Bonds	
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Figure House Deposits		1 -	16	10.2	104	10%
Treasury Bills (Buy)	_ :		91	9:1	93	13,4
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Dollar CDs	-	I - I	3 25	l 325 i	3 30	3.45
SDR Linked Deg. Offer	Ξ	<b>!</b> -	64	6,3	64	6,6
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ECU Linked Dep. Offer .	' - '		10%	10%	104	104
ECU Linked Dep. Bld	- !	- 1	10-2	104	10{[	104
Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 91] per cent; three months 93; per cent; sia months 9, per cent; Bank Bills (sell), one-month 91] per cent; three months 91] per cent; Treasury Bills, Average tender rate of discount 9,6202 p. CEGD Fired Rate Starling Export Finance Make up day July 31, 1992. Agreed rates for period August 20, 1992 to Sentember 22, 1992. Screene it 11, 114 p. C. Scheme it 2, 1992 to July 31, 1992. Screene it 8 lit. 114 p. C. Scheme it 2, 1992 to July 31, 1992. Screene it 2, 1992 to July 31, 1992. Screene it 2, 1992 to July 31, 1						
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Financial Information Service on Japanese Corporate Issuers **MIKUNI'S** CREDIT RATINGS on about 5,100 bond issues and about 1,300 short-term notes Cost: US\$3,800 per year (US\$4,000 effective on and efter October 1, 1992) Ta Mituri & Co., Ltd. Da-Ichi Mori Bulding 12-4, Nishi-Shimbashi ?-chome Minsto-ku, Tokyo 105, Japan or Fax 03-5472-6835 Please send further information

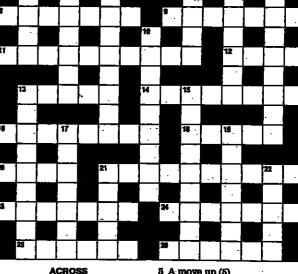
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	w



river (6)

4 Was chief of police in rank (6)

8 Even getting the accommodation number (7)

9 Boards with a member of the family (7)

1 The marmalada in the cen? 11 The marmalade in the can?

gangway (5) 20 Handed down to, didn't take

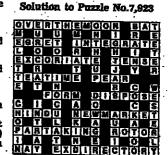
(4)
21 A cooler room (6,4)
23 Storm damaged? Bother! (7)
24 Echo so in the underground (7)
25 Cross with one this time (6)
26 Kept to the left after the bend

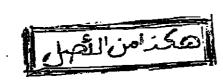
DOWN
1 She was indisposed to return (5)
2 What a celebrity gets for not tipping the maitre d'hotel? (7)
3 Wonders about how the moon comes up (9)

5 A move up (5) 6 Danced about with muleta: annoying to the bull 7 Discards the ice-cream to get something from the tea table (4.5) 10 Fitted neatly: tiles don't work

11 The marmalade in the can;
(3,7)
12 Stood the wine (4)
13 They draw from banks (5)
14 Fight after fight after fight to get close to the stage (5,3)
16 Remove the blindfold and I'll consider it (3,2,3)
18 There's land ahead. Get the gangway (5)

19 Fifted neathy: files don't work loose (7,2)
13 So long! (9)
15 "Man" I change to "men", rewriting quickly (2,1,6)
17 The day's play (7)
19 Support for a shoot, say, in the garden (7)
21 Home again with father (5)
22 Dressed, is rather old-looking (5)





			_
WORLD	STOCK	MARI	KETS

and the same		***************************************		_ <del></del>	RLD STO	CK MARKETS
L'age	September   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500   1.500	PRAIRCE (Continued: 37   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	CERRATY Josephanik  Assect 12	Native Park	SWEDEN (continued)  August 12	TORONTO
	Brisshark   August 12	Skis florasigno	ITALY	Start   B	Sandoz (Reg) 2, 850 -20 Schindler (Br) 3, 480 -20 Schindler (PigCos) 659 +1 Star Reg A 840 +1 Star Reg A 840 -1 Star Reg A 840 -1 Star Reg A 1, 20 -55 Swissalr (Br) 1, 220 -55 Swissalr (Br) 240 -1 Swiss Bank (Br) 240 -1 Swiss Bank (Br) 224 -4 Swiss Reters (Br) 2, 250 -30 Swis Bank (Br) 2, 24 -4 Swiss Reters (Br) 2, 250 -30 Swis Reters (Br) 2, 27 Swiss Reters (Br) 2, 27 Swiss Volistok 810 -5 Ulation Bank (Br) 703 -4 Winterthur (Br) 2, 910 -10 Winterthur (Br) 2, 910 -10 Winterthur (Pr) 527 -11 Zurich Ins (Ptg) 887 -5  SOUTH AFRICA August 12 Rand + er - ABSA 8, 50 Zurich Ins (Ptg) 887 -5  SOUTH AFRICA August 12 Rand + er - ABSA 8, 50 ARGIO Am Coal 90 Anglo Am Coal 194	200 Certances
<b>→</b>	JAPAN  August 12 Yea + et -  Allicomote 1,040 -40 Alchono Braite Iad 341 All Hoppa Airways 890 127 Alps Electric 765 15 Amada Co 864 -16 Amaga Cop 1,050 -40 Ando Constructios 990 -25 Auritus 680 -20 Ando Constructios 990 -25 Auritus 680 -20 Ando Corp 290 -35 Arabita Gil Ca Ltd 3,160 -140 Aschi Breveries 990 -5 Asabi Chemical 565 16 Asabi Glass 900 -10 Astac Cop 320 -29 Assali Optical 301 -10 Astac Cop 320 -29 Assali Nylom 480 43 Barry Pharm 750 -29 Bridgestone 1,070 Brother Ind 330 -10 Citols 349 -1 CSK 1,540 -10 Calpis Food 1,140 -20 Calpis Food 1,140 -20 Calpis Food 1,140 -20 Calsonic 295 -36 Canon 1,220 -20 Canon Sales 1,770 Casio Computer 873 -79 Central Finance 204 -6 Central Glasse 200 -10 Chiba Basek 830	August 12 Yen + ev -  Japan Steel Worts: 360 -12  Japan Steel Worts: 380 -12  Japan Steel Worts: 380 -25  Japan Spreader: 380 -25  Japan Spreader: 380 -25  Japan Spreader: 380 -25  Japan Spreader: 370 +7  Jujo Paper: 370 +5  Jusco	Anguet 12 Yen + sr -  Nintendo	August 12   Yen   + or -	Topograph   Topo	US Surpical 1,877,700 69% 41% losses Traded Symbol 1,821,500 30% + 1 80% Traded Symbol 1,556,700 14 + 14 870% Symbol 1,425,000 81% + 14 870% Symbol 1,445,700 2 Unchanged IBM 1,429,800 88½ + 12 Unchanged IBM 1,429,800 88½ - 1½ Unchanged Herr Highs AMR Corp 1,398,200 58½ - 1½ Wer Highs New Lows  CANADA TORONTO Aug Aug Aug Aug 12 11 10 7  Metals & Milnerals 2962,27 3000,32 3009,25 3021,60 3 Contropolite 3377,80 3404,70 3408,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3 300,80 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 3406,30 34
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TORONTO 4:00 pm prices August 12	31000 Corel Sys. 52n ¹ ₁ 19 y 2n ¹ ₂ +1 16200 CoocarDer: 55 y 55 y 51 -51 -51 22800 CrownX A 112 lde 112 y	3d0 Lument Bk   \$17 k   17 k   17 k   200 Lument Bk   \$17 k   17 k   57 k   -12   50400 Lument Bks   \$10   10   10   1300 Loolaw   \$17 k   17 k   17 k   +1 k	2900 SilgerCm A 503g 85g 85g -3g 13000 Scopte Rs 42 41 42 900 Scotts Hos 5145g 15 15 500 Scotts Hos 5145g 14 14 -4g
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265000 Athria En u\$15 14 2 14 6 + 9 5000 Athria En 15 13 4 13 13 4 + 4	153200 Digital Bor A Str. 194 1941 - 10	27-400 Mpi ti Fds \$15% d15% 15% - % 21 400 Marit TAT 821% 21 21	2700 SNC Group 59 9 9 16700 Senora Gld 16 15 15 -4
186300 Alcan Al \$23 22 4 22 4 -12 728900 Am Barr \$34 5 32 4 33 4 1 5	38900 Echo Bay le \$7 \ 2500 Echo (1d \$5 \ \ 2500 Ec	1700 Mark Res 490 490 490 20,500 Mos Han 8 515 lg 15 lg 15 lg Sett Metall Min 514 14 14	48300 Southern 5161, 161, 181, 4500 Spar Apro 5151, 151, 151, 51900 Stetco A 380 380 380
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11800 BGR A \$7% 7% 7% -% -% 71900 Bomb'derB \$16% 14% 14% 14%	12700 Four Season \$19 (8% 19 +) 5800 FrancoNey \$281, 211, 281, -1,	4200 Normales A \$61g 61g 61g 2000 Normaleur \$72g 72g 72g +1g	26000 Transcan P \$181 ₉ 18 181 ₄ +1 ₈ 2100 Trimac \$71 ₄ 71 ₂ 71 ₂ 25900 Trizec A 490 480 490
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11800 BC Tel \$2112 2114 2112 5500 Brussor \$1914 1912 1914 +14	65200 Gulf Cota R Ship hip his 300 GW Unis Ship ash shi + is	149-400 Minus Corp. \$85, 83, 81, 1540 Minus MSs. \$9 81, 81, 1600 Normal: Oil 460 480 490	7400 Viceroy Rs 480 475 475 30700 Wicelest E 518-b 16-k 16-b +-k
1500 Brunswick 58 4 9 4 8 4 + 14	600 HarrieSt A 66 k 615 614 300 Hawker Set \$24 k 24 k		2500 Weston Geo \$35% 35 35 -4 900 W/C B \$14% 14% 14% +4
31200 CAE Ind \$8 to 6 - to 36800 Cambor \$9% 84 8% - %	42400 Hees Init 517 % (21) 121, -14 51900 Hemio Gold 59% 41, 91, -14	43700 Ostani File \$22 21 \$ 22 +4 ₆ 501700 PWA Corp   292 275 292 +25	1 - No voting rights or restricted voting rights
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573900 Can Pac \$1714 1673 1673 -14 500 Can Tire \$19 19 19	21100 Imasco \$36 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 36 35 \ 36 35 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 36 \ 36 3	2336900 Poco Pel 420 400 400 82800 Power Corp u\$18 15% 18 +1a	57000 BombrolerB \$161 ₄ 147 ₆ 147 ₆ -1 ₄
178090 CanTire A \$16% d15%, 15%, -%, 48300 CanUsi A: \$21%, 21%, 21%, -%,	376100 Inco - \$33% 32% 32% - も 7600 for Corona \$5% - と と と	4200 Power Fin \$20% 20% 26% +1g 1400 Ouebecor A u\$14% 14% 14%	84600 Cambior 593 ₈ 83 ₄ 9 -3 ₄ 47900 Canimp Bt \$29 283 ₄ 283 ₆ -3 ₈ 8500 Canklarconi \$16 16 16 -3 ₈
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	Day's High 3349 74 (3356 50) Low 3304 89 (3304 35)		02.39 305.40 345.29 (15/1) 296.20 (12/6)
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Ames Mict. Value 386.46 388.08 388.41 390	13/80 (8/4) (3/8/92) (25/4/42) 113 418 99 374 04 418 99 29 31 (12/2) (26/6) (12/2/92) (9/12/72)	HONG KONG Kang Seed (31/7/64) 5879 19 5886 75 58 IRELAND	67 94 5850 93 6162_53 <u>(16/7)</u> 4301.78 (2/1)
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Base values of all hadices are 100 except NYSE A Toronto Composite and Metals = 1000. Toronto i	ndices based 1975 and Montreal Portiolio 4/1/	& Subject 10 official reçalculation. Base values of all indices are 100 except. Austria Traded.	°Calculated at 15 00 GMT. BEL20, KEX Gen., MIB Gen., Euro Too-100, ISEO Overall
83. † Excluding bonds.‡ Industrial, plus Utilities, Unavailable.	i material and Transportation (CTC10560 (B)	and DAX — 1,000, JSE Gold — 255 7, JSE 26 Industrials Closed, tul Umaesiliable.	– 264.3 and Australia All Ordinary and Mining – 500, (c)
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TOKYO - Most Active Stocks Wednesday 12 August 1992							
Okamoto Inds Melji Milk Mochida Pharm Nippon Steef Nomura Sec	Stocks Traded 8.5m 4.5m 3.9m 3.4m 2.1m	Closing Prices 810 740 2,220 249 1,200	on day -15 + 17 -40 -3	Hitachi	Stocks Traded 2.0m 1.7m 1,7m 1 6m 1 6m	Closing Prices 731 491 562 1,120 398	Change on day -1 + 5 -19 -50 -28

# OUR GUEST.













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FINANCIAL TIMES

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FINANCIAL TIMES

# Positive inflation data leave Dow in doldrums

#### Wali Street

MORE good news on inflation failed to stir US stock markets yesterday, which remained subdued by mid-August summer doldrums, writes Patrick Harverson in New York.

At the close the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 10.27 at 3,320.83, above its midafternoon low when the index had fallen almost 20 points on computer sell programs.

The more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 also ended slightly lower, down 1.12 at 417.78, while the Amex composite slipped 1.62 to 386.46 and the Nasdaq composite eased 0.75 to 570.85.

Turnover on the NYSE was 177m shares, and declines outpaced rises by 909 to 787.

The morning's inflation data was positive for market sentiment, but the 0.1 per cent increase in July producer prices was in line with analysts' expectations and therefore, had no significant impact on prices.

With calmer overseas markets, and little change in bond yields, equities lacked a lead from external influences, and with many market participants away for the summer break, range in light turnover.

feature for the third consecutive day. After a delayed opening due to an order imbalance on the buy side, shares in the defence and aerospace group rose another \$1% to \$41% as investors continued to react positively to last week's announcement of a major restructuring, and the subsequent brokers upgrades trig-

has risen almost 20 per cent. Federal Express dropped \$21/4 to \$411/4 in active trading after Morgan Stanley and Robinson Humphrey cut their first quarter earnings forecasts.

gered by the news. In the past

three days McDonnell's stock

Wells Fargo rose \$11/4 to \$69 1/2 on the news that Mr Warren Buffett, the billionaire investor, had increased his stake in the bank from 9.7 per cent to 10.75 per cent.

Safety-Kleen fell \$1% to \$26% on speculation that the Environmental Protection Agency, the government's pol-lution watchdog, would reject a call for tougher rules for used oil disposal. The company was expected to have benefited

from the new rules. In the same sector, Fluor Corporation climbed \$1% to \$39 1/4 after a subsidiary of the company received a contract from the Department of Energy to manage the clean-up of an Power, which closed at 10 1/2.

McDonnell Douglas was a uranium production plant in Ohio, which could be worth up to \$4bn.

On the Nasdaq market, Nordstrom rose \$1% to \$28% in heavy turnover after Lazard Freres, the investment bank, initiated coverage of the stock with a "buy" recommendation and forecast that 1993 earnings

would come in at \$1.65 a share. Parametic Technology jumped \$3 to \$42% in active trading after the data processing technology company won a contract worth at least \$10m to provide engineering software to Caterpillar, the world's largest manufacturer of earth-moving equipment.

TORONTO share prices posted sizable decline in active trading which was boosted by heavy first-day trading in the common shares and instalment receipts of Nova Scotia Power.

Based on preliminary figures, the 300 TSE index fell 26.92 points, or 0.79per cent, to close at 3,377.75. Declines led advances 292 to 243, volume of 38.2m shares was above the previous 28.8m, and trading value was C\$404m against C\$302.9m. Included in the volume were about 5m shares and 3.5m receipts of Nova Scotia

#### **ASIA PACIFIC**

# **Index-related buying fails** to stem Nikkei's decline

#### Tokyo

ACTIVE index-related buying by investment trusts failed to support share prices, and the Nikkei average registered another new 1992 low, unites

Emiko Terazono in Tokuo. The Nikkei fell 48.77 to 14,773.79, its fifth consecutive decline after fluctuations on margin positions, short selling, and index-related buying, hitting the day's high of 14,906.16 and low of 14,658.57 in the morning session.

Volume rose to 240m shares from 199m. Declines led advances by 739 to 167, with 84 unchanged. The Topix index of all first section stocks fell 12.78 to 1,114.02 and in London the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 1.28 to 928.91. A total of 659 issues, 53 per cent of the first section, fell

to new lows for the year. Most analysts see the fall continuing. "If share prices discount corporate earnings for the current fiscal year, the Nikkel could fall to 12,000 in the next three to six months." said Mr Craig Chudler at UBS

Phillips and Drew. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone, the market leader, fell Y7,000 to a new low of Y458,000

on selling by individuals.
In spite of the overall weaks, most banks were firm on index buying, with Industrial Bank of Japan up Y20 to Y1,740 and Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank gaining Y40 to Y1,330. However, Nippon Credit Bank, the long-term credit bank, lost Y100 to Y3,500 on continued

worries over its problem loans. High-technology blue chips vere mixed. Hitachi fell Y1 to Y731, in spite of small-lot buying by foreigners, and Matsushita Electric Industrial lost Y60 to Y1,120 on rumours of a

Figures in parentheses

Austrie (19),

Norway (23). Singapore (38)... South Africa (61)

New Zealand (14)

downward revision of its earnings. However, Sony advanced Y20 to Y3,780 and NEC gained

Investors took profits on highly-priced stocks which had rallied on prospects of firm earnings. Sega Enterprises, the video game maker, lost Y360 to Y7.590. Seven-Eleven Japan fell Y160 to Y5.100, and Secom, the security company, declined

Speculative theme stocks fell on another round of liquidamost active issue of the day, other Aids-related issues such as Mochida Pharmaceutical, down Y40 to Y2,220.

In Osaka, the OSE average lost 391.36 to 15.622.70 in volume of 22.5m shares.

#### Roundup

region seemed to have more serious immediate concerns than Tokyo.

Australia also had a depressing

Mr John Dawkins, said on not see the need for any furand that the government budget deficit would be "some-thing like" A\$14.5bn, the latter raising speculation about the Commonwealth Bank stake.

Y10 to Y750.

tion. Okamoto Industries, the fell Y15 to Y810 along with

FOR ONCE, the rest of the

AUSTRALIA weakened on a four and a half year low for the Australian dollar and uncer-tainty ahead of next week's federal budget. Speculation that the government might sell more shares in its 70 per cent owned Commonwealth Bank of

Turnover rose from A\$146m to A\$205m. The investment

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 12 1992

| Index | Inde

109.12 110.22 127.86 126.27 71.86 77.11 86.80 90.82 127.55 166.12 93.93 95.64 122.97 146.14 88.41 93.23 38.57 114.80 101.34 116.29 121.05 143.34

The World Index (2220)... 133.51 -0.4 102.67 107.78 101.63 116.69 -0.5 2.97 134.02 103.41 108.48 102.54 117.29 153.70 130.66 142.48

-2.8 102 22 107 30 +0.3 107 38 112.72 -3.7 107.37 112.70 -1.3 96.95 101.77 -0.3 177.37 186 19 +0.4 53.57 56 24 -0.1 189.23 93.69 -0.3 187.64 196.97 -0.4 118.30 124.18 +0.6 48.56 50 97 -0.5 67.15 70.48 -0.9 1057.94 1110.54 1 +0.5 123 92 130.08 -2.4 33.23 34.89 +0.3 18.20 124.10 -2.1 146.64 153.93 -3.8 151.48 159.01 -1.4 102.88 108.00 -1.4 139.13 148.05 -0.1 85.51 89.77 +0.1 135.31 142.02 -0.2 130.97 137.49 -0.1 110.24 115.72

115.72 135.61 76.00

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72.40 76.00 87.70 92.05 128.84 135.26 94.88 99.61 124.23 130.43 89.31 93.76 99.56 104.54 102.38 107.48 122.29 128.38

Y300 to Y6,000.

effect on the market. The All-Ordinaries index fell 16.9, or 1.1 per cent to 1,570.7 after the Australian treasurer. radio that the government did ther easing in monetary policy.

domestic dollar will rebound over the next week. Westpac Banking fell 12 cents to A\$2.98, or 2 cents below the price of its proposed rights issue. The diamond miner, Ashton Mining, fell 32 cents to A\$1.56 after bad news at De Beers; the central

"by no more than" 5 per cent. SINGAPORE dropped further on foreign blue chip selling, the Straits Times Industrial index chips closing another 26.68, or 1.9 per cent lower at 1.366.23.

Turnover rose from S\$94.2m to S\$142.3m. Keppel's near 20 per cent rise in interim group earnings left the shares 10 cents lower at \$\$5.65 while Sembawang Shipyard, Singapore Press Holdings foreign shares and SIA foreign each lost 50 cents to \$\$6.20. \$\$12.40

selling organisation said it will

reduce Ashton's diamond sales

and S\$16.20 respectively. HONG KONG lost early gains in afternoon profit-taking the Hang Seng index slipping 7.56 to 5879.19 as a flurry of rumours surfaced on the trading halt in 10 local compa-nies controlled by the Malaysian-Chinese tycoon Lee Ming

SEOUL hit a 56-month low, the composite index falling 9.79 to 492.66; NEW ZEALAND's NZSE-40 index fell 18.12 to 1.496.56 as Fletcher Challenge and Brierley slid again; and TAIWAN 's weighted index fell 56.67 to 3,901.61 as margin calls forced investors to sell shares. MANILA, however, rebounded smartly after Wednesday in improved trading, bolstered by the overnight US gain in Philippine Long Distance Telephone, the composite index rising 25.58 to 1471.25 and PLDT closing 30 pesos higher Manila

TUESDAY AUGUST 11 1992

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood

Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

# European tyre makers face a flat future

The sector may be heading for a period of underperformance writes Antonia Sharpe

C hares in European tyre companies could soon come off the boil if worsening conditions in the UK tyre replacement market spread to other markets, potentially endangering the sector's anticipated earnings recovery.

Shares in Kwik-Fit, the UK tyre and exhaust fitter, have more than halved to 98p since the start of June; brokers cut their 1992 earnings forecasts following news from the company that tyre replacement sales had fallen in May, June and July, even although it had maintained its market share. Analysts were also told that customers were opting for cheaper tyre brands.

The best performance since the start of the year has been produced by Michelin of France, which has the largest slice of the global tyre market. Its shares had outperformed the CAC-40 index by 74 per

cent by July 31. Continental of Germany had outpaced the DAX index by 23.4 per cent by the same date; and Pirelli Tyre NV, the Dutch tyre subsidiary of Pirelli SpA of Italy, had outperformed the

CBS General index by 37 per cent by June 3, although the gain was subsequently eroded to 28 per cent. The outperformance of Pirelli SpA against the Comit index fell, similarly, from 47 per cent on May 20 to

Mr Bob Barber at James Capel says that the rush to buy European tyre stocks was prompted by two separate price increases, the first last August and the second in April. "Profits in the tyre industry are rising because of the better pricing and some improvement in the US. but share prices are well up with events," he says.

He expresses concern, however that the recent news from Kwik Fit is not consistent with the news coming out of the tyre companies themselves. "Any doubt about the pace of earnings coming through will have an impact on the share price," he warns. Another worry is that the recent tyre price increases may not stick if worsening conditions in the tyre replacement market prompt increased competitive-

Michelin & 100 1992

There are two other reasons why the European tyre sector could be heading for a period of underperformance: the speculative fizz has evaporated, for the near future at least, following the a setback in Pirelli SpA's attempt to take over Continental; secondly, Michelin and Continental have made it known that they intend to have big rights issues, as and when their share prices permit. The failure of Pirelli SpA, for

at Continental's annual meeting in early July has left it with virtually no control over its investment. The Italian company has 5 per cent of its German target and options on a further 33.4 per cent. Furthermore, Continental's decision to pass the dividend on 1991 results means that Pirelli SpA will not be getting any return from its investment. Unless Pirelli finds the cash

it will be difficult to achieve control of Conti," says Mr Robert Willis at Hoare Govett. Even if the Italian company does succeed in finding enough money, it will be obliged to pay a big premium which, in his view, Continental's shares do not justify.

Mr Willis says there have been vague notions that Pirelli might sell its stake in Continental to its Japanese rivals both Yokohama Rubber and Toyo Tire already have links with the German company. But there is little evidence that this is about to happen.

Mr Barber agrees that the takeover prospects have dimmed for now, but he is confident that eventually, "some-

thing will be done". He notes that, for instance, Pirelli succeeded in blocking Continental's application to shareholders for permission to increase its nominal share capital, as a prelude to a rights issue.

Both Continental and Michelin need rights issues to strengthen their balance sheets. Pirelli SpA having tapped the market already earlier this year. Continental now has to consider other measure to raise funds such as listing its Contitech subsidiary on the German stock market. But Michelin has no obstructions, and analysts believe that it will have a relatively heavy 1-for-5 rights issue with the new shares priced

around FFr200. Michelin's primary need is to reduce its gearing which is currently running at about 260 per cent and a rights issue would cut that to around 150 per cent. Michelin also needs funds for its decision to introduce a new automated process which, it is claimed, could cut most production space to just 10 per cent of its present level.

# Conflicting opinions on equity investment

Day's Low 1036.46

the second time, to remove

shareholder voting restrictions

THERE was some danger. yesterday, of a two-way market in investment opinion, writes

Our Markets Staff. In Germany, there seemed serious concern that the 1,500 level on the BAX index would not prove an effective support level; but Mr David Roche, now global strategist at Morgan Stanley, said that current pessimism is now priced into markets: "My guess", he said in a report to be published this week, "Is that the next move in global equities will be upwards and that the current correction in world markets is no more

FRANKFURT slowed its decline, the DAX index closing 11.59 lower at 1,553.01 after a loss of 0.47 to 613.60 in the FAZ at midsession. Turnover fell

from DM6.1bn to DM5.1bn. Germans are now pessimistic about the economy, in spite of the expiry last month of the tax surcharge to finance German unity. Mr Matthias Welticke of Merck, Finck in Düsseldorf said that he was also worried about the continued slide in Tokyo, the vulnerability of Wall Street at its present results season and the analysts' earnings downgrades which could follow this.

The result was that where results brought out a buy recommendation, investors ignored it. Degussa fell DM1 to DM320 after a 15 per cent increase in interim profits for 1991-92, and a forecast of further gains in 1992-93.

PARIS saw dull trading with oil stocks lifted by activity in the futures market. The CAC-40 index lost 7.75 to 1,730.05 in low turnover of

Rumours that Iraqi troops had massed at the Iraq-Kuwait border, denied by a Kuwaiti

#### **SOUTH AFRICA**

JOHANNESBURG remained under pressure as De Beers fell B5.90 or 8.6 per cent to R62.60 following Tuesday's announce ment that it may cut its final dividend. The overall index fell 101 to 3,208 while industrials lost 110 to 4,049 and the

gold index shed 15 to 979.

124.78 153.68 106.69 186.70 108.34 152.27 109.71 142.12 178.21 273.94 58.70 89.80 121.55 168.75 88.42 129.89 242.91 259.55 170.72 173.71 52.16 80.86 71.04 140.95 230.87 250.47 4698.85 1789.77 121.36 167.29 43.31 48.52 120.67 192.95 144.57 229.80 165.98 263.80 96.69 161.72 145.24 200.28 91.42 113.88 135.67 200.07

146.89 172.74 130.29 140.27 255.36 98.84 133.62 108.69 169.98 154.25 73.18 128.93

213.16 1107.36 138.35 46.33 204.00 193.62

Elsewhere a negative note on	results on August 27. The
banks by one broker left Suez	truck maker is still suffering
and Paribas down FFr2.50 and	from poor UK sales, although it
FFT4.50 respectively to	has forecast a second half
FFr239.00 and FFr302.00.	profit.
Sanofi lost FFr8 to FFr987.	The CBS Tendency index
Mr Mark Tracey of Goldman	closed 0.8 lower at 112.2. KLM

ing products

FT-SE Eurotrack 100 - Aug 12

Open 10.30am 11 am 12 pm 1 pm 2 pm 3 pm close 1043.95 1042.33 1041.05 1040.33 1039.99 1037.81 1037.14 1037.76

Day's High 1044,18

official just as the market was

closing, was partly responsible

for a stronger oil sector. Elf

closed up FFr1.40 at FFr316.00

FF1225.70.

while Total put on FFr1.00 at

Sachs has downgraded his 1992

EPS forecast for the stock and

expects the pharmaceutical

Fl 17.20 ahead of interim

company to report disappoint-

ing US sales for one of its lead-

a historic low, down 30 cents to

AMSTERDAM saw Daf fall to

fell F11.10, or 3.6 per cent to FI 29.00 ahead of today's first quarter results. Some analysts compared with Fi 136m. MADRID's general index closed at its lowest level since

December 1987 with a fall of 3.81 to 205.76. Turnover was about Pta6.5bn With July CPI figures due for release today Mr Stephen Hughes of Nikko Europe is forecasting a month-on-month

increase of 1.1 per cent,

although some other analysts are more pessimistic. BRUSSELS lost 2 per cent to its lowest level of the year. The Bel-20 index shed 22.29 to 1,092.47 in turnover of BF11.14bn. Petrofina declined for the fourth consecutive day. losing BFr430 or 4.3 per cent to

Along with COPENHAGEN and OSLO, STOCKHOLM recorded another year's low with Ericsson B down SKr9 to

are estimating a net profit of SKr107 following a downgrade between Fl 90m to Fl 120m by a US analyst and Volvo B SKr9 lower at SKr311. The Affärsvärlden index shed 11.9 to 815.9 in turnover of SKr394m

James Capel in London rated Volvo a long-term buy yesterday although the broker revised its 1992 EPS forecast to SKr15 from SKr28 to reflect higher interest rates, the decline in the value of the dollar and the delayed economic recovery in the US and Europe. 🥠

VIENNA closed slightly higher in nervous trading. The ATX index put on 3.47 to 686.92. Leykam, the paper manufacturer, improved Sch17 to ISTANBUL rose for the third

consecutive day. The index advanced 49.49 to 4,062.00 in turnover estimated at TL251.8bn. Eregli, the steel maker, rose TL50 to TL3.950.

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